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FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

HARRISBURG.

Important Legislation!

PUBLIC PRINTING BILL!

Salary and Fee Bill!

PASSES BOTH HOUSES!

Important Alterations!

LAWYERS' AMENDMENTS!

Railroad and Coal Bill Killed!

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
HARRISBURG, March 23d, 1871.

SENATE.

Little business of importance transpired. Mr. OSTERHOUT endeavored to get the

LOCAL OPTION BILL,

out of the Committee, but failed.

Mr. RUTAN'S bill regulating

MARRIAGES,

was reported with an amendment excepting Philadelphia, as here marriage registry is already provided.

HOUSE.

RAILROAD AND COAL CORPORATIONS.

The bill authorizing the railroad and coal corporations in Wyoming, Wayne and Luzerne counties to lease or consolidate, created a long discussion, involving the interests of capital and labor.

OPPOSITION BY MINERS.

The friends of the miners are bitterly opposed to the bill as a movement of the corporations to crush laboring men.

The bill was killed by three majority.

SOUTH PITTSBURGH FIRE MATTERS.

Mr. HUMPHREYS introduced a bill authorizing the authorities of South Pittsburgh to issue ten thousand dollars' worth of bonds and levy taxes to put the borough on a fire footing. Passed.

THE PUBLIC PRINTING BILL

from the Senate passed without amendment.

Mr. ROBB reported from the Conference Committee on the Allegheny

SALARY AND FEE BILL,

and the report was unanimously adopted without debate. The report goes to the Governor for approval. The bill as finally settled upon is restated as follows:

PROVISIONS OF THE BILL.

It is the same as passed by the Senate, with the following exceptions:

In the first section the advance payments of fees are stricken out. The third section, advertising Sheriffs' sales, is stricken out, and the section adopted by the Lawyers' Association substituted, requiring advertising to be sworn to by the proprietors of newspapers, as done at the usual rates. The lawyers' fee bill is inserted as the fourteenth section. It goes into operation on the first of July next, when it will effect the officers elected last year.

NEW YORK.

General McClellan Resigns His Position—Medical College for Women—Canal Legislation—Fenian Investigation.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
NEW YORK, March 23, 1871.

NO CASH—NO LITTLE MAC.

General McClellan has resigned his position as Superintendent of the Stevens Battery, the $200,000 appropriated by the United States and Commodore Stevens for its completion, having been exhausted.

GETS PRAISED FOR HONESTY TOO SOON.

There is no truth in the report that James Fisk, Jr., and Receiver Tweed, in pursuance of an order issued from the United States District Court, have returned the safes, papers, etc., taken two years ago from the office of the Union Pacific Railroad Company. Immediately after Judge Nelson's decision transferring the case of Fisk vs. the Union Pacific Railroad to the United States Court, Mr. Field gave to Mr. Hammond, attorney for this road, the keys to the seized safes, and for the past two days he has been examining their contents, and this fact is the only foundation for the rumor.

FINANCIAL.

On Wall street yesterday there seemed to be a certain cautiousness apparent in operations throughout the day, as reports were circulated concerning the movements in the Treasury Department next month, and the amount of Government bonds likely to be exchanged for gold.

Cliques are, however, actively engaged in advancing some of the favorites which have been of late less prominent. In the upward movement these were the most notable: St. Paul's, which were run up from 1 to 2⅝ per cent.; Wabash is strong and higher; also Chicago and Northwestern met with large sales, and on the reports showing a large increase in the net earnings during the past nine months, the New York Central and Hudson, Rhode Island and Reading were firm. On moderate business the Ohio and Michigan is firm and the Lake Shore strong, while the Erie is weak and lower; the Union Pacific declined to 23¾, but subsequently reached 24, the depression being partially due to the renewal of the Fisk litigation.

FENIAN MEETING.

At the convention of the Fenian Brotherhood to-day, Anthony A. Griffin, former Chief Executive, presiding, on motion of Colonel J. O'Mahoney, First Head Centre, a special committee was appointed to investigate and report how much money has been received by the Fenian Brotherhood since its inception, how much is expended for the purpose of the Irish Revolutionary Brotherhood, what was the cost of collection, &c.

CANAL LEGISLATION.

NEW YORK, March 23.—The Commercial Union and commercial men of this State, have called a convention to be held in this city on Friday the 31st inst., to consider the necessary Canal Legislation.

The eighth annual commencement of the New York

MEDICAL COLLEGE FOR WOMEN

took place to-night. Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton presided. General Stewart L. Woodford made an address. The graduating class numbered six women, four of them married.

WEST INDIES.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PACIFIC MAIL LINE.

KINGSTON, January 23.—The Governor has extended the time of the trial of the Pacific Mail Line to a year, previous to making a permanent contract.

HAYTIEN NEWS.

HAVANNA, March 23.—Advices from Hayti to the 20th are at hand. The people were murmuring against the Government, owing to its refusal to disclose the result of the interview with the San Domingo Commissioners. It was reported that Cabral had routed the Baezists at La Pabran, and that Lupiron was marching with a large force toward Sevenete and Guayrubia.

SURRENDER OF INSURGENTS.

The insurgent General Nachado, with over sixty armed men, surrendered to the Spaniards. This leaves two small bands of insurgents in the Cienfugos District.

SALE OF CUBA AND PORTO RICO.

Long articles are published in the journals here protesting against the reported negotiations for the sale of Cuba and Porto Rico to the United States.

KEY WEST.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

The Tennessee.

KEY WEST, Fla., March 23.—The United States steamer Tennessee, on leaving the coal wharf to anchor in the stream for the night, was run aground by a harbor pilot, just as the order was given to let go the anchor. She ran on soft sand and was easily got off this morning without damage. She will be delayed by waiting for the tide till the middle of to-morrow, and will then sail with the Commission for New York *via* Charleston.

CANADA.

Removal of Duties.

[By Telegraph to the Pittubsrgh Gazette.]

OTTAWA, ONT., March 23.—The following resolution, offered by Blanchet, has been passed by the House of Commons: That the duty be removed from salt, peas, bran, barley, rice, oats, Indian corn, buckwheat, and all grain and Indian meal, oatmeal, and flour. After an exciting debate, Government was obliged to give way, and the resolution was carried by a vote of 102 to 28.

BOSTON.

A Voice from the Clouds—A Freezing Topic.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, March 23.—Professor Huntington, the Mount Washington meteorologist, lectured to-night, before the Mercantile Library Association, on the winter peculiarities of that mountain resort.

FORTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
WASHINGTON, March 23, 1871.

SENATE.

ANOTHER SOUTHERN DISORDER BILL.

Mr. POMEROY introduced a bill in reference to the suppression of disorders in the South, authorizing the President in certain cases to declare martial law in disorderly communities, and call out the militia. Referred.

Mr. SUMNER said the resolutions of the Senate, under the ruling of the Vice President, yesterday, were not excluded from consideration, and therefore asked leave to present a resolution, which he forwarded to Secretary Conkling. Objected to on the ground that resolutions were prohibited under the rule.

A SAN DOMINGO RESOLUTION.

A general discussion ensued on this point, during which Mr. Sumner proceeded to read the resolution he had offered. He said it was a resolution in regard to the employment of the navy of the United States on the coasts of San Domingo during the pending negotiations for acquisition of part of that island. The preamble was as follows: Whereas any negotiations by one nation with a people inferior in population and power, having in view the acquisition of territory, should be above all suspicion of influence from superior forces, and in testimony of this principle, Spain has boasted that the reincorporation of Dominica with her monarchy in 1861 was accomplished without the aid of a single Spanish ship on the coasts or Spanish soldier on the land, all of which appears in official documents; and whereas, the United States being a Republic, founded on the rights of man, cannot depart from such principle and such precedent without weakening the obligations of justice between nations and inflicting a blow upon republican institutions.

FURTHER OPPOSITION.

Mr. MORTON here addressed the Chair and denied the right of Mr. Sumner or any other Senator to get before the Senate a speech upon San Domingo in the form of a Senate resolution when there could be no reply. The Chair reiterated his opinion that the remarks of Mr. Sumner were quite as much in order as the rest of the debate.

Mr. SHERMAN called attention to the fact that the morning hour had expired, when the Chair stated that the pending subject would be provided for in the regular order.

MR. SHERMAN'S KU-KLUX BILL.

The business was Mr. Sherman's resolution, instructing the Judiciary Committee to report a bill to suppress Ku-Klux outrages, on which Mr. Scott was entitled to the floor.

SUMNER'S UNREAD RESOLUTIONS.

The remainder of the resolutions of the series submitted by Mr. Sumner, but not read, declare the employment of the navy of the United States, under the instructions of the President, for the coercion of the independence of Hayti by the presence in the ports of that republic of United States war vessels, and similar acts of hostility against a friendly nation, to be a usurpation of the war powers of the constitution; that these acts should be disavowed by the United States; that the existing belligerent intervention is inexcusable and should be abandoned.

MR. SCOTT ON SOUTHERN AFFAIRS.

Mr. SCOTT addressed the Senate for several hours upon the testimony reported in the North Carolina Ku-Klux investigation. He denied the statement of Mr. Maynard, that the Ku-Klux were composed of the lower class of people, and maintained that it was indisputable that many of its members were

MEN OF EDUCATION AND WEALTH

and social position. Its objects were identical with those of the Democratic party. The real question was not whether the reconstruction laws were a failure, but whether this Democratic conspiracy shall succeed. This

ORGANIZED CONSPIRACY,

as was said by one of the witnesses, went plumb through the South, and its design was to put all those States under Democratic control, and to remand them to their condition in 1861.

BLAIR PUTS IN HIS OAR.

In the course of his remarks Mr. Scott was asked by Mr. Blair whether disorders did not prevail in other States than Southern, whether men had not been hanged in Indiana, and whether, only recently, eight men were not hanged in Kansas by lawless bands, and the same state of affairs prevailed in Nevada.

Mr. SCOTT said this was true, but the object was not to overthrow the reconstruction laws; that lawlessness was not for a system or purpose.

Mr. STEVENSON—"That is the only redeeming thing about it."

Mr. BLAIR—"Congress is the original Ku-Klux."

Mr. SCOTT, that is just the language of the minority report. The Democratic party

COULD STOP THIS

at once if it only would. If the leaders of that party would come out and denounce it, Ku-Klux would speedily

HIDE ITS BLOODY HEAD.

Mr. SCOTT then denied that there was any truth in the statement of the Democratic side that much of the popular disaffection of North Carolina arose from a corrupt administration of finances, whereby the State debt was enormously increased, particularly in the issue of railroad bonds. He said although the most damaging charges had been made against Governor Holden, connected with the issue of the railroad bonds, not one of the

ARTICLES OF IMPEACHMENT

contained any allusion to it, but all referred to the proceedings in Alamance and Caswell counties, and it was proved that as many Democrats as Republicans stole, and that was why the Democrats were afraid to bring the matter before the Impeachment Court.

ANOTHER WHOPPER.

Mr. BLAIR said the principal Democrat implicated in the matter was now in prison, while the principal Republicans were protected from the requisition of the Governor of North Carolina by the carpet bag government of Florida.

THE REAL REASON OF IMPEACHMENT.

Mr. SCOTT further argued that the impeachment of Mr. Holden was solely due to his exertions to put down the Ku-Klux, and to his use of the military for that purpose.

INCONSISTENCY SHOWN UP.

Mr. MORTON, in reply to Mr. Stevenson, contrasted that Senator's denial of organized disturbances in Kentucky with the message of that gentleman to the Legislature as Governor of the State in January last.

A CONTROVERSY

here ensued between Messrs. Morton and Stevenson, as to whether the State or Federal government was responsible for the failure to punish the perpetrators of the assault upon the negro mail agent referred to in the previous debate.

Mr. STEVENSON remarked that if he could have found the offender and had the power, he would have hanged him.

Mr. MORTON "you would have hanged him against the law."

A VIRTUOUS PARTY!

Mr. STEVENSON—No. "The democratic party never hangs any body without law."

AN UNPALATABLE TRUTH.

Mr. MORTON replied that it had been shown that the democratic party had been hanging and shooting in North Carolina without law."

A BROAD DENIAL.

Mr. BAYARD—"The Senator shall not say in my presence that the Democratic party has any connection with offenses committed there. There is no truth in it, and I defy him or any member of the Senate to put his finger on any particle of testimony to warrant the assertion he has so unblushingly made."

Mr. MORTON said every Democrat was not a Ku-Klux, but every Ku-Klux in North Carolina, so far as the evidence shows, is a Democrat.

Mr. BAYARD—"Very well put in, 'so far as the evidence shows.'"

Mr. MORTON—"Why, sir, nobody doubts it, so far as I can understand."

A special message from the President was received, read and ordered to be laid on the table and printed.

At 5:40, after an executive session, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

AS TO ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. FARNSWORTH, rising to a question of privilege, offered a preamble and resolution, setting forth that the Senate has adopted a resolution declaring that the Senate will consider no other legislation but the deficiency appropriation bill, the concurrent resolution for the appointment of a Joint Committee to investigate affairs in the States lately in insurrection, and a resolution instructing the Committee on Judiciary to report a bill or bills that will enable the President and Courts to execute the laws in said States, and the report which may be made by the Judiciary on the subject, thereby refusing to consider any business which may originate in the House; therefore be it resolved, the Senate permitting, that when the House adjourn to-morrow, it will be until the first Monday of December next, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Mr. FARNSWORTH at the suggestion of Mr. Conger, modified his resolution so as to fix the time of adjournment on next Monday. The House refused to lay the resolution on the table. The question recurred on agreeing to the proposition.

Mr. DAWES called for a division, when the resolution was separately and first noted on, and agreed to yeas 112 nays 69. The preamble to the resolution was then agreed to.

REISSUE OF NATIONAL CURRENCY.

Mr. GARFIELD asked the House to come to some determination relative to the bill to provide for the reissue of National bank notes and for other purposes.

COST OF PRINTING.

Mr. HOLMAN offered an amendment which Mr. Garfield accepted; that the expenses of printing shall be paid by National Banking Associations, in proportion to their circulation, at such time and manner as the Secretary of Treasury shall prescribe, without reference to the tax now paid by the Banking Associations. The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. CAMPBELL moved that the bill be laid on the table.

INTERRUPTIONS.

Mr. SUMNER was about reading the accompanying resolutions at their entire length and had only finished the first resolution declaring that the United States naval forces should be withdrawn from the Dominican coast, when Mr. Conkling addressed the chair.

Mr. SUMNER continued to read without giving way to the interruption, but Mr. Conkling persisted in being heard and recognized by the chair (Anthony), and then inquired what had become of the question of order some time since submitted by himself.

Mr. SUMNER—"Let the Senator state it."

Mr. CONKLING—"I am going to do it, Mr. President, as soon as the voice of the Senator from Massachusetts does not fill the chamber to the exclusion of every other man."

He then submitted if upon the point he had raised, it was not in order to receive the resolutions.

Mr. SUMNER—"It was equally a violation of rule for the Senator to read it at length."

The chair replied that in the way the debate had proceeded, he would accord to the Senator from Massachusetts the same license allowed to others.

CONTINUATION OF THE RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. SUMNER then hastily resumed reading his resolutions, reciting that since the equality of all nations without regard to population, size or power, is an axiom of international law, as the equality of all men was an axiom of our Declaration of Independence. Nothing could be done to a small weak nation which would not be done to a large or powerful nation, or which we would not allow done to ourselves, and therefore any treatment of the Haytien Republic by our navy inconsistent with this principle, was an infraction of international law, and should be disavowed by the government of the United States.

BRIDGE OVER THE ARKANSAS.

The House passed the Senate bill authorizing the erection of a bridge over the Arkansas river at Little Rock.

AN HONORARY TITLE BY A FOREIGN POWER.

Mr. POLAND reported a joint resolution giving the consent of Congress to Prof. Jos. Henry to accept the title and regalia of Commander of the Order of St. Olaf, conferred on him by the King of Sweden in recognition of his scientific attainments and services.

Action on the bill was interrupted by the announcement of a

MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

of the United States, recommending such legislation as in the judgment of Congress shall effectually secure life, liberty and property, and the enforcement of the law in all parts of the United States. The message having been read, Mr. Shellabarger moved that it be referred to a select committee, to be appointed by the Speaker, and he demanded the previous question.

A long discussion followed.

WOOD SAYS THE DEMOCRATS ARE WILLING.

Mr. WOOD expressed his surprise that there should be any objection to a full investigation into the alleged outrages in Southern States. When it was alleged or implied there was any opposition from the Democratic side to full investigation, there was no foundation for the charge. The gentleman from Ohio (Mr. Garfield) had on a former occasion, read from the law to show that the President had power on the subject, and now attempted to make the country believe Democrats are opposed to investigation. They wanted to irritate the public for party purposes, instead of restoring the south to peaceful and harmonious relations. They knew the stimulant which brought their party into existence is subsiding and keeping Congress in session was to excite the people to the belief that some legislation was necessary.

BUTLER REHEARSES HIS LABORS.

Mr. BUTLER of Massachusets said some days ago he presented a bill to remedy the state of things in the South. He tried to get it before the House. He asked his friends on the other side to consider and fix their own time for the debate, so that having a debate they could consider whether there was a necessity for legislation. They insisted on not having a hearing of the bill. It would not do to say the bill was faulty. There was no reason why it should not be amended. The measure could have been discussed two weeks ago.

REFERENCE TO OLD TIMES.

Mr. NIBLACK reminded the gentleman that he should not call those on the Democratic side his friends.

Mr. BUTLER replied that the time was when they not only recognized him as their friend but their leader, and they had been

MAD EVER SINCE HE LEFT THEM.

Mr. MORGAN said the gentleman in the Charleston Convention voted fifty-one times for Jeff Davis as his party candidate for the Presidency.

EXPLANATORY.

Mr. BUTLER replied he voted for a representative man that the Democracy approved afterwards. The difference between them was, that the gentleman from Ohio would vote for Davis, and he, Butler, would not.

OF TWO EVILS, &C.

Mr. MORGAN said between Davis and Butler the country would justify him in making choice of the former.

Mr. BUTLER amid confusion asked the gentleman to repeat the remark.

No response being made, Mr. Butler said he would grant the gentleman the mercy of his silence, as he did not hear him.

PRESIDENT ASKED FOR INFORMATION.

Mr. LAMISON asked leave to offer a resolution; that if not incompatible with the public interests, the President send to Congress the facts and documents now in the Executive Department touching the question of public order in the States lately in rebellion, and reference to which was made in his message to-day.

DELAY CAUSES INCREASED TROUBLE.

Mr. KELLEY said the indisposition of Congress to legislate had increased the outrages.

PRESIDENTIAL POWER.

Mr. SHANKS said the House was divided as to whether the President had power to enforce the laws and protect the people of the South.

OUTRAGES ON THE INCREASE.

Mr. HOAR said it was not true that there had not been any change since the 4th of March. They had information by every mail and pulsation of telegraph that outrages were on the increase. It was idle for the gentleman from Illinois to assert that no new facts had occurred within the last three weeks.

Mr. PETERS said he had voted for adjournment, and had not given in his adherence to the so-called "Butler bill" but now they had a message from the President and had given it the respectful consideration which courtesy, usage and justice demanded. He could see no other course but to vote for a special committee.

WILLING TO TALK, BUT WON'T VOTE.

Mr. SHELLABARGER said by no action or vote of his should the previous question or any measure which might be reported, but the widest debate may be indulged in so far as his vote could contribute to that end.

Mr. BROOKS of New York, said after the pledge of the gentleman he would drive no measure through under the operation of the previous question. He promised there should be little or no opposition on the part of the Democrats to a Select Committee.

Mr. DAWES asked Mr. Shellabarger to withdraw his demand for previous question, and hold the floor.

Mr. SHELLABARGER withdrew his demand, and said he now proposed, by unanimous consent, a day to be fixed for debating the subject matter of the Message. He desired the time to be divided between the two parties equitably.

COMMITTEE FINALLY APPOINTED.

The motion of Mr. Shellabarger was then agreed to. The speaker announced as the special Committee, the following gentlemen: Messrs. Shellabarger of Ohio, Butler of Massachusetts, Schofield of Pennsylvania, Dawes of Massachusetts, Blair of Michigan, Thomas of North Carolina, Morgan of Ohio, Kerr of Indiana, and Whitehorne of Tennessee. House adjourned till Monday.

THE RIVERS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, March 23.—River twenty-four feet, six inches, and slowly falling. Seventy-seven feet six inches bridge space. Arrived—Major Anderson, for Wheeling. Departed—Dove No. 2, for Kentucky river; Ohio for Pomeroy. Business dull. Cloudy and cool.

MEMPHIS, March 23.—Clear and pleasant. The river fell two inches, business dull. Departed—Julia for Vicksburg; City of Chester for St. Louis; Glencoe, Grey, P. W. Strader and Mollie Ebert for Cincinnati; Batesville for White river. Arrived—Pat Cleborne from Arkansas River; Great Republic from St. Louis.

NEW ORLEANS, March 23.—Arrived Robert Mitchell from Cincinnati. Departed, Dexter for St. Louis.

VICKSBURG, March 23.—Down Bismarck, up Yeager, J. A. Wood, John Kilgore, last night the Colorado. Warm and clear, river rising slowly.

LOUISVILLE, March 23.—River about stationary; six feet ten inches in Indiana Chute, five feet ten inches on the rocks, eight feet ten inches in the Canal. Weather cold and windy. Mercury 40 degrees. Arrived—Nile, from St. Louis; Argosy and barges, H. S. Turner, Wauanita and Virginia, from New Orleans; Alice Dean and J. H. Groesbeck, from Cincinnati. Departed—Argosy and barges, and H. S. Turner, for Cincinnati; J. H. Groesbeck and Susie Silver, for New Orleans; Alice Dean, Memphis and Wauanita, for Pittsburgh; Hawkeye and three barges with oil, for St. Louis. Coal tows arrived—Bettie, Ella, Tom Reese, Little Veteran No. 2 and Tigress.

ST. LOUIS, March 23.—Arrived—Kellogg and barges, from New Orleans; Glasgow, from St. Joseph; Harry Johnson, from Keokuk; Belle Memphis, from Memphis; Beaver and barges, from Illinois River; Gen. Anderson, Mound City, St. John's, from Davenport. Departed—Harry Johnson, for Keokuk; Belle of St. Louis, for Memphis; Red Wing, for Lake Pepin; Mountaineer, for Kansas City. River still falling. Weather clear.

CAIRO, ILL., March 23.—Charleston, St. Louis to Vicksburg, at 9 P. M.; Henry Ames, New Orleans to St. Louis, at 10; City of Vicksburg, Vicksburg to St. Louis, at 8 A. M.; Tom Jasper, St. Louis to New Orleans, at 8; H. C. Wilson, to Pomeroy, and returned at 9; Sallie, Arkansas River to St. Louis, at 11; R. J. Lockwood, Shreveport to St. Louis, at noon; Alex. Mitchell, Pittsburg to St. Louis at 2 P. M.; Abeona, St. Louis to Cincinnati, at 2; Richmond, New Orleans to St. Louis, at 3; St. Joseph, Memphis to St. Louis, at 3; Grand Tower, St. Louis to Memphis, at 5. River fell twenty inches. Mercury 50°.

NASHVILLE, March 23.—River falling six feet and a half on Harpeth Shoals. Weather cool and cloudy. Arrived—Talisman from Cairo, Lawrence from Cincinnati.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS

—On Wednesday a man giving the name of John B. Thompson, obtained $6,500 from the Third National Bank in Baltimore by means of forged letters and checks.

—The children of Daniel Crowley at Maundville Wisconsin, were poisoned by eating wild parsnips on Monday. One died in a few hours, but the other is regarded as out of danger.

—The jewelry store of JohnsGordon, in New London, Conn., was robbed on Wednesday night of gold and silver watches and other goods to the amount of ten thousand dollars.

—The Viaduct Railway bill passed the New York Senate by a vote of 21 to 4; with an amendment authorizing the corporate authorities of New York, to subscribe to $5,000,000 of stock.

—Wm. Van Dover, the Ellenville, (New York) incendiary, who was arrested on Tuesday, has made a full confession, and implicates fifteen members of his hook and ladder company in firing many buildings in Ellenville during the past winter.

—The Desmoines Iowa *Register* is informed by several leading horticulturists in different portions of that State, that the fruit trees have passed through the winter in admirable order, and that there are now most flattering indications that the coming crops will be the largest in the history of the State. The only danger now lies in sudden cold weather.

—A special from Jacksonville gives the following facts about the reported failure of John Alexander, the Illinois cattle king. During eighteen hundred and seventy, Alexander's large losses in cattle speculations having cramped him for funds, he determined to sell his Broadlands farm, containing twenty-six thousand acres, and appointed agents to make the sale. Shortly after an offer was made of one hundred thousand dollars for Broadlands, by a Canadian named Hagle, who failed to come to time. In the meantime Mr. Alexander becoming more deeply embarrassed, and his creditors becoming impatient, he has appointed two leading citizens of Jacksonville and one of Menard county, to sell so much of his property as will pay his creditors. To this action he has the consent of his creditors. Two year's time is given by them.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

FROM EUROPE.

Latest from Paris!

GLOOMY STATE OF AFFAIRS!

Bloodshed Continues!

INSURGENTS UNCHECKED!

Von Bismarck Awake!

HE WILL HAVE ORDER!

Threatens Re-occupation!

THE CITY HELPLESS!

Ministerial Protests!

OTHER IDLE THREATS!

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

FRANCE AND GERMANY.

PARIS QUIET.

PARIS, March 22.—Affairs continue quiet in Paris. Several battalions of National Guards are encamped in the Place Vendome, to the foot of which traffic is allowed. There all carriages are stopped.

THE MILITARY POSITION.

The cannon of the National Guards threaten the Rue de la Paix and the Rue de Castiglione. Isolated groups along the boulevard ot Montmartre are discussing the present condition of affairs. The general opinion is that the new government is incapable of providing work for the people, and that the military and administrative functions of the government ought to be entrusted to energetic Republicans.

GOVERNMENT CIRCULAR.

VERSAILLES, March 22, via London, March 23.—A late circular from the Executive to Perfects of Departments, states that order is gradually being re-established in Paris. A significant demonstration, made by the well disposed citizens of Paris yesterday, has had a beneficial effect.

The Assembly has voted unanimously a dignified

PROCLAMATION

to the people, and the bonds of the Assembly and Executive are drawn closer together. The Mobiles have offered their services to assist the government against anarchy. The circular closes by declaring that all good citizens may feel assured for the future.

RETURN OF FRENCH OFFICERS.

All the principal officers of the Imperial army have returned to France from their imprisonment in Germany, and are without exception retiring from the military service.

FEAR OF THE PRUSSIANS COMING.

PARIS, March 22, 12:30 P. M.—At one o'clock this morning there was great excitement. The signals were fired from the rifles and cannons at Belleville and Montmartre. It was a false alarm that the Prussians were coming.

VIOLENCE DEPRECATED.

To-day the *Journal Official* publishes a proclamation in the name of the public and Garde Nationale, deprecating the acts of violence.

MANIFESTO BY THE DEPUTIES.

The Paris Deputies published a manifesto to the electors, of which the following is a synopsis: "On the 10th inst. the people of Paris insisted on the removal of the Assembly to to Paris, as that city only could possibly be the capital of France. It is necessary to avoid agitation while the invader camps on the soil of France. Because of their presence it is necessary for the Assembly to hasten the delivery of France and to serve the Republic." The proclamation is well received.

AN OUTBREAK IN PARIS.

A Paris special says: Last evening about seven o'clock an outbreak occurred in Place Vendome. The insurgents had been very much irritated by the proclamation that the National Assembly had issued, and had determined to resent it with violence. The temper of the general public, as they stood around discussing the situation, was sufficient to excite the anger of the Reds, for they were denounced on all hands, and their outrages are spoken of in bitter terms. One gentleman reproached the National Guard for their timidity and their cowardice and their apparent sympathy with the insurgents. The discussion grew very heated and the groups of people gathering together, all evidently ripe for mischief, became so alarming that an order was given to the National Guard to close the Place Vendome.

THE PEOPLE REFUSED TO LEAVE,

and the Guard fired, killing five persons and wounding many others. This firing was successful in clearing the Palace Vendome, and as many of the crowd were insurgents with chassepots in their hands, their indisposition to return the fire was regarded as very significant.

PARIS CALMER.

Paris has however become much calmer, and the absence of competent leaders with the insurgents, induces the citizens to believe that the rioters are not supported.

ANOTHER EMEUTE.

This evening a large number of unarmed persons reached Rue de Lafaix, the entrance to the palace Vendome, and appealed to the sentries to give way to their passage into the districts occupied by the insurgents. The National Guards' request was refused by the sentries. The demonstrators thereupon unfurled a color. The nationals threatened to bayonet the flag-bearer, and the crowd at once commenced to retire. Baron Nathan then seized the flag and exorted the crowd to advance against the illegal force occupying the place. The order was obeyed, when the Nationals occupying the place beat their drums and fired in the air. The crowd, retreating too slowly, the ranks of the Nationals filed out from the main body and fired. There was a

TERRIBLE SCENE

for five minutes, and the crowd broke into terror-stricken retreat. At least thirty persons were killed and wounded by the fire of the guards. Baron Nathan received two shots in the chest. The Nationals in the Place Vendome have since been reinforced, and are orderly. The National Guards have generally been called to arms and

FIGHTING IS APPREHENDED

to-night. The affair has created great consternation among the people of Paris. The Paris *Journal* says Count Von Bismarck has informed Thiers that the

GERMANS WILL OCCUPY PARIS ON SUNDAY,

unless by that time Thiers is master of the situation.

MAYOR REINSTATED.

The National Guards on Tuesday reinstated the Mayor of the sixth arrondissement, who had been expelled from office by the insurgents.

A PARIS QUARTIER DISARMED.

The insurgent Central Committee has decided to disarm the Nationals of the Quartier St. Germain.

UNSUCCESSFUL INSURGENT MOVEMENT.

During the night the insurgent Nationals endeavored to surprise the 11th battalion, occupying the Place de la Bourse, but were unsuccessful, many battalions of National Guards being armed for the preservation of order. An unarmed manifestation is advertised for Wednesday afternoon.

INSURRECTION SPREADING.

It is announced that the Nationals of Lyons only await the arrival of a delegation from Paris to form a central committee on the plan that is at present operating in Paris.

GARIBALDI COMMANDING.

Menotti Garibaldi, it is reported, now commands the Montmartre insurgents.

BISMARCK AFTER THE RIOTERS.

VERSAILLES, March 22.—In the National Assembly to-day an adverse report was made from the Committee on the bill providing for the election of a municipality. Jules Favre read a letter from Count Von Bismarck, who says: "Events in Paris do not indicate the execution of the Convention entered into with the German commander, which forbids any approach to the lines before the forts occupied by the Germans." Count Von Bismarck claims a restoration within twenty-four hours of the telegraph leading to Raintain, which was destroyed, or Paris will be treated as an enemy, and should there be any more proceedings in violation of the preliminaries for peace, the

FIRE OF THE FORTS

will be opened on the city. Favre stated to the Assembly that he had replied to Count Von Bismarck that the insurrection in Paris was a surprise to the Government, but would be repressed. If there was a delay in its suppression, it was because the Government was still hopeful of avoiding bloodshed. The Government had no means of repairing the telegraph, but would ask its reinstatement by the mayors of the arrondisements through which it passed.

BISMARCK PRODUCES A SENSATION.

LONDON, March 23.—The *Daily News'* special dispatch from Versailles says the letter of Count von Bismarck created a sensation in the Assembly, and Favre in his remarks thereon, hinted that if Paris holds out the Government will co-operate with the Germans. There is a report that Favre is endeavoring to oust Thiers from office.

BURIAL OF THE ASSASSINATED GENERALS.

The Chief Executive Generals Lecompte and Thomas were buried in a ditch. Rue de la Paix is a pool of blood and no man's life is safe in Paris.

MISCELLANEOUS PARAGRAPHS.

Several Paris newspapers have removed to Versailles. The Paris insurgents obtained from the Bank of France 6,000,000 francs against a deposit of a formal treasury bond. A requisition was made by them on Rothschild's, but was refused payment.

OTHER MOB VIOLENCE.

VERSAILLES, March 23.—It is reported that the mob in Paris have assassinated General Raphael.

THIERS' PROCLAMATION.

The proclamation to the people of France, approved by the assembly and issued by President Thiers yesterday, after reviewing the situation closes as follows: "France repudiates the movement—do not fear our weakness. We your sole representatives shall maintain our trust and make no compromise with the guilty."

LYONS QUIET.

All remains quiet at Lyons, but precautions have been taken against an outbreak. The Prefect of Lyons has issued a proclamation declaring his adherence to the Assembly. The proclamation is well received.

RETURN OF FRENCH PRISONERS.

By order of the Swiss Council, the soldiers of the French army, prisoners in Switzerland, who are provided with railway tickets or money for their return, are permitted to go to France.

AN APPEAL TO THE GERMANS.

The Government has requested the Germans not to bombard Paris, lest the innocent may suffer.

Gen. Cremier has been summoned to Versailles, but failing to appear, he will be tried for disobedience of orders.

A GLOOMY CITY.

10 P. M.—There has been no further bloodshed since six o'clock. The armed insurgents have been reinforced. The city is gloomy and the excitement intense. The Nationals, under orders of the Republican Committee, have occupied Fort Vincennes unopposed, the garrison fraternizing with them as soon as they appeared.

ORDER HOPED FOR.

The troops in the several arrondissements are organizing in the interest of order.

POLITICAL.

Deputy Cleinenean has incurred the hostility of the insurgents and been expelled from the office of Mayor. General Clussert has installed himself at the ministry of war. The insurgent official journal announces the nomination of Lullier as General of the Nationals. Col. Enders has been appointed delegate Minister of War, and Sanglier delegate Minister of Foreign Affairs.

GEN. CHANZY

is still held prisoner by the insurgents. The Bourse is deserted.

SOUTH AMERICA.

RIO JANEIRO, March 4, *via* LISBON, February 22.—

THE CABINET CRISIS

is still unsettled, Senor Paranbas being yet unable to form a Ministry.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, March 23, 4:30 P. M.—Consols 92 for money; 92⅛ on account. Bonds, 62's, 91¼; 65's, old, 91½; 67's, 90¾; 10-40s, 89; Erie, 18; Illinois, 110¾; Western 35; Tallow 44s 6d. Linseed oil 32s 10d@32s 15d. Increase of specie in the Bank of England £141,000.

LIVERPOOL, March 23.—Cotton steady; uplands 7½d; Orleans 7¾d; sales 14,000 bales on speculation, export 3,000. Corn, No 2 mixed 34s 6d. Beef 114s. Pork 80s.

THE CAPITAL.

The Joint Commission—No Practical Result—Another Fenian Claim for Damages—The Commissioners Out to Dinner Again—The Masons This Time—The President's Message on Southern Affairs.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
WASHINGTON, March 23, 1871.

THE JOINT COMMISSION.

The British Commissioners met yesterday at a quarter before eleven o'clock at the residence of Earl DeGrey, and remained in consultation until twelve o'clock, when they proceeded to the State Department, where the Joint High Commission was held. It lasted till after four o'clock. So far as the business of the Commission is concerned, nothing transpired to change the general impression that

NO PRACTICAL RESULT

was speedily anticipated. The Commissioners on both sides find that they have undertaken a most serious and complicated business, from which they do not now see how they can be conveniently extricated.

ANOTHER FENIAN CLAIMS DAMAGES.

Col. John Warren, a well-known Irish American citizen, was imprisoned in Great Britain on account of his alleged conspiracy with the Fenians. He had an interview with the President yesterday for the purpose of having his claim for damages, which was presented to the last Congress, brought before the Joint High Commission.

ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS.

From the conversation of Congressmen, it is probable that another resolution fixing the time of adjournment, will be passed by the House to-day.

NATURALIZATION TREATY.

The Senate, in executive session yesterday, confirmed the naturalization treaty made by Minister Motley with the British Government. By this treaty Great Britain acknowledges the right of her subjects to renounce their allegiance and become citizens of the United States, and reciprocal provisions are made for conferring naturalization upon Americans who may wish to become subjects of Great Britain.

A MASONIC BANQUET TO THE COMMISSIONERS.

Earl De Grey and Lord Tenterden have accepted an invitation to be present at the banquet given in their honor April 10th, by the Grand Lodges of Free and Accepted Masons of the District of Columbia.

NOMINATIONS.

The following nominations were sent to the Senate to-day: J. F. Huber, Appraiser of Merchandise, at Louisville Ky.; E. S. Chase, Postmaster, at Eau Claire, Wis.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

The President sent the following message to Congress this afternoon:

To the Senate and House of Representatives. A condition of affairs now exists in some states of the Union, rendering

LIFE AND PROPERTY INSECURE

and the carrying of the mails, and collection of the revenue dangerous. Proof that such a state of affairs exists in some localities, is now before the Senate. That the power to correct these evils is beyond the control of the State authorities I do not doubt, but that

THE POWER OF THE EXECUTIVE

of the United States, acting within the limits of the existing laws is sufficient, for the present emergency is not clear. Therefore I urgently recommend such legislation as in the judgment of Congress shall effectually

SECURE LIFE, LIBERTY AND PROPERTY

in all parts of the United States. It may be expedient to provide such a law as shall be passed in pursuance of this recommendation as shall expire at the next session of Congress. There is no other subject on which I would recommend legislation during the present session. [Signed] U. S. GRANT.

A MARRIAGE CEREMONY.

The marriage of Nettie, daughter of Chief Justice Chase, to Wm. Sprague Hoyt, took place this afternoon at St. John's Church, the ceremony being performed by Bishop McIlvaine. A large number were present, including many of official and social prominence, and afterwards a reception was given at the house of Senator Sprague.

Seven members of the South Carolina Legislature, all colored, have just arrived here on business connected with the recent disturbances in that State.

FORNEY CONFIRMED AS COLLECTOR.

The Senate this afternoon confirmed John W. Forney Collector of the port of Philadelphia and Orville Brown as Post-master at Mankato Tennessee. Richard Crowley was also confirmed as Attorney of the northern district of New York.

PROTEST OF SENATOR FENTON.

Senator Fenton entered his protest against the nomination, saying that he deemed it unfortunate to the party, and had so stated to the President before it was made.

OHIO.

Trade Beginning—Republican Judicial Convention—Municipal Nominations at Cincinnati—Visit of the Governor and State Officials to Cincinnati—They are Entertained by the City.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, March 23.—The schooner D. Ferguson cleared for Buffalo to-day with a cargo of corn. This is the first clearance of the season for that port.

The schooner Cleveland was chartered yesterday for corn to Oswego.

The Republican Judicial Convention at Clyde, Ohio, yesterday nominated Hon. J. Fitch, of this city, for the additional Judgeship in the Fourth Judicial District.

CINCINNATI, March 23.—S. S. Davis was nominated for Mayor by the Republican Convention to-day. Only fifteen votes were cast against him. W. F. Straub was re-nominated Police Judge. General Fred. W. Moore was nominated for City Solicitor; G. W. Armstrong, Treasurer; Colonel T. C. Campbell, Prosecuting Attorney, and Sidney Milnor, Wharfmaster.

The Clerk's office in Harrison county, Indiana, was entered by burglars on Tuesday night, and five thousand dollars taken from the safe.

Gov. Hayes, Gen. Sherwood, Secretary State, and J. H. Klippart of the State Board of Agriculture, and the members of both the Houses of the Ohio Legislature, with the officers of the latter body, and members of the press, numbering altogether about 250 persons reached here at one o'clock this afternoon. They are here as guests of the city by special invitation, and will remain until Saturday. On arriving they were escorted to two steamers, where a collation was partaken of. They were taken up and down the river along the city front, and on returning witnessed a display of the entire fire department on the public landing. They are provided for at the hotels to-night. To-morrow there will be a grand parade of the fire department, and a visit to Mill Creek Valley and the public institutions. The visit is understood to be principally a business one, having for its object the cultivation of a more thorough acquaintance with the legislative wants of the city.

In the case of Thomas N. Curran against the owners of the steamer Magnolia for twenty-five thousand dollars damages, from injuries received at the explosion of that vessel, the jury disagreed. The case occupied the attension of the Superior Court for two weeks.

J. N. McCulloch, Wm. Thaw and D. D. Gray of the Pennsylvania Central interest, are here to-day, looking generally after their affairs. To-morrow they go to Dayton. Part of the business it is understood is growing out of the application of the Springfield and Cincinnati railroad for the joint use of the former's track through that city.

—The rains, which had been much needed to insure abundant wheat crop, are now falling throughout central northern California.

ST. LOUIS.

Registration—Democratic Primaries—Murder—Arkansas Matters

ST. LOUIS, March 23.—The special registration for the April election closed last night about three thousand new names being added. The Democratic primary elections are progressing to-day.

Another murder has grown out of the assassination of Deputy United States Collector Jenkins, at New Madrid, some time ago. It appears that Thomas Gray and Edward Newton got into a dispute at New Madrid on Friday last, about the murder of Jenkins, in which several other persons participated. In the course of the dispute two shots were fired, and one of Gray's ears was punctured. About ten o'clock that night Gray was shot while standing on the porch of his house by some unknown person. Newton being suspected gave himself up. He denies having any connection with the assassination.

A dispatch from Little Rock, Arkansas, says: The impression prevails there that Senator Clayton will be a prominent candidate before the next National Republican Convention for Vice President.

It is stated by responsible parties in Little Rock that Lieutenant Governor Johnson received fifteen thousand dollars for resigning, and that Mr. White the former Secretary of State, got ten thousand dollars for giving up his office that Johnson might have it.

LITERATURE, MUSIC AND ART.

THE London *Register* has the following notice of a Boston gentleman: "James Jackson Jarves, who is to America what Taine is to France and Ruskin to England, is now living in Florence, and adding largely to that wonderful collection of old masters which he has been so many years in bringing together, and which forms one of the sights best worth seeing in all America."

THE London *Athenæum* says: "The *Sun*, after a flickering existence in latter years, ceased to appear on Saturday last. It was started in 1792, and Pitt occasionally showed his hand in its columns. The *Morning Post*, dating from 1772, and the *Times*, from 1778, and the *Public Ledger*, are now the only daily newspapers in London whose careers began before the current century."

GUISEPPE PARTINI, a young sculptor of Parma, carved with several years of labor a statue of Venus, and sent it to Florence, expecting it would make him fame and fortune. The work was severely criticised, and when he learned the fact he stabbed himself to the heart. The next day, as the story runs, his statue was praised by more competent critics, and sold for a handsome sum.

A VERY rare and beautiful medallion of Benjamin Franklin, struck in 1771, was lately presented to the Massachusetts Historical Society. It is believed to be one of the first ever made of clay in France. The face of the old philosopher on this medallion gives one the impression of a younger and more vigorous and active man than one gets from the ordinary portraits of Franklin.

M. THENARD, a member of the French Institute, who had retreated to his home on the Cote d'Or, was taken prisoner and sent to a fortress in Germany as a hostage. The President of the French Institute has protested against the arrest. M. Thenard is the son of the celebrated Professor of Chemistry, and belongs to the agricultural section. He is a landed gentleman of considerable property.

THE National Portrait Gallery in London has purchased Ary Scheffer's portrait of Charles Dickens painted in 1855. It is described as follows: the countenance is vigorous, with deep brown hair, a happy medium between the showy youth with exuberant locks as painted by Maclise and the rugged countenance with grizzly beard of his latest period. The face is seen in three quarters, looking over his left shoulder. The hands are joined on the opposite side.

SCRIBNER, WELFORD & CO. have just received an altogether unique copy of "Doran's Annals of the English Stage," which has been gotten up in London to the special order of one of the most eminent citizens of New York. It is the two volume octavo edition extended to six volumes quarto by the insertion of nearly 800 portraits, illustrations, autographs, etc., etc. The copy is full of interest to every student of the drama or history of the stage.

PRINCE HERMANN of Puckler-Muskau, the well known author and traveller, died on February 4th, in his castle of Branitz, aged 85. His celebrity dates from his book, "Briefe eines Verstorbenen," which made a great sensation forty years ago. Under the name of "Semilasso" he describes his travels in Asia and Africa, and appears in the satirical part of Immermann's classical romance, *Munchhausen*. In his character of aristocratic *blasé* he was also severely handled by Heine and by Borne.

UP to the end of 1870 there had been published in Germany 200 pamphlets on matters connected with the war; 350 historical essays or dissertations; 175 war charts and campaign plans; 360 speeches and sermons on the war, and 150 collections of battle songs and poems; while the caricatures and satires issued in this connection are innumerable. Otto Muhlbrecht, a book seller of Vienna, has made the most complete collection of these now extant. His gathering also includes the ill-timed comicalities of France and Belgium in this direction, which are now much sought after—especially by the English.

HARNISCH, of Rome, writes Miss Brewster to the Philadelphia *Bulletin*, has just modelled a most original group of Marguerite in Faust, with a little Mephistopheles Cupid singing to his lute. The distaff has fallen, and the poor fated girl holds the spindle, unconscious of the snapped thread. The baby Mephistopheles is a charming creation. Mr. Chas. T. How, of Boston, was so struck with the little demon that he has given Harnisch to-day an order for it. It is to be detached from the group and placed against a stump of a tree, with toadstools and all the accessories of such an imp. The *pose*, as well as the expression of the little demon, is bewitchingly fascinating; he is perfectly diabolical, from the tip of his turned-up toes to the flame like lock of hair. Rollicking, wicked fun sparkles from every part of the figure. It is a success.

BROWNSVILLE, PA.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
BROWNSVILLE, March 21, 1870.

Time is moving on, and so are events at Brownsville—the latter at a slow pace. The winter has passed, but nothing of special importance has occurred here. A few packets have been built and sent away. Several others are approaching completion. Several railroad meetings have been held, but the interest is quite moderate. The churches, schools and temperance societies, have accomplished a pretty good winter's work. The recent M. E. Conference has caused the Brownsville and New Brighton churches of that denomination to change pastors. There cannot be much loss or gain in the matter, as they are both good men.

Several families of our just out-of town neighbors, have removed to Kansas within the last few weeks, and others talk of going as soon as they can get ready.

There has been an unusual number of deaths here this spring, thus far. A variety of diseases. No epidemic. Mostly adults. Some of our best citizens have been taken. Last Sabbath afternoon was quite occupied by funerals. One was buried by the Masons, and one by the I. O. of Good Templars. The attendance was large. It was the first Good Templar funeral in Brownsville, and created quite an interest among the citizens.

C.

The Large Cotton Crop in the South.

From the New Orleans Times, March 8.

The cotton receipts of this port are already over 1,000,000 bales, and the cry is, still they come. Every boat comes into port loaded down to the guards, and almost hidden from view by the enormous piles of bales. Monday morning there were 60,000 bales on the levee, which had been brought in between Friday night and Monday. On Sunday 12,000 bales were on board the steamboats nearly the whole day, waiting for space on the levee to deposit them. And from all quarters of the Southwest come reports of large quantities awaiting shipment. With all, too, there remain thousands of acres unpicked, whitening the fields for miles; there is not the labor to pick them, nor would it pay at present rates. The price of cotton now is reduced to the rates before the war, and with nearly as large a product. The wonder is how this was all done with free labor, and the absence of the negro women from the fields, and in refutation of the prophecies and calculations of the most sagacious and far-seeing. The remarkable favorableness of the season will account for a great deal, but not for all of this immense production. Much is due to the newly-awakened enterprise and energy of the Southern people. It is now shown what our people can do; they have, however, other qualities and virtues to practice and cultivate, to prevent the effect of over-production, to save the losses consequently upon suddenly reduced prices. Prominent among these are thrift and economy. The waste and carelessness on our plantations is lamentable. The engrossment of the planters in the production of this staple produces a neglect of those arts of saving and management, without which no industry can be made remunerative. It is not so much the large crops as the high costs at which they are produced that makes the cotton product this year so little remunerative.

BURNS wrote that "Willie brewed a peck of malt, and Bob and Allen came to see it." If it had been Pier, Dannel & Co.'s cream ale, we suppose that cock would still be crowing.

CORNS AND WARTS CURED, by Corn Solvent Pencil, at Keyser's, 167 Liberty street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
Peoples National Bank of Pittsburgh,
In the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business,
MARCH 18, 1871

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$1,001,875 29
Overdrafts	1,797 76
U. S. Bonds to secure Circulation	900,000 00
Other Stocks, Bonds & Mortgages	5,572 48
Due from Redeeming & Reserve Agents	256,825 63
Due from other National Banks	14,794 33
Due from other Banks & Bankers	5,187 84
Banking House	93,514 54
Furniture and Fixtures	3,091 48
Current Expenses	2,288 09
Taxes Paid	5,624 70
Premiums	13,227 46
Cash Items (including Stamps)	1,889 22
Exchanges for Clearing House	41,947 02
Bills of other National Banks	1,336 00
Fractional Currency (including Nickels)	563 80
Legal Tender Notes	147,970 00
Three per cent. Certificates	15,000 00
	$2,512,505 64

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$1,000,000 00
Surplus Fund	78,000 00
Discount and Exchange	17,679 99
National Bank Circulation Outstanding	800,000 00
Dividends Unpaid	1,340 00
Individual Deposits	613,437 47
Due to National Banks	2,048 18
	$2,512,505 64

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, }
COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY, } SS:

I, F. M. Gordon, Cashier of the People's National Bank of Pittsburgh, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. F. M. GORDON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22d day of March 1871.

JOS. SNOWDEN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
SAMUEL REA,
GEORGE BLACK, } Directors.
GEORGE W. HAILMAN,
mh24:o62

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
Exchange National Bank
Of Pittsburgh, at close of busness,
MARCH 18, 1871.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$2,406,896 56
U. S. Bonds to secure Circulation		927,000 00
Due from Redeeming & Reserve Agent		166,119 49
Due from other National Banks		30,881 18
Due from other Banks & Bankers		10,804 11
Banking House		56,500 00
Current Expenses	$10,114 00	
Taxes Paid	15,027 84	25,141 84
Cash Items		7,903 85
Exchange for Clearing House		52,350 15
Bills of other National Banks		6,790 00
Fractional Currency		8,924 00
Coin	$11,052 00	
Gold Treasury Notes	12,000 00	23,052 00
Legal Tender Notes		195,282 00
		$3,917,654 18

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in		$1,700,000 00
Surplus Fund		340,000 00
Discount	$62,555 33	
Exchange	3,398 87	
Interest	17,688 64	
Profit and Loss	49,906 38	133,549 22
National Bank Circulation outstanding		800,000 00
State Bank Circulation outstanding		7,093 00
Dividends unpaid		4,425 50
Individual Deposits		850,241 09
Due to National Banks		82,293 45
Due to other Banks and Bankers		51 92
		$3,917,654 18

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, }
COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY, } SS:

I, Andrew Long, Cashier of the Exchange National Bank of Pittsburgh, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

A. LONG, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn before me this 21st day of March, 1871.

WM. F. ROBB, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
J. H. SHOENBERGER,
B. BAKEWELL, JR., } Directors.
ALEX. CHAMBERS,
mh24:o63

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
Second National Bank of Allegheny,
At the close of business,
MARCH 18, 1871.

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	$394,296 20
Overdrafts	870 23
U. S. Bonds to secure Circulation	155,000 00
Due from Redeeming and Reserve agents	64,113 64
Due from Banks and Bankers	3,408 20
Real Estate	30,000 00
Current Expenses	1,771 69
Taxes Paid	1,203 83
Cash Items	1,145 84
Bills of other National Banks	969 00
Fractional Currency	141 20
Specie	2,000 00
Legal Tender Notes	38,384 00
	$693,303 83

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$150,000 00
Circulation Outstanding	135,000 00
Surplus Fund	30,000 00
Profits	17,849 78
Dividends unpaid	1,074 00
Individual Deposits	359,380 65
	$693,303 83

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, }
COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY, } SS:

I, J. N. Davidson, Cashier of the Second National Bank of Allegheny, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. N. DAVIDSON, Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 23d day of March, 1871.

H. E. DAVIS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
JAMES LOCKHART,
JOHN BROWN, Jr., } Directors.
L. McINTOSH.
mh24:o64

SPRING
IMPORTATIONS
HENRY G. HALE,
Merchant Tailor,
Is Now Receiving His
SPRING
AND
Summer Stock of Goods
FOR MEN'S WEAR.
Cor. Penn and Sixth Streets.

HILL & ADAMS'
Sewer Pipe Co.

Manufacture highly vitrified Stone Pipe for Sewer and Water purposes, both ring and socket from 1 to 24 inch calibre. Contractors and Plumbers supplied at lowest prices. Also, Wholesale and Retail dealers in Hydraulic Cements, Chimney Tops, Flues, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Tile, &c.

Office and Warehouse,
Nos. 65 and 67 SANDUSKY STREET,
ALLEGHENY, PA.
C. G. McMILLEN, Agent.
Send for Free List. mh24:o65

NOTICE.—DISSOLUTION.—The Co-Partnership heretofore existing between W. W. McCLELLAND and GEO. F. McLEAN, under the name of McClelland & McLean, in the Lamp, Oils and Glassware business, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. W. W. McClelland having purchased the entire interest of Geo. F. McLean, W. W. McClelland is alone authorized to settle all debts due to and by the firm, and will continue the business at the same place, 230 Liberty street and 175 Wood street.

W. W. McCLELLAND.
GEO. F. McLEAN.

In retiring from the firm of McClelland and McLean, I cheerfully recommend to all my former patrons my successor, W. W. McClelland.

mh24:o68

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SEWER PIPE.

PATENT PIPE CHIMNEYS.

BROCKETT
& DUNN,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Drain and Sewer Pipe,
ALL SIZES. ALSO,
PATENT CEMENT
PIPE CHIMNEYS.
Descriptive Price List furnished on application.
Office and Manufactory,
240 Rebecca Street, Allegheny.

A FRESH SUPPLY OF PORTLAND CEMENT just received by steamship Ottawa from Liverpool. In Store and for sale by BROCKETT & DUNN, Importers of Cement and Manufacturers of Sewer Pipe, Chimney Pipe, Chimney Tops, &c.

300 BBLS. BEST ROSENDALE CEMENT. Just received and for sale by BROCKETT & DUNN.

PORTLAND, ROMAN, ROSENDALE, LOUISVILLE, PHŒNIX and JOHNSTOWN CEMENT. In store and for sale at the lowest rates by BROCKETT & DUNN, 240 Rebecca street, Allegheny.

HOUSE DRAINS AND SEWERS of all kinds laid at reasonable rates by BROCKETT & DUNN, Dealers in Hydraulic Cements, mh24 No. 240 Rebecca street, Allegheny.

HOUSE AND LOT
56 Montgomery Avenue,
AT AUCTION.

On MONDAY EVENING, March 27, at 7½ o'clock, at A. Leggate's Real Estate and Stock Exchange, 159 Federal street, Allegheny, will be sold the property, No. 56 Montgomery avenue. The lot is 20 by 77 feet. The house is a two story brick, containing 7 rooms and bath, water and gas. Being on the Park, and near to the Diamond and street cars, renders this a very desirable place for residence. The situation is good. Terms half cash, balance in 2 years.

A. LEGGATE,
mh24:o76 AUCTIONEER.

FOR SALE.
MAGNIFICENT
BUILDING SITES.
Lots! Lots! Lots!

The most attractive and desirable sites for homes within the city limits. Good neighborhood, good water, fuel convenient, easy of access, being located at Fort Herron, the terminus of the Central Passenger Railway. Terms easy. Inquire of

C. H. LOVE,
No. 58 FOURTH AVENUE, or to
R. G. HERRON,
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In both Ladies' and Gentlemens' sizes, in great variety and elegance of style and finish, and in the newly introduced flat shape, can be had of dealers generally throughout the country. The trade supplied by the principal Wholesale Houses of this city. Full descriptive circulars sent on application, by the manufacturers,

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PROCLAMATION.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, ss.

I, A. P. Callow, Mayor of the City of Allegheny, do issue this my proclamation, that on Saturday, the FIRST DAY OF APRIL, A.D. 1871, the freemen of the Fifth ward city of Allegheny, being qualified to vote for members of the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth, will meet at the PUBLIC SCHOOL HOUSE in said ward, and elect by ballot ONE PERSON to serve as a member of SELECT COUNCIL to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Alex. Patterson, Esq.

A. P. CALLOW,
mh28:o43 Mayor.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—On Monday Morning, between the Diamond, Allegheny City, and Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, a MEMORANDUM BOOK containing valuable papers. A suitable reward will be paid for its return to W. Murdock, No 24 Montgomery avenue, Allegheny. mh21:o75

LOST.—$5 REWARD—At the Allegheny Drove Yards yesterday, a small ACCOUNT BOOK, of no value to anyone except the owners. Can be left at 247 Federal Street, Allegheny, or GAZETTE Office.

mh21:tf S. MARKS & BRO.

FOUND—SMALL SUM OF MONEY. The owner can have it by calling at No. 12 Avery's Row, Cherry alley. mh21:o77

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE
IS THE BEST AND CHEAPEST
Commercial and Family Newspaper
PUBLISHED IN WESTERN PENNA.
No farmer, mechanic, or merchant should be without it.
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A copy is furnished gratuitously to the getter-up of a club of ten. Postmasters are requested to act as Agents. Address,
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PROPRIETORS.

ADVERTISEMENTS on this page under the several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, TO-LET, &c., will be inserted at transient rates only—TEN CENTS per line for each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than THIRTY CENTS.

WANTS.

WANTED.—Gentlemen Boarders at Young Men's Home, Duquesne Way, between Eighth and Ninth streets. Good accommodation at reasonable rates.

WANTED—A Good Man with a Family to take charge of a Cemetery. Inquire of JOHN GAITHER, No. 174 Webster avenue. mh24:o67

WANTED—BOARDERS—Persons wishing to procure Boarding a short distance in the country, can hear of a pleasant place and private family by inquiring at 24 Watson street, City. mh24:o66

WANTED.—On or before the 1st of of April, a PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER. None but first-class workmen need apply. Address Lock Box 411, City Postoffice. mh22:o83

WANTED—PUDDLERS.—Apply at Rolling Mill of PITTSBURGH BOLT COMPANY, Frankstown Station, P. & C. R. R. mh22:o86

WANTED—TWO GOOD FARM HANDS Enquire at Murdock's Seed store, 112 Smithfield street. mh21:o83

WANTED.—Ladies and Gentlemen to know that $1,000 is offered for any case of Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles that DEBINGS PILE REMEDY fails to cure. Sold by fe27:n39 R. E. SELLERS & CO., 45 Wood St.

WANTED.—Girls for the city and country, to do cooking, housework, &c.; several men and boys with reference want places. Apply at Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth street, (formerly St. Clair,) first door from Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED.—At the Western House of Refuge, one experienced Female Teacher, capable of teaching and leading in vocal music. Also, one experienced Housekeeper, capable of superintending the cooking department. Also, one Male Officer, competent to teach in the schools of the Refuge. Apply until the 25th inst. at the House of Refuge.
mh16:o41 R. N. AVERY, Superintendent.

WANTED—MORTGAGES. $30,000 to Loan in large or small amounts on property in Allegheny county at a fair rate of interest. CHARLES JEREMY, Real Estate Agent, 68 Grant street.

WANTED.—MORTGAGES. $35,500 to invest, in large or small amounts, on city or country property.
THOMAS S. PETTY,
no15 179 Smithfield street.

TO-LET.

TO-LET—DWELLING-HOUSE and STORE at the junction of Tank and Front Streets Beaver Falls, Beaver County, Pa. The situation is an excellent one for a drug store. Apply at William Harrison's Real Estate Agency, nearly opposite.
mh23:o42 SAMUEL KROESEN.

TO-LET.—A DESIRABLE FRAME HOUSE, No. 22 Linden street, Allegheny. Rent moderate. Enquire of C. C. BOYLE.
mh22:o88-MWF

TO-LET.—Second and Third Story Front Room, furnished. Enquire at No. 101 Elm street, Pittsburgh. mh21:o76

TO-LET.—House of Eight Rooms, with gas and half acre of ground, &c., at Wood Run Station. Inquire at 238 Sandusky street, Allegheny. mh21:o78

TO-LET OR FOR SALE.—Eleven Acres of Ground, with a good Cottage-house, 4 miles out on the P. R. R., within the city limits. Enquire of H. McSWIGGIN, 23 Wylie street. mh21:o84

TO-LET.—A Two Story Brick Dwelling, No. 21 Resaca street, Allegheny, containing 7 rooms, hall and good cellar, gas bath, Boston range, &c; large lot with stable in rear end of lot, about two hundred feet from Street Car Railway, and Parks. Enquire at Jacob Crooks, 49 Ann street, Allegheny. mh21:o82

TO-LET—HOUSE.—8 Rooms, Bath and Wash rooms; hot and cold water range. Ten minutes walk to Postoffice. Inquire of W. G. DUNSEATH, 56 Fifth avenue. mh7:n75 tf

TO-LET.—LIBERTY ST. WAREHOUSE.—No. 155 Liberty street, near St. Clair street, 100 feet deep to an alley. Enquire of JOHN WAY, JR., Sewickleyville, Pa. 1-14

TO-LET.—Fine RESIDENCE of 9 rooms at Edgeworth Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., with 12 acres improved Grounds. Enquire of STONER & PATTERSON, Attorneys, 71 Grant street, or GEO. K. FLOWER, Hazlewood. fe14:m76

TO-LET.—That very desirable residence, "River View," situate at Superior Station, Fort Wayne Road, and within five minutes walk of street cars. House new, 8 rooms and bath. Gas in every room. With one-half acre of ground beautifully laid out. For terms, inquire of C. W. Robb, 91 Diamond street, Pittsburgh. mh14:o17

TO-LET—TWO STORE ROOMS—As follows: No. 48 Ohio street, 2 doors from Diamond, (lately occupied as a drug store); No. 47 Ohio street (opposite), now occupied by a plumber and gas fitter, with or without dwelling. Possession April 1st. Rent low. Inquire of WM. CARSON, No. 46 Ohio street, Allegheny, Pa. mh18:o60

TO-LET—That fine Manufacturing Site, with buildings, now occupied by Postley, Nelson & Co., situated on the line of the Allegheny Valley Railroad, and extending back on Twenty-third street to Allegheny River three hundred feet. Possession given April 1st. For further information inquire of JAS. MARSHALL & CO., corner of Nineteenth and Railroad streets. mh18:o63

TO-LET.—Several well lighted ROOMS on Second and Third floors over No 23 Fifth avenue, have recently been fitted with New Oilings and Paper Hangings, are complete with stationary wash stands and other modern conveniences and are suitable for offices warerooms or workrooms.

Apply to Executors of W. M'Clintock, dec'd, at Carpet Store of OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,
ja25:m10-MTHF-tf 23 Fifth Avenue.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OFFER FOR RENT
OFFICES,
In Suits or Single Rooms, in their New Bank Building, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street. The Building will be fully completed and ready for occupancy on the first of April next.
de31:k46 J. D. SCULLY, Cash'er.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.
200 CITY LOTS
in 12th and 13th Wards, at from $350 to $600.
THOS. S. PETTY, 179 Smithfield st. mh7:n64

FOR SALE.—Dwelling House No. 134 Penn street. Inquire of WILLIAM J ANDERSON & CO., 150 Water street. fe28:n50

FOR SALE.—Thirteen good young HORSES, suitable for all kinds of work, and will be sold cheap. Apply at BERNARD GRAY'S STABLES, Drove Yards, Allegheny city. mh20:o72

FOR SALE.—Green Salt Hides.—1,000 Green Salt Hides, in store and for sale by J. HAMNETT & SON,
mh14:o28 357 Liberty street.

FOR SALE.—Saloon, in a desirable location and near Court House. Will be sold low to a good man. Inquire D. P. HATCH, 91 Grant street. mh14:n25

FOR SALE—TWO NEW HOUSES on Webster avenue, above Robert street, each having eight rooms, good cellars and French slated roofs, all finished in good style, with range in kitchens. Inquire of W. Wilton, 111 Robinson street, Allegheny. mh18:o65

FOR SALE.—Ten sacks Geese Feathers, by BRUGGEMAN & O'BRIEN, 299 Liberty street.

FOR SALE.—Fifty Barrels Sweet Cider, 50 barrels pure Cider Vinegar, 20 barrels Pickles in vinegar, by BRUGGEMAN & O'BRIEN, No. 299 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE.—Five casks Choice Sweitzer Cheese, 50 boxes York State Goshen, 100 boxes Ohio Dairy, by BRUGGEMAN & O'BRIEN, No. 299 Liberty street.

FOR SALE.—Dried Apples, Dried Peaches, Beans, Green Apples, Apple Butter, Clover and Timothy Seed, Brooms, &c., &c., by BRUGGEMAN & O'BRIEN, 299 Liberty street.

ARRIVING DAILY AND FOR SALE—Choice brands Fresh Butter, Eggs, Maple Syrup, Maple sugar, &c., by BRUGGEMAN & O'BRIEN, No. 299 Liberty street. mh17

FOR SALE OR TO-LET.—The Leaseholds, Buildings, Engines, Boiler, Shafting, Blacksmith Fires, &c., situated corner 28th and Railroad streets, lately occupied by the Pittsburgh Bolt Co. For particulars, enquire at the office of the Pittsburgh Bolt Co., 369 LIBERTY STREET, second floor. mh22:o87

FOR SALE.—A Fine Family or Carriage Horse; also a Physician's Rockaway in good condition. Enquire of Dr. M. R. TREVOR, 54 Anderson street, or at Charles & Peeble's Livery Stable, corner of Sandusky street and Church avenue, Allegheny.
ALLEGHENY, March 14th. mh14:o20

FOR SALE.—Several Second-hand Wagons, 1 Spring Cart, 1 Fairbank's Scale, White Sand, second-hand Barrels, Charcoal, White Lime Chimney Tops, Fire Brick, Tile, &c., by JOHN DYER, Mary's Court, one square west of Federal, off Lacock street, Allegheny City. Wagons for hire. mh10:n89

FOR SALE.—A Small FARM containing 16 acres in Robinson township, near Mansfield station, on the Panhandle Railroad, on which is a good frame house of five rooms; also stable carriage house, and other outbuildings. Also, House and Lot on Adams street, Allegheny city. For terms, &c., inquire of GEO. R. COCHRAN, Attorney-at-Law, No. 60 Grant St. mh8:n77

FOR SALE.—A beautifully located FARM of 312 acres, near Penn Station, Pa. Railroad; about 200 acres improved; plenty of timber; Three Dwellings, Barn, Orchard, and a good Steam Saw Mill. The whole tract is underlaid with coal. Will be sold low and on very easy terms. For further information apply at HILLERMAN'S REAL ESTATE OFFICE, 77 Fourth avenue. mh11:n89-tf

FOR SALE—LAND.—100 acres beautiful land, seventeen miles from Pittsburgh and only 3 miles from Railroad, with comfortable buildings well fenced and watered, and in first-class condition. Price, $6,500. $4,000 cash. A great bargain and MUST be sold before April 1st.

McCORMICK & WARWICK.
fe14:m77 Fifth and Wood street.

FOR SALE.—Engines and Boilers, new and second-hand, from 5 to 20 horse power, 1 portable 6 horse power. Also, Wilkinson's Patent Self-relieving Muley Saws, for sawing logs, will be sold cheap.

REISECK & BRO.,
Corner of Seventeenth and Pike Streets, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—

An elegant modern built house with about two and a quarter acres of land, carriage house, stable, &c., at Bellefield, near Oakland, Fourteenth ward.

For information call at
mh6:n56 63 FOURTH AVENUE.

FOR SALE.—On 44th street, Two Elegant Brick Dwellings of 8 rooms each, with modern improvements, inside and outside, perfectly complete; lots large; location very desirable. Price very reasonable and terms easy.

T. R. SILL & SON.

On BUTLER STREET—A very fine Brick Dwelling of 7 rooms, well furnished, gas and water, neighborhood excellent, lot 20x160. This property will repay the purchaser.

On 42d, 43d, 44th, 45th, 46th and 48th STREETS—Very fine Dwellings of brick and frame of various sizes and at various prices, all very desirable. Also, very beautiful lots, large and small.

Money, in large and small sums, to loan at reasonable rates.

T. R. SILL & SON,
fe13 Cor. Penn and Thirty-third streets.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

FRIDAY, MARCH 24, 1871.

HEADQUARTERS
REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE
Of Pennsylvania,
No. 1105 Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA, January 23, 1871.

In pursuance of the Resolution of the Republican State Central Committee, adopted at Altoona, August 16, 1870, a State Convention, composed of delegates from each Senatorial and Representative District in the number to which each district is entitled in the Legislature, will meet in the Hall of the House of Representatives, at Harrisburg, at 12 o'clock, noon, on the 17th DAY of MAY, A. D. 1871, to nominate candidates for Auditor General and Surveyor General, and to take action upon the question of Constitutional Reform, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it.

MAHLON H. DICKINSON,
Chairman Executive Committee of State Central Committee.
GEORGE W. HAMERSLY, M. S. QUAY, JAMES W. M. NEWLIN, Secretaries.
ja27

BONDS at Frankfort, 96½.

GOLD closed in New York on yesterday at 111¼.

IT is reported that the President received a dispatch from the San Domingo Commissioners, stating that they would land at Savannah yesterday, and proceed North by rail.

IT appears that Captain Peabody who was arrested some time since for maltreating some seamen on the voyage between Liverpool and New York has been fined in one hundred and fifty dollars. Rather a light punishment for the inhuman crime committed.

WHY would it not be a capital idea for the joint-high commission to add one more item to the work it has to accomplish, and, before rising, provide England and America with a satisfactory international copy-right law? Would the free traders be consistent and object to this, or just and advocate it?

WE cannot see why it is that the Democratic journals and Congressmen are opposed so bitterly to any investigation being made of the outrages in the South, if they are caused entirely by Republicans. If they believe what they say they should certainly lend all the aid in their power to have just punishment meted out to those who are guilty of such villainous deeds. Republicans court investigation. Democrats oppose it. What is the inference?

A WEEKLY ORGAN of the Tammany Democracy ridicules the idea of the doctrine of States Rights being a "a dead issue." It says it must come up for Democratic legislation. "It must inevitably come up. It has been coming up for five years, only to be stamped out by Radical selfishness and lack of true statesmanship." This is strong language and indicates very clearly the policy of the Democratic party, if Republicans should see fit to surrender the control of national affairs, and place it in its hands.

AT LENGTH the question of naturalization, which has been an open one involving much petty annoyance and trouble, has been settled between the United States and Great Britain according to the treaty negotiated by Minister Motley at the Court of St. James', and was yesterday ratified by the Senate. Under its provisions from henceforth the subject of Great Britain is fully privileged to renounce all allegiance to that Government and become a citizen of this country, while our American citizen is similarly privileged in Great Britain to renounce allegiance to our Government and become a citizen there.

CHARLESTON, the new capital of West Virginia, cometh up like a flower and bids fair to develop into one of the most prospering manufacturing cities of the land. It is populated with a people conspicuous for energy, enterprise and public spirit, who are determined their resources shall find an outlet into the outer world by means of railway, and hence they are among the foremost in the advocacy of the new road that is to bind them in closer communion with the people of our own industrial mart. We are interested in this muscular municipal corporation of West Virginia and hope its future may prove as bright as its present promises.

OWING to the devastation produced by the late war in France, and the prospect of a heavy taxation being imposed upon the people to defray the expenses incurred in carrying it on, it is said large numbers will likely leave that country and come to the United States. In order to attract the tide of emigration in this direction it has been proposed in New York to purchase a large tract of land and colonize it with French immigrants. It is proposed too, to give a loan to the colonists to enable them to make the necessary improvements on the land. Whether the movement will be carried into practical operation we cannot say. But the proposition is a laudable one no matter from whom it may have emanated.

THE KING OF SWEDEN has conferred the decoration of Commander of the Order of Saint Olaf on Professor Henry, of the Smithsonian Institute at Washington. As the Constitution of the United States declares that "no person holding an office of profit or trust under them, shall without the consent of Congress, accept of any present, emolument, office or title of any kind whatever, from any king, prince or foreign state," it is doubted whether the Professor can accept the honor without first obtaining the consent of Congress. The intentions of the King were no doubt good, and the bestowing of the "order" was intended as a compliment to science, but whether it can be accepted or not, is a matter of little consequence.

THE New York *Sun* urges the Democratic party to nominate Hon. Charles Sumner as their candidate at the next Presidential election, and gives the assurance that he "would carry all the New England States, all the Southern States, and nearly all the remaining States." It cannot conceive of any State that would vote against him. This is one of the hugest jokes of the season. But why should the Democracy not nominate him? They have at last had their eyes opened to see his great worth. They have been brought to acknowledge his superior statesmanship qualifications, and the purity and integrity of his political life. He was sent to the Senate "by the Democrats," why should they not take him out in this complimentary way? What will Mr. Sumner say to the proposition?

THE opinion expressed in the following clipping from the Bellefonte *Republican* prevails very generally among sound Repuablicans, throughout Pennsylvania and elsewhere.

WE print this day an excellent article from the *Christian Union* Edited by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, on the removal of Senator Sumner, from the committee on Foreign Relations. We know our readers will endorse every word of it. The only two papers in the State which feel disposed to get up an excitement on this question, are the Philadelphia *Inquirer* and Pittsburgh *Commercial*. We are of the opinion that the Republican party would fare better, if the Pittsburgh *Commercial* would go over entirely, (as it is now about half way) to the Democratic party. We are, and we know our people are, getting very tired of the *Commercial's* abuse of our best, purest and leading Republicans. We also know that the *Commercial*, is more sought after here by Democrats, than it is by Republicans.

BY a reference to our Harrisburg dispatches in this morning's issue it will be seen that the Fee Bill, as agreed to by the Committee of Conference, has passed both Houses of the Legislature and now awaits the Governor's signature. Without any egotism, we can justly claim its enactment as a triumph for us. Every obstacle was thrown in the way to prevent its passage. Some of the city papers confidently asserted that it would never pass, and others charged us with insincerity, and a lack of desire for its passage. It goes into operation next July and affects those officers who were elected last fall. It provides also that the proprietors of those papers authorized to print the Sheriff's sales shall make oath that they have charged no more than regular rates for the printing of such sales. For all of which we express our gratitude. Our motto has always been, "Reform in the party."

DISPATCHES received last evening announced that an outbreak had taken place in Paris. The cause alleged for it is the proclamation issued by the National Assembly, which the insurgents declare they will resist with armed force. The populace became so excited in the discussion of affairs that the National Guard received orders to close the Place Vendome where they had congregated. The people refused to disperse, whereupon the Guard opened fire, killing five and wounding many others. The insurgents showed no desire to return the fire, and as they are without skillful leaders, hopes are entertained that they will soon settle down into a state of quietude.

The scenes which have recently been enacted in the French capital, are not calculated to impress the people favorably with republican rule. The result of them may be in the long run, the recall of Napoleon to preside over the destinies of France. So far, the contrast between Imperialism and Republicanism in that country tells more favorably for the former. From 1852 down to this time the nation enjoyed peace. It must not be forgotten however, in making up our verdict in relation to France that the present troubles had, to some extent, their inception in Imperialism. Napoleon contributed much to promote the material prosperity of France, but it is to be feared that under his rule it became fearfully demoralized, and the effects of the demoralization are now seen in the violence of the insurgents. It would seem to us, that France needs statesmen now as much as she needed generals at the outbreak of the Franco-Prussian war. The man who can grasp the helm of the ship of State and bring her safely into the haven of peace and internal tranquility will be entitled to the lasting gratitude of the French people, and the admiration of the nations of the earth.

SHALL WE SURRENDER?

The Democracy have become desperate. Deprived of the control of the nation for ten years, they are determined to regain it at any cost. Unable to impress the people by argument that their policy is the best, they now have, through their Southern allies, recourse to blood. They spare not the life or property of any man—white or black—in most of the Southern States, if he is known to be a Republican. The mention of the name fills them with indignation, and heats their choler to the boiling point. We admit they do not owe much to it, but the country is indebted to it for its existence. Had it not been for the Republican party, the whole country would now be dragged at the chariot wheels of the haughty and tyrannical slaveholder, and the nation would be blackened with the foul stain, and cursed with the horrors and inhumanity of chattel slavery. It is not at all likely that we would now have a Republican form of government if the present dominant party had not stood up as a wall of fire and hurled back with giant arm the legions of the dealers in human blood. For any individual aid rendered by the Democracy in the life struggle of the nation we always give due credit. But as an organized party they were opposed to the war and the government that waged it to a successful and triumphant termination. At the very time the Union armies were crushing out the cursed thing, and proving that the "Southern Confederacy" was a mere shell, they declared in national council assembled that the war was a "failure."

The result has filled both wings of the Democracy—the Northern and Southern—with desperation. Their cherished institution of human bondage has been annihilated, and their judgment in regard to the constitutional and military power of the nation to subjugate States in rebellion condemned. With an insatiable thirst for power, and smarting under the stinging rebuke which the history of the last ten years has administered, they are now mustering all their forces and combining their strength to secure the spoils of domination, and wreak their vengeance on the party which prevented them from carrying their nefarious plot to destroy American liberty into execution. And to secure the end they are not scrupulous as to the means they employ. No deeds of violence are too great or too atrocious for them to perpetrate. They indulge in the grossest misrepresentation of the Administration. They misconstrue every act, motive and saying of the President; attribute to him words which he never uttered, and charge him with deeds he never committed. They wilfully wrest life and property from peaceable and loyal citizens, and then claim that their acts of spoliation and murder have been perpetrated in self-defence, or to resent the "insolence" of men whom they formerly whipped and lacerated with scourges, but who now, in accordance with constitutional provisions and the laws of the land, exercise the rights of enfranchised citizens. In the blindness of their zeal to regain the ascendancy, which a wise Providence wrested from them just in time to save the nation from dishonor and ruin, they are unable to perform the simple arithmetical operations of addition and substraction, and, in the face of the monthly publications of the Secretary of the Treasury to the contrary, declare that the national debt is being increased instead of being diminished.

These men have been accustomed to rule so long and tyrannize over both black and white, they are unwilling to accommodate themselves to the existiag state of things, and rather than remain out of power, they are prepared to plunge the country into another fratricidal war, to elevate themselves to the position, out of which they have resolved never to be at peace. But would the country, resting under the burden of a debt which they by their wickedness imposed, and with important questions yet to be adjusted, which seriously affect our weal or woe, be safe in the hands of men, who, when they speak out their minds, hesitate not to declare that their primary object is to undo all that has been done, and turn back the hands on the dial plate of the nation a whole century? We put this question to grumbling and disaffected Republicans. If every thing is not conducted exactly as you wish; if you have been disappointed in securing the places of trust and emolument you so earnestly, and perhaps unreasonably sought for, we would like to know if you expect a better state of things to exist under the rule of a party which cherishes immortal hate to the government, and declares the "lost cause" must be retrieved even at the expense of blood and treasure. Are the burdens which rest upon the country not heavy enough that you seek by disaffectedness to your party, and apathy to the government to impose heavier ones? Do you expect that you will secure office more easily under democratic than republican rule? Fearing that those querulous republicans who are clamoring for a new regime are not altogether un-selfish in their motives, leading journals in the democratic party have already commenced to utter a warning note against reposing confidence in "new converts," whose only object they aver is to secure positions which they have failed to obtain in their own organization. Do not lay the flattering unction to your souls that you have only to proclaim your treachery to republicanism to secure a place under the democracy. There was a much greater and more extensive opposition waged against the administration of President Lincoln in 1863 and 1864 than has, as yet, been shown against the administration of President Grant. It was as puny in itseffects however as a storm against the eternal rocks of Gibraltar. The Baltimore Convention demonstrated its powerlessness, and those who waged it became heartily ashamed of it. Can you point to any citizen of the United States who is better entitled, from past services and present efficiency, to the confidence of the people than General Grant? We know of none. If you do, let us hear from you. Do you wish to have the income tax repealed, so does he, although in their private assemblies the Democracy claim that its repeal would furnish them one of the strongest levers in the next presidential campaign to overthrow Republicanism, because they will claim if it is done, that it was for the purpose of relieving the rich and casting the burden on the poor. But the President cares for nothing as a mere party measure. He wishes to see justice done to all so far as may be possible, and is willing to let politics take care of itself. Do you ask for a reform in the civil service, or any other, the President is in favor of that? He is in favor of everything which will curtail the nation's expenditure, reduce taxation and promote the general welfare. Can you say as much for the Democracy? Tammany rules that party, are you willing that it shall rule you, and shape the destinies of the country you have given your sons to save?

Within the two years of Grant's administration the public debt has been reduced more than two hundred millions, our securities have appreciated in England to a par with British consols. The premium on gold has fallen to eleven per cent. The interest on the national debt has been reduced eleven millions, and taxes eighty millions more. Could you hope for as much, or the tithe of it, under Democratic rule? The probabilities are that if a Democratic President had been in the White House, the public debt would either have been repudiated or increased, the premium on gold would have run up to what it was in the darkest days of the rebellion, and the securities held by foreign capitalists would have been sent home.

Consider these things, the truthfulness of which you can verify for yourselves, and ask, shall the government of the country be surrendered into the hands of the Tammany, or any other Democracy? If you consider it would be unwise and disastrous to make such a surrender, then do not contribute by your perpetual fault-finding, unreasonable criticism, nor in any other way, to effect it. Let the cry of "No surrender" ring along the serried files of Republicanism until the inheritance bequeathed us by our fathers shall have been completely redeemed and regenerated. Do not mistake the cries about disruption sent up by the Democracy. They are the groans of a dying struggle. The Republican party is still strong enough to discomfit any opponent in a political contest. Let not its friends weaken its strength by chiming in with the cries of the Democracy, or showing apathy to the Federal Administation, by not heartily cooperating in every measure calculated to promote the nation's good.

"A TEMPEST IN A TEA POT."

The following communication is from the pen of the oldest congressman living, a gentleman whose opinion always commands the respect of those by whom he is known, whatever may be the political doctrines which they hold. He has been a life-long "tariff" man, and has ever manifested a most unselfish patriotism. The subject which he discusses in the following note is now a "deed issue," but out of respect for his gray hairs, and his distinguished service to the country we cheerfully give it a place in our columns.

EDITORS GAZETTE: The hostile relations between Sumner, the President and Secretary of State made his remov al indispensable. In justice to his country and his party he should have asked the Senate to excuse him from serving as Chairman of the committee of Foreign Relations, as the duties require constant communication with the Executive and State department, of the most delicate and confidential kind. Having declined to do this, it became the imperative duty of the Senate to make the change.

This may afford a pretext for some disappointed, and disaffected politicians to vent their spleen, but, as in the case of Secretary Cox and others, it will all blow over in a few days, there being nothing in it, What do the people care whether Sumner or somebody else is Chairman of the Committee of Foreign Relations? What the people want is that the President shall take care of the great interests of the country, pay off the debt, reduce the taxes and expenses of the Government, turn out rogues and put honest men in their places, dismiss supernumeraries, and then let the rogues and disappointed office-seekers howl as long and as loud as they please. Armed in honesty, the President disregards it. The people believe in Grant. They know he saved the country in war, and is making it great and prosperous in peace, and will renominate him by acclamation in spite of and because of the denunciations of these unprincipled and dssappointed men.

The next President will be *Grant* or a *Democrat*, and the grumbling sore-headed Republicans must take their choice to go with Grant and their party, or with the *Democraaic and Free Trade Party*. Not because Mr. Sumner or any body else is turned out, but because they have either been turned out, or failed to get offices for themselves or friends.

To intimidate Grant they talk of a *third* party, they tried this trick last fall at Pittsburgh, and how did it come out? A mere fizzle, so it will now. There will be but two candidates, *Grant* and some *Democrat*, Jeff Davis, perhaps, if the Southern wing of the Democratic party, as heretofore, should prove the strongest, or some Northern Buchanan Democrat bound hand and foot will answer their purpose as well if not better, and then these disaffected republicans can go with Grant or for the *Democratic* nominee, free trade, rebels, Ku-Klux and all. "To this complexion it must come at last" and politicians must make up their minds to meet the emergency, and in the meantime papers *ostensibly* republican who desert the President on such flimsy pretexts as these cannot expect the continued patronage and support of any.

TRUE REPUBLICAN,
Uniontown, Pa

THE London *News* of the 4th says: "London was yesterday invaded by the Germans. The ratification of peace allowed a number of soldiers who were in the North of France to pay a hurried visit to England; and Hyde Park, St. James' Park, and the neighborhoods of our pricipal buildings were yesterday visited by a number of fair-haired, bronzed, and square-shouldered foreigners, who stared around them as we are told their companions stared who marched down the Champs Elysees. They were not in uniform, but they still wore their long riding boots and spurs. As most Englishmen fancy that every German cavalry soldier is an Uhlan, considerable curiosity was excited yesterday by the presence of some of the daring horsemen, whom the French peasantry have come to regard with a mysterious awe."

THE SAN DOMINGO TREATY.

EDITORS GAZETTE: A Whig and a Republican, but opposed alike to both the extremes, which in their antagonism on the question of slavery, were both reckless of the Union, I lived until the Republican party passed from the restoration policy of Mr. Lincoln, to the reconstruction measures of the Radical extreme. I rejoiced when this extreme arrayed Mr. Chase against Mr. Lincoln, and Mr. Banks against Mr. Colfax as candidates for speaker, for I hoped the Republican party would be freed from its imperious domination. Unfortunately this was not the result of its opposition to Mr. Lincoln; and now Gen Grant is encountering that hostility which he experienced.

I could not support Gen. Grant as he was placed before the people. But that is no reason why I should not sanction any measure of his administration, which I considered beneficial to the country. Hence when his treaty for the annexation of San Domingo was first made known to the public, I was disposed to regard it favorably. And for this reason:

Every nation should have within itself all the elements essential to its wants, and its material progress. England is dependent on other nations for cotton, sugar, coffee, &c., and to a large extent, for food also. The enormous amount of imported material for its manufacturing industry, makes it dependent, both for this material, and for the sale of its manufactured product. Its high prosperity is in consequence, always in peril. Its imports are now often exceeding its exports.

The United States is differently situated. It has the chief raw materials that enter into manufactures, and food of all kinds to an unlimited amount. But it is wanting sugar, coffee and tea, now articles of general necessity. Our imports of these for 1868 and 1869 were as follows:

	1868.	1869.
Sugar	$51,734,867	62,562,882
Molasses	13,239,846	12,790,446
Coffee	24,162,108	23,834,867
Tea	11,955,711	14,056,678

The amount of these for 1870 will not be less. The first three articles amount in round numbers to $100,000,000 annually, and are purchased from nations that buy little from us. Hence their importation demands large shipments of specie.

California may, in time, grow tea. Louisiana can give us but a very limited supply of sugar and molasses. Can San Domingo grow sugar and coffee to a considerable amount?

If it could, then I believe the annexation would be highly advantageous to this country.

I read the discussions on the treaty both in the Senate and in the press for information. Instead of facts and broad statesman-like views, the speeches in the Senate exhibited neither one nor the other. Personalities against the President, bitter invective, immaterial issues, carping about small things—these constituted the Senatorial attacks against the treaty. The Democratic part of the Senate seemed to act in opposition to it, merely because it was an administration measure. The country and its future prosperity seemed never to be a matter of regard.

The press uttered dogmatic assertions; not a single reason did it assign for its opposition to the treaty. One day it asserted, and the next referred to its own utterances, as the voice of the people against the treaty. Now I was one of this people; praying, like Ajax, for light, and was thus assumed as opposing the treaty. The people gave no authority to the press to thus declare that they were in harmony with its editors.

I knew that ever since Hayti had achieved its independence against France, it had been in civil war; that its people were without intelligence or energy, and, therefore the exports of the island were no test of its productive capabilities. The soil and the climate,—could they produce, under such a government as ours, large quantities of sugar and coffee? That is what I wanted to know—not the effervescences of Senator Sumner's acidity of temperament and hatred of the President, nor the expectations of coming into power on the part of the Democracy though the dissensions of their Republican opponents, nor the dicta of a press whose only recommendation was a complete ignorance of the whole subject. I wanted information.

Well, that knowledge is coming at last, and from so many sources, and all concurring, that there is left no occasion for doubt. I am for an abundance of cheap sugar and coffee, and San Domingo is the very place where we can grow them for ourselves, and will not have to export a $100,000,000 annually to get them.

The leading papers of New York have their correspondents with the Commission sent out by Congress, and that of the *Tribune* says:

"Dr. Howe says it is capable of producing coffee and sugar enough to supply the entire world. With labor-saving machinery, peace and careful, judicious industry, San Domingo would become the garden and store-house of the universe." Producing every luxury and necessity that man can possibly covet or want."

The *Herald* correspondent writes:

"With regard to the productive capability of the country, I do not think that even the imaginative correspondents of the press or impressionable Commissioners can exaggerate that."

Much more might be quoted to the same effect. Now, Dr. Howe is an intimate friend of Mr. Sumner, and could not be so zealous for annexation had not his observation convinced him of its great advantages to us, as well as to the unfortunate people of the whole island. I say unfortunate, for these correspondents represent Frederick Douglas as conceding that the people there have retrograded, and are incapable of self-government.

The debt of San Domingo and the desire of its people for annexation have been carefully enquired into, and no objection to annexation can arise from either.

The foot of Columbus never pressed the soil of any portion of the continent, but his explorations were limited to these islands. Since our Government and country cannot bear his name, let us have some territory that can claim his presence, especially so when when in annexing it we not only consult our own interests but every humane consideration which so moved the heart of the great discoverer.

LEWIS BOLLMAN.
Monongahela City.

A WONDERFUL LITTLE CITY.

A Great Collection of Rare Works of Art.

[From the Louisville Courier-Journal.]

Just beyond the limits of Louisville there is a wonderful suburban town. Thousands visit it to admire the taste, the fashion, the rare art, the costly sculptures, the munificent adornments with which its habitations are finished. There are only about a thousand dwellings occupied. Some of them contain a number of residents, others but a single tenant. This curious city is steadily growing, and in a few years will treble its present population. A large majority of the people of Louisville expect to secure residences in it by and by, when they retire from active life, from the bustle of business, and the struggles of ambition. It is the quiet home of those who have amassed fortunes in trade—who have won high honors in professional life—who have filled distinguished positions in the city, State, or the General Government. In this little city over a million dollars have been expended in works of art. Passing through its broad avenues, one is at every turn struck with admiration of sculptures wrought out of the finest Italian marble or of Scotch granite. Nearly all these beautiful works of art have been produced under the deriction of a single great firm of marble manufacturers. This is M. Muldoon & Company, whose establishment has not only supplied three-fourths of the marble and granite used in this suburban city, but has, through its houses in Louisville, St. Louis and Memphis, done a greater business in marble than any other firm in the United States. It has the aid of Mr. Charles Bullett, who has no superior in this country in the art of sculpture. To furnish at the cheapest rates rare sculpture and monuments, M. Muldoon & Co. have workshops in Italy, in Scotland, and in other places. In this quiet city that they have mainly beautified, the princely homes of the Lithgows, Spotts, Shannons, Irwins, Shirleys, Guthries and Smiths have each been adorned with from ten to fifteen thousand dollars' worth of marble and granite monuments and sculptures. Similar but less costly works in the same quiet city, beautify the homes of the Bridgefords, the Quigleys, the Fergusons, the Alexanders, the Grahams, the Lindenbergers, and other opulent families. Over six hundred less opulent families in this quiet city have each got from Muldoon & Co. from five to seven hundred dollars' worth of artistic works.

Where, in the whole world, is there a little city of a thousand permanent residents, that has over a million dollars' worth of works of art? Where is there one more quiet—more beautiful in its natural scenery—one whose streets are more smooth—whose trees are greener—whose monuments and works of art are more worthy of admiration than those of the little city of Cave Hill Cemetery?

A Tale of the War.

The Fort Wayne (Ind.) *Journal* tells a little story of the war. When the rebel Gen. PRICE was on one of his raids into Missouri, it says, the militia of a neighboring State were called on by the Governor to protect the border from invasion. A valorous Colonel in one of the frontier cities ordered his regiment under arms, and without giving the men time to change their clothing and prepare for a long march, he ordered them to the front. They marched about twenty-five miles the first day, and the next fifteen. Many of the soldiers dropped out of the ranks on the way, and what few arrived at the place of destination were worn out. They complained of the long and tedious marches, and looked over the records, and coming to the conclusion that the march was unprecedented with regard to length and time, charged their Colonel with tyranny and inhumanity, and finally mutinied and started for home, and actually walked the whole distance back, forty miles, in a single day.

THE doctors in Highland county, Virginia, have agreed not not to render service to any who may take advantage of the homestead act to defraud them of their fees.

FOUND DROWNED

But was identified by having his clothes marked with
THE KIDDER'S RAVEN INK.
Sold only in Pittsburgh at JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S DRUG STORE, corner of Penn and Sixth street.
Have this day received a very large stock of Low, Son & Hayden's Chinese Elderflower, Brown Windsor, Honey and Glycerine Soaps, in one pound and half pound bars. Also Lowe's, Lubin's and Bimmell's celebrated Perfumes, which we offer at the lowest prices, by the dozen or single bottle. Don't fail to call and examine our splendid assortment. Rember the place,
JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S
DRUG STORE,
Corner Penn and Sixth (old St. Clair) street.

THE GREAT VERNAL SPECIFIC.

No class of invalids are more sensitive to changes of seasons and variations of temperature than dyspeptics, and persons of bilious habit. Tender lungs are not more easily affected by these vicissitudes than feeble stomachs. If there is a tendency in the system to indigestion, biliousness, or bowel complaints, the variable weather of early spring is almost sure to develope one or other of these ailments. Intermittent fevers are also more prevalent in the spring months than at any other season except autumn. In view of these facts, this seems to be a proper time to invite especial attention to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a medicine, which for a long series of years, has proved superior to all others as a remedy for the above named disorders, and as protection against the miasma which frequently produces and always aggravates them. It was formerly the practice to give violent cathartics as "spring medicines," nor is the custom yet entirely obsolete. Nothing, however, can be more ill-judged and unphilosophical. The chilling moisture with which the air is loaded at the breaking up of winter, presses heavily upon the vital forces of the body, and reinforcement, not depletion, is what it requires. The Bitters is a genial and excellent tonic, a moderate alterative and just enough of an aperient to regulate, without convulsing, the bowels. It is, therefore, a specific peculiarly adapted to the present season.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FABER & VAN DOREN,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
ORDERS SOLICITED.

GRATES.
GRATES.
Keep Your Houses Clean,
AND
SAVE FUEL,
BY USING THE
Wellman Patent Reflector
STOVE AND GRATE.
Which Stand Without a Rival.

The WELLMAN STOVE is furnished with the "REFLECTOR GRATE," and possesses all the advantages of an open fire place; it is specially adapted to houses where the flues are too small to admit a grate, and affords all the comforts of a CHEERFUL OPEN FIRE.
1st. As a radiator of heat it has *double* the intensity of any other grate.
2d. It is unquestionably the most cleanly—no soot or ashes escaping into the room—which, in the ordinary Grate, proves so detrimental to carpets and furniture.
3d. The combustion is *perfect*. There is no waste in unburnt cinders—every ounce of the fuel is so completely consumed, that nothing remains but the finest ashes.
4th. As an economizer of fuel—there being an *actual saving* of at least 25 per cent.
5th. It is highly ornamental.
6th. It is set so deep in the chimney, that it is much safer, and also less liable to puff in windy weather.
7th. A slight motion of the shaker cleanses the entire fire, and causes it to burn with great brilliancy and intensity of heat.
Samples may be seen and references had at the store of W. BARNES, corner of 3d avenue and Market street, Pittsburgh; W. F. GOODWIN, 66 Federal street, Allegheny, or at the FOUNDRY, corner Duquesne Way and Water street, Pittsburgh.
Parties who are building, or who contemplate changing Grates, are respectfully requested to examine "The Wellman." Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.
L. H. SMITH & CO.,
Manufacturers,
West Point Foundry.
de13

GRAFF,
HUGUS
& CO.,
Manufacturers of
Cooking and Heating
STOVES,
RANGES, FURNACES,
AND
Fine Grate Fronts,
INCLUDING THE
COLUMBIA COOK STOVE,
Confidence Cook Stove,
The Boston
DOUBLE-OVEN IMPROVED
Cooking Range,
Nile's Improved Star Range,
AND
FIERY FURNACE.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE
206 and 208
Liberty Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLES.

Spring Dress Goods,
In beautiful Poplin Plaids.
Plain, Plaid and Striped Japanese Silks.
Plain and Plaid Japanese Cloths,
Satin Cloth, spring colors,
Fancy Rep Poplins,
American Black Silks,
Black and Colored Alpacas,
Tycoon Reps for Wrappers,
New Cassimeres and Jeans,
White and Colored Table Damasks,
Towelings and Table Napkins,
Sheeting Muslins, all widths,
Shirting Muslins and Irish Linens.
ALL AT THE
Lowest Possible Prices.
At 18¾c., Serge Plaids,
At 25c., Alpaca Plaids,
At 33c., Alpaca Plaids, extra wide,
At 75c., Japanese Silks.
At $1.25, American Black Silks.
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

15c., Curtain Laces.
$1.50, American Black Silks, extra wide,
25c., Japanese Cloths for Suits,
6¼c., Fast Colored Calicoes.
10c., the best Makes of Calicos,
12½c., Bleached Shirting, an extra bargain.
50c., 10-4 Bleached Twilled Sheeting.
$1.00, Ladies' White Gored Skirts,
12½c., Ladies' Lisle Thread Gloves.
At $1.25, Ladies' Real Kid Gloves—a specialty.
At 75c., Gents' Colored Kid Gloves.
At 12½c., Gents' Cotton Socks, extra heavy.
New Flowers,
HATS AND BONNETS.
RIBBONS,
Of all Kinds and the Latest Novelties.
Rich Chene Brocade Sash Ribbons,
Plain Sash Ribbons, all colors.
Gros Grain and Fancy Neck and Bow Ribbons.
Lace and Linen Pointed Collars.
Linen and P. K. Aprons.
Laces and Embroideries.
Satchels—a job lot very cheap.
Hosiery, Gloves, Notions, etc.
Spring Shawls & Skirts,
White Goods,
Closed Shirt Fronts.
AT VERY LOW PRICES, AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

New Firm and New Goods!
MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN,
(SUCCESSORS TO BATES & BELL)
No. 21 FIFTH AVENUE,
Have now opened their Spring Stock, consisting of the most celebrated makes of American, English and French Fabrics, in
Black Silks,
Japanese Silks,
Fancy Dress Goods,
Alpacas and Mohairs,
Poplins and Cretons,
Velveteens,
Shawls, Spring styles,
Lace Curtains and Nets,
Linen and Cotton Goods,
Fancy Cassimeres,
Prints and Muslin Sheetings,
At the Lowest Market Prices.
MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN,
21 Fifth Avenue.
mh16:o48

JOS. HORNE & CO.,
Library Building,
197 AND 199 PENN STREET.
The Place to Buy
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.
FULL LINE OF THE
"STAR SHIRT,"
Open Back, Eyelet Holes in Bosom, narrow and wide plait.
THE "TRUE FIT,"
FRENCH BOSOM.
Colored French Duck "True Fit."
NECK DRESSINGS
Of all kinds, comprising Bows and Scarfs, in great variety of styles and colors.
The "Russian Braces and Silk Suspenders."
All new styles Paper Collars.
Linen Collars.
The Lothair, The Senate, The Dickens, The Von Beust, The Kensington, The Bishop.
Linen Cuffs.
Shirt Fronts for open back shirts.
British Half Hose at 25c. per dozen.
Spring and Summer Underwear.
The P. P. Jean and Linen Drawers.
Gauze and Gossamer Vests.
Kid and Dog Skin Gloves.
Plain, Hemmed and Hemstitched Handkerchiefs.
Spiral Studs and Sleeve Buttons.
Satchels and Umbrellas.
CHOICE GOODS
IN
Every Department.
PRICES POPULAR.
HORNE & CO.,
Retail Stores.
mh16

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.,
31 Fifth Avenue,
Have just received the largest and most complete stock of
Ladies', Misses and Children's
Boots, Shoes and Gaiters,
OF ALL THE LATEST STYLES,
WARRANTED EQUAL TO ANY IN THE CITY.
ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF
GENTS' AND BOYS'
Calf Boots, Gaiters and Balmorals,
Of Best New York manufacture, which are equal to any custom made, and which are selling at
LOW PRICES.
At 31 Fifth Avenue.
mh18:o55

TREES! TREES!
Persons intending to set out Orchards or Beautify their Grounds, should examine our immense stock of
Apple, Peach, Pear, Plum, Cherry and Ornamental Trees, Shrubbery, Conover's Colossal, Asparagus, Greenhouse Plants, Evergreens, Roses, &c., &c., &c.,
ALL OF OUR OWN GROWTH.
Also, a large selected stock of WARRANTED VEGETABLE SEED, CHOICE FLOWER SEED, wholesale and retail, by
JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,
112 Smithfield street.
Catalogues free.
mh8

ELABORATELY FINISHED and
HIGHLY ORNAMENTED
Nickel Plated Parlor Grates & Fenders
OF ALL VARIETIES AND STYLES.
For fine houses, can be had at
BISSELL & CO.'S,
235 LIBERTY STREET.
A general assortment of Fine and Common Grates always on hand.
fel8:n5

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY given that my wife, SARAH WOODSIDE, has left my house and home without just cause or provocation, and has gone to live at a decent house at Indian Creek, in Fayette county, Penna., and I will therefore pay no debts of her contracting after this date.
JOHN WOODSIDE.
FAYETTE COUNTY, PENNA., March 15, 1871.
mh16:n40

BUY THE GENUINE.
CLARK'S
"O. N. T."
SPOOL COTTON
GEO. A. CLARK,
SOLE AGENT.
Sold Everywhere.

BAILEY & CO.,
12th and Chestnut Sts.,
PHILADELPHIA
BRIDAL SILVER
French Bronzes,
FINE WATCHES,
Mantel Sets.
A very large stock in all the above lines. Goods sent by express free of charge.

ESTABLISHED 1853.
JOSEPH BECKHAUS.
1204 Frankfort Avenue,
Above Girard Ave, PHILADELPHIA.
FIRST CLASS CARRIAGES
Manufacturer of Exclusively First-Class
CARRIAGES,
NEWEST STYLES.
Clarence, Landaus, Landaulets, Close coaches, Shifting qr. Coaches Coupes, Barouches, Phaetons, Rockaways Hearses, &c., *suitable for private, family and public use.* Workmanship and finish second to none in the country.
Fine and varied Stock on hand—completed and in the works. Orders receive prompt and personal attention. All work warranted.
mh17:o53

FLORENCE KRAMER........WM. M. VOGLESON
Kramer & Vogleson,
No. 179 Liberty Street,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CONFECTIONERY,
AND DEALERS IN
FOREIGN FRUITS, PICKLES, SAUCES,
Ketchups, Canned Fruits, Vegetables, etc.
fe24:n81

500 BUSH. PRIME LAKE SHORE
PEACH BLOW POTATOES.
22 BBLS. CHOICE TURNIPS,
FRESH ROLL BUTTER AND EGGS.
Received daily and for sale by
A. T. CANFIELD,
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,
143 FIRST AVENUE.
mh20

ONE OF THE NICEST
ASSORTMENTS OF LADIES AND GENTS' GOLD WATCHES AND CHAINS IN THE CITY, AT THE LOWEST PRICES, IS AT
WATTLES & SHEAFER'S,
101 FIFTH AVENUE.
All we ask is an inspection of our Goods and Prices, so as to be convinced of the statement we make.
mh18

MULES AND HORSES
FOR SALE.
15 heavy KENTUCKY DRAFT MULES.
15 ROOM and ENTRY PIT MULES.
5 heavy DRAFT HORSES.
5 Light DRIVING HORSES.
For sale by
S. B. SMITH,
38 Corry street,
Allegheny city.
de30:26

BISSELL & CO.'S KEY STONE HOT AIR FURNACE for Churches and Dwellings, Heavy, Simple, Strong and Substantial, free from Gases and Smoke and Dirt. The latest and best Furnace out. Operation warranted.
235 LIBERTY STREET.

BANK STATEMENTS.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
Pittsburgh National Bank of Commerce,
At Pittsburgh, in the State of Pennsylvania, at close of business.
MARCH 18, 1871.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and Discounts		$ 858,358 [illegible]
Overdrafts		597 [illegible]
U. S. Bonds to secure Circulation		500,000 [illegible]
Other Stocks, Bonds & Mortgages		59[illegible]
Due from Redeeming & Reserve Agents		149,930 [illegible]
Due from other National Banks		22,570 [illegible]
Due from other Banks	[illegible]	
Banking House	[illegible]	
Other Real Estate	[illegible]	
Furniture and Fixture	[illegible]	
Current Expenses	[illegible]	
Premiums	[illegible]	
Cash Items, (including stamps)	[illegible]	
Exchanges for Clearing House	[illegible]	
Bills of other National Banks	[illegible]	
Fractional Currency, (including Nickels)		4,132 70
Coin		1,000 00
Legal Tender Notes		101,027 00
Three per cent. Certificates		20,000 00
		$1,765,272 02
LIABILITIES.		
Capital Stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus Fund		84,060 60
Discount		19,770 69
Interest and Exchange		3,125 87
Profit and Loss		1,571 74
National Bank Circulation outstanding		447,600 00
Dividends unpaid		1,740 00
Individual deposits	576,797 87	
Due to National Banks	78,773 81	
Due to other Banks and Bankers	60,892 61	716,464 32
		$1,765,272 02

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY, ss:
I, Joseph H. Hill, Cashier of the Pittsburgh National Bank of Commerce, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
JOS. H. HILL, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22d day of March, 1871.
S. SMITH, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
A. PATTERSON, R. H. PALMER, ALLEN KIRKPATRICK, Directors.
mh23

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
THIRD NATIONAL BANK,
Of Pittsburgh, at the close of business.
MARCH 18, 1871.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and Discounts		$685,461 87
U. S. Bonds to secure Circulation at par		404,500 00
Due from Redeeming & Reserve Agents	$56,263 15	
Due from other National Banks	71,769 71	
Due from other Banks & Bankers	12,141 88	140,844 74
Real Estate	45,986 97	
Furniture and Fixtures	2,368 80	48,355 77
Expenses	5,305 73	
Taxes	3,292 64	8,598 37
Exchanges for Clearing House	37,224 02	
Remittances, Checks and Revenue Stamps	49,243 62	
National Bank Notes	5,540 00	
Fractional Currency	3,669 37	
Legal Tender Notes	60,955 00	
3 per cent. Certificates	50,000 00	266,632 01
		$1,494,392 76
LIABILITIES.		
Capital Stock		$ 500,000 00
Surplus Fund	100,000 00	
Discount	20,758 21	
Premium and Exchange	2,716 07	
Interest	[illegible]	
Profit and Loss	5,619 72	134,488 01
Circulation		356,750 00
Individual Deposits	$448,[illegible]	
Due National Banks	50,917 40	
Due other Banks and Bankers	30,511 47	502,211 19
Dividends Unpaid		270 00
Taxes Unpaid		673 56
		$1,494,392 76

I, Wm. Steinmyer, Cashier of the Third National Bank of Pittsburgh, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
WM. STEINMYER, Cashier.
Sworn and subscribed before me the 22d day of March, 1871.
GEORGE T. OLIVER, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
W. E. SCHMERTZ, JOS. MORGANSTERN, A. KLEBER, Directors.
mh22:o58

REPORT OF THE
OF THE
Mechanics National Bank,
Of Pittsburgh, at close of business.
MARCH 18th, 1871.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and Discounts		$ 772,950 15
U. S. Bonds to secure Circulation		500,000 00
Due from Redeeming & Reserve Agents		60,426 58
Due from other National Banks		215 71
Due from other Banks & Bankers		563 56
Current Expenses	$2,310 49	
Taxes Paid	2,648 03	4,958 52
Exchanges for Clearing House		17,628 14
Bills of other National Banks		1,900 00
Fractional Currency, (including Nickels)		1,424 75
Legal Tender Notes		95,942 00
Three per cent. Certificates		15,000 00
		$1,471,009 41
LIABILITIES.		
Capital Stock		$ 500,000 00
Surplus Fund		303,000 00
Discount		9,483 42
Exchange and Interest		13,524 78
Profit and Loss		7,249 79
National Bank Circulation Outstanding		443,316 00
State Bank Circulation Outstanding		11,191 00
Dividends Unpaid		4,851 50
Individual Depositors		179,728 66
Due to National Banks		1,349 91
Due to other Banks and Bankers		314 35
		$1,471,009 41

I, John G. Martin, Cashier of the Mechanics National Bank of Pittsburgh, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
JOHN G. MARTIN, Cashier.
Sworn and subscribed before me this 22d day of March, 1871.
S. SMITH, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
JOHN ORR, P. REYMER, HENRY HAYS, Directors.
mh23:o45

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
GERMAN NATIONAL BANK
Of Pittsburgh, at the close of business.
MARCH 18, 1871.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and Discounts		$ 628,693 89
Overdrafts		84 32
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		250,000 00
Due from Redeeming and Reserve Agents		106,250 95
Due from the National Banks		14,031 86
Due from other Banks & Bankers		11,894 11
Banking House		35,859 18
Furniture and Fixtures		2,126 16
Current Expenses		4,159 56
Interest Paid		4,891 26
Taxes Paid		2,515 33
Cash Items		1,129 61
Exchanges for Clearing House		34,381 61
Bills of other National Banks		7,130 00
Fractional Currency (including Nickels)		396 50
Specie, viz: Coin		583 67
Legal Tender Notes		85,349 00
Three per cent. Certificates		35,000 00
		$1,224,480 10
LIABILITIES.		
Capital Stock paid in		$ 250,000 00
Surplus Fund		83,000 00
Discounts	$28,707 58	
Exchange	2,319 86	
Profit and Loss	1,270 41	32,297 85
National Bank Circulation Outstanding		224,000 00
Individual Deposits	$482,541 04	
Cashier's Checks Outstanding	2,856 06	
Due to National Banks	72,787 99	
Due to other Banks and Bankers	51,752 23	609,939 23
Notes and Bills Rediscounted		25,243 02
		$1,224,489 10

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY, ss:
I, Joseph Laurent, Cashier of the German National Bank of Pittsburgh, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
JOS. LAURENT, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22d day of March, 1871.
S. SMITH, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
A. GROETZINGER, PAUL HUGUS, JOS. LANG, Directors.
mh22

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
Merchants & Manufacturers Nat'l Bank,
At Pittsburgh, in the State of Pennsylvania, At close of business,
SATURDAY, March 18, 1871.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts	$ 868,645 94
Overdrafts	9,823 79
U. S. Bonds to secure Circulation	800,000 00
Other Stocks, Bonds & Mortgages	17,847 87
Due from Redeeming and Reserve Agents	65,983 63
Due from other National Banks	68,487 17
Due from other Banks & Bankers	24,981 41
Banking House	144,536 19
Other Real Estate	27,500 00
Current Expenses	2,400 01
Taxes Paid	4,445 81
Premiums	20,000 00
Cash Items, (including Stamps)	2,806 93
Exchanges for Clearing House	40,206 96
Bills of other National Banks	16,017 00
Fractional Currency, including Nickels	1,795 93
Legal Tender Notes	214,011 00
	$2,329,489 61
LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock paid in	$ 800,000 00
Surplus Fund	242,414 98
Discount	3,563 60
Exchange	7,632 48
National Bank Circulation Outstanding	628,017 00
Dividends Unpaid	4,198 00
Individual Deposits	506,943 97
Due to National Banks	106,681 03
Due to other Banks and Bankers	30,038 18
	$2,329,489 64

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY, ss:
I, John Scott, Jr., Cashier of the Merchants and Manufacturers National Bank of Pittsburgh, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
JOHN SCOTT, JR., Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22d day of March, 1871.
JOSEPH SNOWDEN, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
H. L. BOLLMAN, ROBT. H. HARTLEY, ISAAC JONES, Directors.
mh23:o51

BANK STATEMENTS.

REPORT [illegible] DITION
[illegible]
FIRST NATIONAL BANK
[illegible] the State of Pennsylvania, [illegible] close of business.
MARCH 18, 1871.

RESOURCES.		
[illegible] Discounts		$1,431,755 88
[illegible] ates Bonds to secure [illegible]		425,000 00
[illegible]		12,812 50
[illegible] Re[illegible]		279,407 18
[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	79,652 61
[illegible]		77,000 00
[illegible]		16,023 10
Cash Items, including stamps	$ 7,286 20	
Exchanges for Clearing House	54,875 47	
Bills of other National Banks	5,782 00	
Fractional Currency (including Nickels)	5,398 65	
Specie	2,432 65	
Legal Tender Notes	242,000 00	317,777 97
		$2,639,429 24
LIABILITIES.		
Capital Stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus Fund		318,339 28
National Bank Circulation outstanding		340,000 00
Individual Deposits	1,352,159 79	
Due National Banks	115,310 90	
Due to other Banks & Bankers	13,619 27	1,481,089 96
		$2,639,429 24

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY, ss:
I, J. D. Scully, Cashier of the First National Bank, Pittsburgh, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22d day of March, 1871.
S. SMITH, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
WM. K. NIMICK, ALEXANDER SPEER, R. S. HAYS, Directors.
mh23

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
Farmers' Deposit National Bank,
At Pittsburgh, in the State of Pennsylvania, At the close of business.
MARCH 18, 1871.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts	$1,044,197 64
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	300,000 00
Due from Redeeming and Reserve Agents	99,024 93
Due from other National Banks	8,035 90
Due from other Banks & Bankers	53,598 19
Banking House	29,000 00
Current Expenses	2,736 47
Taxes Paid	3,468 99
Premiums	3,996 45
Cash Items	4,849 21
Exchanges for Clearing Houses	50,674 22
Bills of other National Banks	4,342 00
Fractional Currency, including Nickels	1,280 30
Specie, viz: Coin	5,511 00
Legal Tender Notes	122,100 00
Three per cent. Certificates	50,000 00
	$1,773,724 70
LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock paid in	$ 300,000 00
Surplus Fund	60,000 00
Profit and Loss	222,736 00
National Bank circulation outstanding	270,000 00
Dividends Unpaid	1,104 00
Individual deposits	842,372 18
Due to National Banks	46,279 08
Due to other Banks & Bankers	31,232 83
	$1,773,724 70

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY, ss:
I, S. George, Jr., Cashier of the Farmers' Deposit National Bank of Pittsburgh, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
S. GEORGE, JR., Cashier.
Subscribed and Sworn before me this 22d day day of March, 1871.
E. T. CASSIDY, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest.
WM. WALKER, JOHN McDEVITT, D. HOSTETTER, Directors.
mh22:o61

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
Allegheny National Bank,
At Pittsburgh, in the State of Pennsylvania, At the close of business.
MARCH 18th, 1871.

RESOURCES:	
Loans and Discounts	$ 746,719 81
Overdrafts	1,299 71
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	500,000 00
Other Stocks, Bonds & Mortgages	24,762 79
Due from Redeeming and Reserve Agents	62,490 01
Due from other National Banks	7,965 17
Due from Banks and Bankers	15,074 54
Banking House	39,113 25
Other Real Estate	33,555 63
Current Expenses	2,924 29
Taxes paid	3,713 93
Checks on Banks not in Clearing House	1,486 85
Exchanges for Clearing House	11,270 47
Bills of other National Banks	10,835 00
Fractional Currency, including Nickels	1,367 80
Specie	650 00
Legal Tender Notes	146,705 00
Three per cent. Certificates	30,000 00
	$1,649,934 24
LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock	$ 500,000 00
Surplus Fund	156,374 04
Exchange	5,434 58
Interest	12,902 20
National Bank Circulation outstanding	435,158 00
State Bank Circulation outstanding	6,181 00
Dividends Unpaid	2,152 50
Individual Deposits	510,958 81
Due to National Banks	15,081 82
Due to other Banks and Bankers	5,691 29
	$1,649,934 24

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY, ss:
I, W. McCANDLESS, Cashier of the Allegheny National Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. McCANDLESS, Cashier.
Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 22d day of March, 1871.
S. SMITH, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
J. W. COOK, R. F. SMYTH, D. R. GALWAY, Directors.
mh20:o40

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
Iron City National Bank
At Pittsburgh, in the State of Pennsylvania, At the close of business,
MARCH 18, 1871.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts	$ 889,708 75
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	400,000 00
Due from Redeeming and Reserve Agents	88,827 09
Due from other National Banks	86,105 22
Due from other Banks & Bankers	4,374 34
Banking House	20,000 00
Current Expenses	5,101 32
Taxes Paid	5,309 65
Cash Items	2,451 20
Exchanges for Clearing House	37,617 57
Bills of other National Banks	3,098 00
Bills of State Banks	430 00
Fractional Currency	1,250 00
Coin	23,470 50
Legal Tender Notes	110,762 00
Three per cent. Certificates	75,000 00
	$1,751,505 96
LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock	$ 400,000 00
Surplus Fund	200,000 00
Exchange	4,504 67
Interest	33,316 23
Profit and Loss	103,252 74
National Bank Circulation	353,503 00
Dividend unpaid	752 00
Individual Deposits	633,237 39
Due National Banks	21,549 37
Due to other Banks and Bankers	1,090 56
	$1,751,505 96

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY, ss:
I, John Magoffin, Cashier of the Iron City National Bank of Pittsburgh, do solemnly affirm that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
JOHN MAGOFFIN, Cashier.
Subscribed and affirmed to before me this 22d day of March, 1871.
S. SMITH, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
RICHARD HAYS, J. E. SCHWARTZ, JOHN WATT, Directors.
mh22:o59

HOUSE, SIGN & ORNAMENTAL PAINTING.
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GRAINING.
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No. 73 Beaver Ave, Allegheny City.

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES, Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness and impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes and which produce some of the following effects as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.
A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, Pruritis, Amenorrhœa, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhœa, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.
It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.
The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.
The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Office, No. 295 PENN STREET.

600 BUSHELS CHOICE PEACH BLOW POTATOES to arrive.
For sale by J. B. CANFIELD,
141 First avenue.
mh21

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,
BANKERS,
No. 78 Fourth Ave.,
Buy and sell all kinds of
Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.
Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
au26:c31

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BANKERS,
Fourth Avenue and Wood Street.
Financial Agents of United States
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Of 1880, 1885 and 1900.
☞ SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS NOW OPEN.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

THE DAILY GAZETTE

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, March 23 1870.

The demand for money to-day although not pressing, was still in excess of the market supply. The National banks, through their quarterly statements, make a very fine exhibit of strength. From a rather hasty glance over their figures, they seem to have been dealing liberally with their customers although keeping prudently within the time prescribed by the law.

The home market for stocks was dull throughout the day. The inquiry for investment is unusually light, but quite large enough to absorb all good stocks offered for sale.

The New York market is active and higher for railways, but heavy and a fraction lower upon U. S. Bonds. Cleveland & Pittsburgh is vibrating between 112 and 113, the current opinions favor a further decline. Lake Shore is strong and has been largely bought within the week for investment. North Westerns and Saint Pauls, both Common and Preferred are rapidly advancing. Saint Paul Common having made five per cent during the week. Erie improved a little during the day, closing at 19⅜.

Express stocks firm at a small advance.

Robinson Bros., No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following comparative quotations of bonds and stocks, from their latest advices by wire:

	Wednesday.	Thursday.
Bonds—1881	115⅝	115⅝
5-20—1862	112⅝	112⅝
" 1864	111⅜	111⅜
" 1865	111⅜	111⅜
" 1865 new	110⅜	110⅜
" 1867	110⅜	110⅜
" 1868	110⅜	110⅝
10-40s	108⅜	108⅝
Currency 6's	113⅞	113⅞
Gold	111⅛	111⅛
RAILWAYS.		
New York Central	95¾	95⅝
Do Scrip	92⅜	92⅜
Erie	19	19⅜
Reading	103	102¾
Lake Shore	99⅝	100⅛
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	113	112⅞
Rock Island	114⅛	114⅜
Chicago & N. W.	83⅝	81⅝
Do. Preferred	95⅝	96⅝
St. Paul, Common	58⅜	59⅝
Do. Preferred	78⅝	78⅝
Wabash	56⅝	56⅝
Do. Preferred	78	78
Ohio & Mississippi	48	47⅞
Pacific Mail	43⅜	43⅜
West. Union Telegraph	58⅜	57⅞
Adams Express	70⅝	71½
U. S. Express	45	46

Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co:

Gold	111⅛	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '65	110⅝
U. S. 6s, 1881	115⅝	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '67	110⅝
U. S. 5-20 1862	112⅝	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '68	110⅝
U. S. 5-20 1864	111⅜	U. P. R. R.	83⅝
U. S. 5-20 1865	111⅜	C. P. R. R.	95⅝
U. S. 10-40	108⅝	Cy. Pacifics	113⅞

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, March 23, 1870.

Gold opened at 111, sold down to 110⅞, and closed firm at 111⅛. Loans made at from 1 to 3 per cent. Clearances $25,000,000. The awards at the Treasury sales were two millions, at from 110 75-100 to 110 96-100. Governments dull and heavy, without any decided change in price. The stock market was strong at the opening, but became dull and barely steady before call, and continued so until after twelve o'clock, when it became strong. The chief features have been Lake Shore, Northwestern, St. Paul and Rock Island. At the close the market was strong, with Northwestern, Lake Shore and St. Paul as the most active stocks. Money easy, at 4 to 5 per cent. State securities dull and transactions limited.

Sterling Exchange 9⅛.

Coupons: '81, 115⅝; 5-20s, '62, 112⅝; do '64, 111⅜; do '65, 111⅜; do new, 110⅜; do '67, 110⅜; do '68, 110⅜. Ten-Forties, 108⅝. Currency 6s, 113⅞.

State Bonds: Missouri, 91⅝c; Tennessee old, 63⅜; do new, 63⅜; Virginia new, 69⅝; do old, 66; North Carolina old, 46; do new, 25.

MISCELLANEOUS—Western Union Telegraph 58; Quicksilver 10⅜; Mariposa 5⅜; do preferred 9; Adams Express 72⅜; Wells Fargo 40; American Merchants Union do 47⅜; U. S. do 46; Pacific Mail do 43⅜; N. Y. C. 95⅜; scrip 92⅜; Erie 19; do preferred 42; Harlem 129; do pref'd 129⅜; Reading 102⅜; Michigan Central 118⅜; Cleveland & Pittsburgh 112⅜; Northwestern 85⅜; do preferred 95⅜; Rock Island 114⅜; New Jersey Central 106; St. Paul 44; do preferred 79⅜; Wabash 57; do preferred 78; Fort Wayne 95; Terre Haute 28; do preferred 54; Chicago & Alton 114; do preferred 116; Ohio & Mississippi 47⅜; C. C. & C. 84; B. & O. 158; Lake Shore 100⅜; Illinois Central 134⅜.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, March 23, 1871.

APPLES—Good sound apples are in fair demand with sales at $4.00@4.50 per bbl, though it is proper to remark that the supply of this kind is light. The bulk of the offerings are in bad condition, and holders are working them as rapidly as possible to best advantage.

APPLE BUTTER—Quoted 75@80 cts per gallon for prime to choice.

ASHES—Common Soda Ash, 4 cts: Refined do 4⅜; Pearl Ash, 9; Potash, 7⅜.

BUTTER—There is a continued good demand for strictly prime butter with sales reported at 30@32, though it requires something extra to command the outside quotation. Common and medium butter is in good supply and dull.

BEESWAX—Quoted at 28@30 cts.

BEANS—$1.50@2.25 per bushel.

BROOM CORN—Is quiet and unchanged; sale of 30 bales good at 5⅜ cts.

CHEESE—Is scarce and firm but unchanged: New York Goshen, 18½@19, Ohio Goshen, 17½@18 cts.

CORNMEAL—Small sales of prime yellow at 85@90cts per bushel.

CARBON OIL—The market is easier in sympathy with the decline in crude and standard brands cannot be quoted above 22 in car load lots—usual advance in a small way.

CANDLES—Quoted at 12 cts for mould, and 19 for star.

CEMENT—Sales Louisville Hydraulic at $3@3⅜, and Calcined Plaster at $4⅜ per bbl.

CRANBERRIES—Quiet and unchanged, ranging all the way from $12@18 per barrel, according to quality, and condition.

DRIED FRUIT—The stock of Peaches, particularly prime halves, is very much reduced and we now quote at 13@14. Quarters, 10@10⅜. Apples, 6@8 cts, as to quality. Blackberries, 12@13.

EGGS—The demand seems to be improving somewhat but there is no falling off in the receipts as yet, and, consequently, prices are no better; 15 cents seems to regard as the standard price for fresh.

FEATHERS—We are reported sales of No 1 live geese feathers, to the trade, at 75; may be quoted at 80 in small lots.

FLOUR—There is a moderate local demand, but dealers generally report the market as being very unsatisfactory, as prices are relatively lower here than in the west, and this being the case, they have little or no margin. We continue to quote at $6.75@7 for good spring extras; $7.25 for choice Minnesota baker's flour; $6.75@7.00 for red winter wheat; and $7.25@7.50 for white. Rye Flour, $6,00.

GRAIN—Wheat is in steady demand and limited supply and prices are fully sustained. $1.40@1.45 for red and $1.50@1.55 for white. Oats, firm but unchanged—55@56 buying and 58 selling—small lots 60; sale 2 car loads, in first hands, at 56. There is an improved demand for shelled Corn, and the market is considerably firmer; we are reported a sale of 5 cars at 71. Ear Corn is scarce and selling on wharf at 72@73. Rye is quiet and unchanged; may be quoted at $1.06, on arrival. Barley is dull and devoid of anything new; we continue to quote at 80@85 for spring and 90@95 for fall.

GROCERIES—Refined Sugars are strong, which is owing to the fact that the refiners are all full of orders, while prices are not quotably higher, nor is it likely that there will be any advance. Raw Sugars are firm but without quotable change. Syrups are dull and, within the last few days, have declined 2@3 cts, in the east—no change in this market as yet. There is a continued good demand for roasting coffees, while the finer grades are easier; it is thought, as stocks are accumulating in New York, that prices will rule lower within the next week or two.

COFFEE—Fancy Rio, 20; Prime, 19; Good, 18; Fair, 17; Roasting, 16@16⅜.

SYRUPS AND DRIPS—White Honey, 65; Havemyer & Elders, 72; Silver Drips, 60; Loverings, 63; other grades, 45@55.

SUGARS—Choice New Orleans, 11⅜; prime, 10⅜ good, 10; fully fair, 10; Porto Rico Sugars 10⅜@11⅜; Cuba, 10@11; Demarara, 11⅜@12⅜.

REFINED SUGARS—Hard Sugars, 13⅜; A Coffee, 12⅜; "B," 12⅜; Extra C, 12½; C, yellow 12⅜.

MOLASSES—New Orleans, choice, 70; prime, 68; good, 65.

TEAS—Fancy Young Hyson, $1 40; Good, $1 10; Fair, $1. Lower grades down to 70cts. G. P. Fancy, $1 50; good, $1 25; fair, $1 10; Imperial Fancy, $1 40; good, $1 25; fair, $1; Oolong fancy, $1 25; good, 80cts; fair, 60@70c; Souchong fancy, $1 20; good, 90c; fair, 70@80c, Japan Fancy, $1; good, 90c; fair, 75c.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 9⅜c; prime, 9c; good, 8⅜c.

SPICES—Grain Pepper, 21c. Pimento, 17c. Cloves, 20c. Cassia, 55c.

FOREIGN FRUITS—Currants, 11⅜@12 cents. Prunes, 12⅜c. Valencia Raisins, 15c. Layer Raisins, $3.25 per box.

HAY—Sold from country wagons in Allegheny on Tuesday at $12@18 per ton. Baled is selling on wharf at $14@16 for fair to prime.

HONEY—Continues dull and cannot be quoted above 25@30 cts.

HOMINY—$5.00@5.50 per bbl; Pearl, $6.00@6.25.

HUSKS—Quoted at 2⅜@2⅜ cts.

HIDES—Green salted (all weights) 10⅜@11⅜; green butchers (cow and steer) 7@8; green salted kip 14@16; do calf, 16@18 Dry.

LIME—Sales of Cleveland at $2.25 per bbl and eastern at $1.75.

MILL FEED—We can report an improved demand but there is no change in prices; Middlings, $1.60@1.80; Bran, $1.10@1.20; Seconds, $1.30@1.50, that is in a jobbing way. Round lots, of course, will not bring these prices.

ONIONS—May be quoted at $4@6 per bbl, as to quality and condition. Onion setts, $5.00@5.50 per bushel.

OILS—No 1 Lard Oil quoted at $1.08@1.10, and Linseed at 95@96.

PROVISIONS—Easier and prices lower. Plain shoulders, 9⅜c; Sugar Cured do, 10⅜@10⅜; Ribbed Sides, 12; Clear do, 13; Sugar Cured Hams, 15⅜@15⅜. Lard, 12⅜@12⅜ in tcs, and 13⅜@13⅜ in kegs. Country Lard, 11@12c. Mess Pork, $22. Dried Beef, 19.

PEANUTS—8⅜@9 cts.

POTATOES—Notwithstanding the receipts are increasing, there is is no accumulation and prices are maintained; sales in store at $1.25@1.30 per bushel, the outside figure for prime Lake Shore Peach Blows. Prime Jersey Sweets, $5 per bbl.

SEEDS—Clover Seed is still quoted at $7.25@7.50 per bushel. Timothy Seed at $6.75@7.00. Flaxseed in demand and sells readily at $2.18—a round lot would doubtless bring $2.20.

SOAPS—Rosin, 3⅜@6 cts; Chemical Olive, 7⅜; Crampton's, 10; Wax, 8; Babbitt's, 11; Woman's Friend, 9⅜; Dobbins, 14⅜; Kitchen Crystal, 10; Colgate's Palm, $4.75.

SUMAC—Sales Tennessee Sumac at 4⅜ cts.

TALLOW—Is dull and cannot be fairly quoted above 8⅜@8⅜.

WILLOWS—Sales Kentucky willows at 10.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, March 23, 1871.

The oil market was very quiet to day and the volume of business considerably below that of yesterday: in regard to prices there is but little change. Notwithstanding Crude has declined within the past two weeks fully one cent per gallon, there is no improvement in the demand, and this is owing to the fact that refined is also lower, so that in reality the situation is no better now with Crude at 10⅜ than it was then when it was supposed to be worth 11⅜. We clip the following significant paragraph from the Titusville *Herald*, of Tuesday: "Nearly all of the large refineries both in Pittsburgh and Cleveland have, within the past few weeks, been compelled to shut down. Our Titusville refiners still hold out, but talk seriously of shutting up their works until a better margin is offered between the price of crude and refined."

CRUDE.

Market dull and neglected, though, as compared with yesterday, without quotable change. Sales, 1,000 seller all year at 10½; 1,000 April at 10⅜; 1,000 do at 9 1-16; 1,000 seller from May until December 31st at 10⅜; 6 cars spot at 10⅜.

REFINED.

Not a single sale reported. Following are the nominal quotations: March, 23⅜@23⅜; April, 24⅜; May, 25; June, 25⅜; July, 25⅜.

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

Aladdin Oil Works 158, account Thos Chess; Eagle O W 776, account P Hutchinson; same 930, account Duncan & Young; Citizens O W 474, account W Stewart.

Total .... 2,138 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST PER A. V. R. R. & W. P. R. R.

Wormser, Myers & Co. 200 bbls refined oil to Warden, F & Co. Phila.

J. W Riter, 303 bbls refined oil to Logan Bros & Co., Phila.

Fawcett, Logan, Stockdale & Co., 200 bbls ref. oil to Logan Bro. & Co., Phil'a.

Standard Oil Co. 408 bbls refined to Warden, F. & Co., Phila.

Citizens Oil Co., 104 bbls refined to Tack Bros. & Co., Phila.

Total bbls shipped .... 1,215.

[By P. & A. Line]

PHILADELPHIA, March 23—12 M.—Crude 13⅜c; refined, March 23⅜@23⅜c; April 24⅜c bid; May 24⅜c bid; June 25⅜c bid, and July 25⅜c asked.

PHILADELPHIA, March 23—5:30 P. M.—March 23⅜c; April 24⅜c asked; May 24⅜c bid; June 25⅜c bid; July 25⅜c asked; crude 13⅜c.

NEW YORK, March 23—1 P. M.—Market dull with no inquiry of any kind; bids scarce and at low figures; crude nominal at 14c; refined weak at 23⅜@24c.

NEW YORK, March 23—3 P. M.—Market exceeding dull and declining; crude nominal at 24c; sales 500 bbls spot at 13⅜c; refined; spot dull at 23⅜c; no sales refined.

Markets by Telegraph.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 23, 1871.

FLOUR—Quiet easier.
WHEAT—No. 2 spring more active, 1c lower; closed $1 25⅜@1 25⅜; cash and seller April; this afternoon dull and unchanged.
CORN—No. 2 mixed quiet, ⅜c lower; closed 52⅜c this afternoon, steady.
OATS—No. 2 dull ⅜c lower, closed 80⅜c.
RYE—No. 2 dull 88⅜@89c.
BARLEY—No. 2 dull 80c.
HIGHWINES—Firm 87c.
PROVISIONS—Quiet easier.
MESS PORK—Closed $19 50; cash $19 00.
LARD—11⅜c cash; 11⅜c sellers May.
DRY SALTED SHOULDERS—7c.
LIVE HOGS—Quiet $6 10@7 15.
CATTLE—Unchanged.
RECEIPTS—Hogs 9,000.
SHIPMENTS—6,000.

New York.

NEW YORK, March 23.—Cotton active and advanced; middling upland 15⅜c. Flour dull and unsettled; superfine western and State $6@6.50, common to good extra $6.60@6.80, good to choice $6.75@7.35, white western extra $7.35@7.80, Ohio extras $6.75@7.80, St. Louis $8.65@9. Rye flour and corn meal quiet. Whisky steady; 91@91⅜c. Wheat dull; new spring $1,58@1.61, red and amber $1,70@1.73, California $1.72⅜@1.75. Rye, barley and malt unchanged. Corn firm; mixed western 85@86⅜c, yellow 86c. Oats dull and unchanged; western and Ohio 68@70c. Hay active; $1.10@1.15 for shipping, $1.25@1.35 at retail. Hops steady. Coffee steady; Java 18@22c. Sugar firm; Cuba 9⅜@9⅜c. Molasses quiet. Rice 8⅜@8⅜c. Petroleum: crude 13⅜c, refined 23⅜c. Mess pork new $21,00; old nominally prime pork $18@18.50; prime pork new $19@19,50; April to June $21@21.50. Beef quiet; mess 10@15c; extra 15@17⅜c; hams dull at 24@31c; prime 27@28c; India 29@32c. Cut meats heavy; hams 12@18c; shoulders 8@9c; middles dull. Lard opened dull but closed active; prime steam 12@12⅜c; kettle dried 12⅜c; April to June 12⅜@13c. Butter dull but unchanged; western 15@25c; State 30@42c.

Latest—Flour drooping at $6.60@6.85 for shipping extras. Wheat: a shade lower; new spring $1,58@1,60⅜; red and amber $1,70@1,72. Rye $1,10. Corn steady; western mixed 84⅜@85c. Prime mess beef 26@28c. Eggs firm; fresh 17⅜@18⅜c.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, March 23.—Market more animated and prices of all staple articles show more steadiness. We quote Amoskeag denims at 26c; Haymaker & Otis A X A do 22⅜c; B B 20c; C C 17c; Warren B brown 17c; Amoskeag stripes 19@20c; Uncasville 12@13c; Whittenden A 16c; Blackstone A A bleached muslins 14c; Androscoggin L do 16c; Dwight Cambria 17c; Fruit of the Loom 16c; Hill's Semper Idem 15c; Lonsdale 15c; Pepperell 6-4 bleached sheetings 22⅜c; 7-4 25c; 8-4 27⅜; 9-4 32⅜c; 10-4 37⅜c; 11-4 47⅜c; 12-4 52⅜c; Wamsutta 5-4 27c; 9-8 25c; yard wide 20c; New York mills 21c; brown mills, standard makes, 12⅜c; Pepperell 13c; heavy brown sheetings, best brands, 12⅜@13c; Stark A standard 12c; Amoskeag fine 12c, and Cabot 11c.

Live Stock.

NEW YORK, March 23.—Beeves count 1,300 head; market about ⅜c higher or 13@12c for ordinary to prime and 16@16⅜c for extra. Everything sold early and more cattle were wanted; best 44 head Kentucky grades at 8⅜c per cwt., brought 15@16⅜c; 75 head Illinois fair at 7⅜c per cwt. $15.00; 57 lbs. per. cwt.; 30 head of 6⅜c per. cwt; mixed $98,00; 80 of 7⅜c per. cwt., at 13⅜@15c. Sheep 4,300, and weaker than yesterday; thin selling at 7c; fair, 7⅜c; good, 8@8⅜c for few extra; 92 cars of Illinois, 82 lbs, 8c; 1 car of State, 81 lbs, 7⅜c; 1 car, 92 lbs, 8⅜c; 75 cars of Jerseys, 128 lbs, 9c. Hogs weaker, with 1,700 head arrived; live are worth 8⅜@8⅜c; dressed sold at 10⅜@11c; mostly at 10⅜c.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, March 23.—Flour dull and drooping; superfine to double extra $6.50; treble $7.00. Pork dull and lower; mess $21.50. Bacon dull and lower; shoulders 8⅜c; clear rib sides 11c; clear sides 11⅜c; hams 15⅜@16c. Lard dull and lower; tierce 12⅜@12⅜c; keg 13⅜@⅜c. Sugar firmer; prime 9⅜@10c; strictly prime 10⅜@12c. Molasses firm; plantation reboiled 40@50c. Corn, oats, bran, hay, coffee and whisky unchanged. Sterling exchange 121⅜; New York par; gold 111.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, March 23.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull, declined 1c; amber Michigan held at $1.46; No. 1 red Wabash $1.46⅜; No. 2 $1.44⅜; No. 3 white Wabash, $1.48. Corn dull and a shade lower; high mixed 62c; closed at 62⅜; low mixed 61c; closing at 60⅜c; yellow 62⅜c; Michigan 61c; no grade 59⅜c. Oats steady; No. 2 56c; Michigan 56⅜c. Clover seed dull but unchanged; freights to Buffalo 5c.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, March 23.—Tobacco active and not materially changed; sales of 275 hhds. Cotton firmer with small sales of middling at 14@14⅜c. Flour: low grades in fair demand; extra family $6.25; fancy grades quiet. Wheat in fair demand; sales of 2,000 bush strict white $1.48 including sacks. Corn and oats quiet and steady. Provisions dull and nominal at yesterday's prices. Whisky dull at 86c.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE, March 23.—Cotton unsteady; low middling, 12⅜c. Bulk meats; clear ribbed sides, 10⅜c. Shoulders 7⅜c packed. Bacon; clear sides, 10⅜c. Hams, 12c. Shoulders, 8⅜c. Sugar cured hams, 16⅜c. Lard, 13c. Corn, 68c. Oats, 75c. Flour, $5@8.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, March 23.—Flour firm; western family $7.25@800. Wheat quiet and weak. White Southern Corn 86c; yellow 82c. Oats 64@66c. Mess pork weak, $20.75. Bacon 9@9⅜c; do sides 11@11⅜c; do sides clear rib 11½@11⅜c; Hams 17@18c. Lard 13c. Whisky quiet 91c.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, March 23.—Flour dull; Ohio and Indiana $7,00@7.25. Wheat quiet; red western $1,65@1.71. Rye $1,05. Corn; delivered mixed at 82c; yellow 83c. Oats 66@66⅜c. Petroleum; crude 17⅜c; refined 23⅜c; May 24⅜c.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, March 23.—Flour dull and drooping; double extra spring $5,85@5,90. Wheat demand light, but held firm; No 1 $1.29½; No 2 $1.25⅜. Hogs nominal $7.25@7.50. Provisions dull and declined. Mess pork $19.50@20,00.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, March 23.—Flour—Demand light, but held firm. Wheat steady; sales 12 cars No 1 red winter at $1 47. Corn unchanged: sales 4 cars at 67c. Oats steady; sales 3 cars at 57c. Petroleum dull at $4 90; refined 22c.

Detroit.

DETROIT, March 23.—Wheat unsettled; extra $1.58; No 1 white $1.54. Clover seed unsettled and cannot be quoted.

Cotton Markets.

NEW ORLEANS, March 23.—Cotton active at 14⅜c.

CHARLESTON, March 23.—Cotton steady at 13⅜c.

MOBILE, March 23.—Cotton quiet at 14⅜c.

GALVESTON, March 23.—Cotton: good ordinary 12⅜c.

MEMPHIS, March 23.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; receipts 1,091 bales; shipments 1,012 bales.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, March 23.—Cotton steady; 14@14⅜c. Flour dull and drooping; family $6.30@6.50. Wheat firm; $1,36@1,38. Corn firm; 57@58c. Rye nominal; none in market; it would bring $1,10. Oats steady; No 2 50@52c. Barley dull and nominal; 75@85c asked. Groceries and oil unchanged. Eggs firm; 14@15c. Butter firm. Cheese firm at previous quotations. Clover seed quiet. Timothy seed firm. Pork drooping; $20. Lard dull and nominal; 11⅜c. Bulk meats dull and nominal; shoulders 7c; sides: 8⅜@8⅜c for rib, 9⅜c for clear rib, 9⅜c for clear. Bacon nominal; shoulders 7⅜c, clear rib 10@10⅜c, clear 10⅜c; small sales. Tobacco steady. Whisky quiet and unchanged; 86c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, March 23.—*Through*—148 bales oakum, J B Sneathen; 67 pkgs coffee and tea, S P Shriver & Co; 126 do confectionaries, E & C Maginn; 282 do fruit do soap and cheese, Jenkins; Reymer Bro; 108 do soap and cheese, Jenkins; 2,175 plates speltre, J Moorhead; 7 pkgs groceries, J A Renshaw; 10 bbls sugar, S H Baird; 35 bgs coffee, J S Dilworth & Co; 25 do do, S Ewart & Co; 4 rolls leather, G N Hoffstott; 5 bxs raisins, W Haslage; 5 pkgs rice, Haworth & D; 2 bbls sugar, Johnston & C; 10 cases c peaches, Kramer, V & Co; 5 bbls currants, A Kirkpatrick & Co; 30 kitts fish, Knox & Orr; 5 pkgs tobacco, J H Lippincott; 4 bbls sugar, W Means; 6 do do, J Mills & Son; 5 do fish, W Millar & Co; 10 cases oysters, C Reed; 5 bbls wine, Rodelheim & Co; 2 baskets liquor, Schmitt & F; 6 cases oysters, W J Steele Bro. *Allegheny City*—3 bxs tea, Beger & D; 4 do do, A Parret; 14 pkgs groceries, H Lentz; 2 do do, H W Afterbelde; 16 bbls zinc, F W Gadis; 8 pkgs d goods, W Semple, 5 bbls sugar, 3 do syrup, W Miller; 1 roll carpet, E Groetzinger; 30 bbls sugar, Mercer & Robertson; 3 do do, 1 do syrup, W Braun. *Local*—520 bdls paper, Hostetter & S; 5 bgs seed, A Kirkpatrick & Co; 5 bgs tallow, Struz & W; 5 bgs potatoes, Keil & Ritchart; 1 bbl beans, S Ewart & Co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, March 23.—2 car metal, Coleman, R & Co; 4 do do, Zug & Co; 5 do do, McKnight, P & Co; 1 do do, Bryan & C; 1 do do, Everson, P & Co; 2 do do, Carnagie, K & Co; 1 do do, Wilson, Glass & Co; 1 do heading, T Markle; 2 do potatoes, Armstrong & Norton; 1 do potatoes, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 8,000 ft lumber, P A Clark & Co; 100 bbls lime, A Davidson; 8,000 feet lumber, Heath & Spear; 16,000 do do, Slack & Sholes; 8,000 ft lumber, Geo. B Behms; 10 cases tobacco, Austen & Co; 10 cases tobacco, Pretzfield & Co; 10 bbls lager beer, J Kesseler; 100 bbls lime, Richard & H; 1 car metal, Reese & Graff & Co; 187 sacks barley, Spencer, McKay & Co; 8 bbls oat meal, Strickler & Morlege; 1 do do, T C Jenkins; 5 bxs glass, Carter & Bro; 226 sks oats, J Graham; 26 sks feed, Schnelbach & H; 52 sks oats, H Riddle; 1 car metal, Nimick & Co; 14 bbls g apples, 22 jugs syrup, 4 bbls beans, 2 do eggs, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 37 jugs m syrup, 1 bbl potatoes, Watt, L & Co; 9 sks c seed, Dilworth, H & Co; 31 jugs m syrup, J Porterfield & Co; 7 sks potatoes, 6 jugs m syrup, J McCurog & Co; 7 bxs butter, 2 bbls beans, Bruggerman & O'Brien; 9 bbls eggs, 3 sks c seed, Houck, J & Co; 10 kgs lard, 6 sks bags, Vanfossen & S; 6 bbls eggs, J J Pettit & Co; 3 bars h poles, Penn Salt Co; 12 bales rags, C P Markle; 50 bbls oil, S Richardson; 357 sks oats, J Rose; 300 d hides, J Hammett & Son; 7 bbls eggs, 3 do grease, 8 do lard, 5 do beans, Head & M; 7 bbls eggs, 35 sks wheat, P Duff & Son; 20 bxs soap, S Lindsay, Jr Co; 5 kgs pickels, J A Graff; 1 car pig iron, Moorhead & Co; 11 pkgs furniture, G H Dauler & Son; 83 do do, Lemon & Wise.

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, March 23.—1 car staves, Wm Hastings; 1 do lumber, Hamilton, Lemmon, A & Co; 8 bdls cast axles, W F Kramer; 4 do scrap iron, Lewis, Bailey, D & Co; 1 bbl twine, Lindsay, S & Co; 20 bbls pickles, 12½ do do, Seghmyer & V; 6 c rockers, A Ortlieb & Co; 4 oil boxes, O F Lamer & Co; 2 bxs hams, Jas Herdman & Son; 2 do h ware, S Hare & Bro; 3 mty sks, 29 sks oats, J & D M Caffrey; 23 do wheat, Marshall, K & Co; 14 do barley, F Schields; 2 bgs potatoes, Chas Woodhouse; 90 car axles, Pgh F & I Co; 5 bbls eggs, W D Cooper; 6 do do, 11 do d apples, 3 bgs seed, McCracken, G & Co; 1 car s iron, Lloyd & Black; 74 sks rye, 2 bgs bags, J W Farley & Bro; 5 bxs and 2 trunks, 2 chairs, D Grason; 1 bbl tallow, 6 hides, 2 skins, Coulter & Wilson; 190 sks barley, M Weil & Co; 6 bbls eggs, 5 do g apples, W H Graff & Co; 5 do eggs, J A Graff; 4 do do, 2 tubs butter, H Riddle; 2 bbls eggs, Voigt, M & Co; 39 sks corn, Rambow & A; 10 bdls paper, P Markle & Son; 60 sks wheat, 15 do barley, 37 do oats, McHenry & Hood; 515 b sides, 35 tcs lard, 15 bbls m pork, W B Hays & Son.

PITTSBURGH FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, March 23.—24 doz brooms, H Covers; 8 bbls apples, 1 do potatoes, W Lappe; 20 bbls hams, F Sellers & Co; 10 do spirits, Littell & M; 10 do do, 2 do gin, M Grogan; 13 bxs fish, 9 kegs a better, Bruggeman & O'B; 8 bales b corn, Wright & B; 10 bxs cheese, 8 bbls sugar, 5 do apples, N J Braden; 1 car rye, Overholt & Co; 15 bbls g apples, J J Pettit & Co; 12 do do, A T Canfield; 20 do do, 18 kgs a butter, 2 bbls eggs, H Rea; 1 bbl d apples, 1 bg beans, J W Fife; 3 pkgs butter, 10 bbls apples, 8 do ow flour, Vangorder & S; 10 do fruit, 1 do butter, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 10 bbls fruit, J H McKimmel; 207 bus potatoes, 15 bbls apples, 6 do beans, 15 kegs a butter, J A Graff, 1 car lumber, J Seibert; 13 pkgs butter, 25 bbls apples, W H Graff; 100 bbls flour, Jenkins; 9 do apples, 19 sks potatoes, J Writzgal; 2 bbls eggs; 1 bx butter, H Riddle & Son; 16 sks c seed, Woodworth & D; 50 bbls oil, G E Palmer.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, March 23.—1 car grain, Scott & Gisal; 1 do hay, Hill & Best; 1 bbl hides, Stimple & Day; 3 hides, 1 roll leather, 1 bdl pelts, Graham & Spangler; 5 bbls eggs, 1 pkg butter, J Seibert; 1 bx eggs, Pail & Gibson; 18 cars coal Coleman, R & Co; 47 do do, Armstrong, D & Co; 3 do metal, Carnagie, Kloman & Co; 2 do do, John Moorhead; 9 bbls eggs, 2 bxs butter, J Hickman; 11 bgs clover seed, Dilworth, Harper & Co; 13 sks rags, McCullough, S & Co; 2 sks c seed, S B Floyd & Co; 6 pkgs leather, H Childs & Co; 1 bbl butter, L J Blanchard; 1 car metal, Rees, Graff & D; 11 bbl eggs, 4 bxs butter, A Gallagher; 1 car lime, Henderson Bro; 2 bbls eggs, Voigt, M & Co; 3 do do, M B Sinclair.

ALLEGHENY STATION, March 23.—20 sks flour, J Stewart; 20 do do, J C Schuff; 16 do do, E B Thomas; 3 reels twine, H Gerwig & Co; 247 sks oats, Adams & Knox; 1 bbl eggs, W B Garrison; 3 cks cheese, 8 bgs potatoes, Isaac Oseeh; 2 bbls eggs, 2 bxs butter, H Lenz; 2 bbls eggs, G Meyer; 2 do do, J Kohen; 8 rolls leather, J Eisenbeis; 6 bales cotton, E Hyde & Son; 7 bbls apples, Brown & Ramage; 9 bbls eggs, J Liebendofer; 7 rolls leather, J Callery; 1 car metal, Rogers & B; 1 do do, Spang, C & Co; 4 cars cooperage, Ralya & R; 1 do lime, J K Shinn; 1 do do, J R Holmes.

WEST PENNA. RAILROAD COMPANY, March 23.—13 bgs potatoes, Krouse & Co; 17 do do, 2 pkgs eggs, Clarke & Co; 20 sks potatoes, C Holmes; 32 sks rye, 67 do oats, 12 do potatoes, 7 bbls apples, 3 bgs c seed, Bruggerman & O'B; 75 sks wheat, 14 do potatoes, lot bulk rye, Laing & McKalip; 101 hides, W Flaccus & Son; 1 bbl eggs, J Kohen; 1 car hay, G Stewart.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

CINCINNATI PER STEAMER JUNIATA.—4 pkgs tob, H Dalmyer; 11 do furniture, Fackiner & Irwin; 2 do do, Close, S & Co; 9 do do, Sterheim, R & Co; 175 bales cotton O M Harper; 22 do hemp, H Gerwig & Son; 20 hf bbls mol, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 10 hhds sugar, Head & Metzgar; 120 bbls mol, Capt J T Stockdale; 13 pkgs tob, J Fullerton; 28 bbls mol, 10 hhds sugar, W M Gormley; 15 hhds sugar, Seghmyer & V; 10 cases tob, Watt, Lang & Co; 45 bdls iron, Lewis, B & D; 54 bales b corn, 1 bbl peas, J H Spear; 15 tons ref iron, Loomis & Collard; 50 tons pig iron, J W Porter; 1,200 nail kegs, J Dickey & Co; 6 bbls eggs, 5 sks rags, Bruggeman & O'Brien; 50 bbls oil, H S O Stewart; 2 bxs eggs, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 2 do do, 19 do parsnips, 1 do onions, J J Pettit & Co; 100 bbls flour, Jenkins; 30 do do, E Heazleton; 32 bdls hubs, Hare Bros; 2 bbls eggs, J A Graff; 61 chairs, Ortlieb & Co; lot furniture, N Waiting & Co; 24 chairs, J Blanchard; 36 do do, J Kerwith; 60 do do, C A Boucher; 52 sheep, 3 horses, owners.

PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET COMPANY, March 23.—33 sks wheat, McBane & Anjer; 7 bbls flour, M Roth; 300 bxs w glass, R C Schmertz; 63 sks oats, W Manown; 4 bbls whisky, J K Lanahan; 146 sks rye, 50 do oats, 20 bbls flour, Geo Crumine; 8 bbls eggs, J H Young; 110 sheep, M Cuils; 8 pkgs butter, M W Rankin; 32 sks oats, J B Holley; 65 do wheat, W Welsh & Co; 26 do do, Marshall, K & Co; 171 sks oats, 51 do wheat, 2 bbls eggs, W H Schroyer; 4 pkgs do, 2 do m mol, Voigt, M & Co; 56 sks wheat, W McKee; 78 do flour, 38 do oats, 11 jugs m syrup, McCracken, G & Co; 17 bbls eggs, A S Carlisle.

PORTSMOUTH PER GRANITE STATE.—150 tons pig iron, J W Porter; 92 do do, Loomis & Collard; 50 bbls h wines, 10 rolls leather, 41 bxs bromina, 1 chest tea, Clarke & Co; 5 plows, Spratt, Johnston & Co; 2,000 fire brick, Jones & Laughtin; 18 ale bbls, Spencer, McKay & Co; 2 bxs axes, Lippincott & Co; 1 bbl glue, Wm Flaccus & Son; 2 bxs mdse, S Hare; 20 oil bbls, B D Moore; 12 safes, C Schultz; 4 bureaus, A Ortleib & Co; 12 do do, 8 bedsteads, H Berger; 2 doz brooms, Arbuckles & Co; 5 oil barrels, 14 bxs eggs, Houck, Jamison & Co; 2 bbls eggs, P Duff & Sons; 2 bxs furs, L Muller; 2 bxs eggs, H Rea Jr; 2 bbls do, P Duff & Son; 2 do do, J S Dilworth & Co.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No 296 PENN STREET. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for TWO STAMPS. se2

☞ MANHOOD HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED.—Just Published in a sealed envelope. Price, six cents. A LECTURE ON THE NATURAL TREATMENT, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhea, or Seminal Weakness, and impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c., by ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c. "A BOON TO THOUSANDS OF SUFFERERS." Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, to CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO., 127 Bowery, New York, Postoffice box 4586. Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. mv8:w3T

☞ THE CONFESSIONS OF AN INVALID.—Published as a warning and for the benefit of *young men and others*, single or married, who suffer from Nervous Debility, Loss of Manhood, &c., pointing out the MEANS OF SELF-CURE. Written by one who cured himself, and sent free on receiving a post-paid directed envelope. Address NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Brooklyn, N. Y. mh29:o73-d&T

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C. BARNES,
Sealer of Weights and Measures
OFFICE:
No. 5 FOURTH AVE., Pittsburgh.

RIVER NEWS.

The river continued to recede steadily with 6 feet 10 inches in the channel last evening. Weather cloudy and cool with strong indications at times of rain.

The towboat Fearless was due last evening. Business continues moderately active at the landing, though there is still room for improvement. Freights are offering more freely but prices are too low to be remunerative.

The Carrie Brooks from Zanesville, was due last night, and will doubtless be found in port this morning.

Com. W. J. Kountz has returned from Chicago.

The Juniata had one of the best passenger trips of the season on her last up trip.

Capt. Gray, announces the Ironsides, one of the finest tow boats that comes to this port, for St. Louis and the Upper Mississippi. She will be followed by the Rover.

The Esperanza will positively depart for Fort Benton on Saturday.

The Comet is filling up steadily for St. Louis and the Upper Mississippi. Capt. John M. Hare is in command with Capt. Frank McCosh in the office.

The Nellie Peck, Capt. Marsh's new mountain steamer, is announced to take her departure to-morrow.

Our St. Louis exchanges are considerably exercised in regard to the awarding of the government contract for transportation on the Upper Missouri. Last week A. F. Hawley was the successful man; now Com. Kountz & Co. seem to be uppermost. We hear it stated that the contract was made out at Chicago within the past past few days to Com. Kountz and sent on to Washington for approval.

The Granite State arrived from Portsmouth.

The Brill, Capt. M. A. Cox, will positively leave for Nashville on Saturday. She is the only boat loading for that port.

The Arlington left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Wednesday, and may be expected to-morrow.

The Lorena, Capt. Sam Shuman and the Belle Vernon, Capt. J. J. Darragh, are both filling up steadily for St. Louis and the Upper Mississippi.

The Juniata arrived yesterday forenoon and returned again last night. She had an excellent trip of both freight and passengers. She was several hours behind time in leaving Cincinnati and, with a heavy way business, was delayed beyond her usual time in reaching this port.

—A Memphis special to the Cincinnati *Commercial*, under date of 21st, says: The Arkansas River is ten feet below the top of its banks from Pine Bluff up. The river here fell two inches since last night, and six inches since the decline began. It is now nine inches below extreme highwater water mark. Above here the water is pouring over the western banks of the river, and is rapidly filling up the St. Francis Basin. But little suffering has yet been experienced by residents of the river low lands, and as the waters are expected to subside gradually from this time, no further damage is anticipated. The levee near Bolivar Landing, Mississippi, below Napoleon, is reported to have broken through, and the entire Deer Creek country is submerged. It is said the levee was cut by malicious persons. Great damage to plantations will result from the flood.

—The Cincinnati *Commercial* of Wednesday says: The Rover, with the Little Giant in tow, passed up from Pittsburg to St. Louis, with 900 tuns iron ore. Captain Sam Dean and Crate Reno are the Rover's pilots. Captain Jesse Dean and James Henderson pilot the Exchange to Pittsburgh. The Sam Roberts and Wild Cat passed up with tows of coal barges. Wm. Hall is one of the Wild Cat's pilots. The G. H. Wilson arrived from St. Louis with three barges of ore, and takes back a tow of coal.

—A Memphis telegram, under date of Tuesday, says: The Simpson Horner went up last Saturday night, and the Grand Lake on Sunday, with empty coal barges in tow. The J. H. Bigley arrived to-day, six days from New Orleans, with empty boats. She lays here until to-morrow, to rivet her boilers. The Wm. Cowan passed down Saturday last, with a coal tow for New Orleans. The Dick Fulton passed down to-day, with 280,000 bushels of coal, for Island 82.

—Mr. Boden, a citizen of Louisville, has patented an invention which, in the opinion of the Naval Board at Washington, and hundreds of practical and scientific men, who have seen the invention put to the severest tests, will preclude the possibility of a boiler explosion. Mr. Boden is now making arrangements to bring his invention into general use.

The Forty-first Congress appropriated $30,000 for the improvement of Cumberland River below Nashville, and $8,000 more to complete the survey; this, with the $12,000 expended last year, makes $50,000. The positions of the Steamboat Inspectors were also made second class, instead of third, and salariesed from $400 per annum to $1,200.

—The St. Louis *Times* of yesterday says: "The W. H. Brown, while on her way up from Cario to this city with three barges of salt, knocked out her starboard cylinder head at Island 76, and was obliged to leave her tow and come up for repairs, after which she will return and bring it up."

—The Wauanita enroute from New Orleans has for Pittsburgh: 5 hhds sugar, Dunlevy Bro; 5 mould boards, J. C. Bidwell & Co; 120 mt ale packages, Spencer, McK & Co.

OILS, COOPERAGE, &c.

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Petroleum Refinery.
SPECIALTY,
Lubricating Oils,
Manufactured by Superheated Steam in Vacuo, under Dr. Tweddle's Patent.
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de7:i56

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TACK BROS.,
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de7

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Lard and Lubricating
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Of all Grades.
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CO-PARTNERSHIP.
WAGNER, LEECH & CO., Pittsburgh.
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PITTSBURGH, January 2, 1871.
We have this day formed a Copartnership as Brokers and Commission Merchants in Petroleum and its products. Warehouse, Delaware River Philadelphia.
A. R. McHENRY, Sr., Philadelphia,
RICHARD T. LEECH, Pittsburgh,
ja16:110 I. WAGNER, Pittsburgh.

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Dealer in Petroleum,
INSPECTOR OF CRUDE OILS.
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RIVER PACKETS.

U. S. MAIL LINE.
Pittsburgh, Brownsville and Geneva Packet Company.
LEAVES DAILY AT 8 A. M., 4:30 P. M.,
FOR ALL POINTS ON THE MONONGAHELA RIVER.
STEAMER ELECTOR....Capt. DOYLE BOUGHER.
STEAMER CHIEFTAIN..Capt. ROBT. PHILLIPS.
STEAMER E. BENNETT..Capt. Z. W. CARMACK.
For further particulars inquire on Wharfboat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.
No freight will be received after 5½ o'clock.
de2:i61 A. S. CARLISLE, Agent.

MISSOURI RIVER.

FOR ST. LOUIS, SIOUX CITY and FORT BENTON.
MARCH 25, POSITIVELY.
The steamer
ESPERANZA,
JOE P. DUNLEVY..........Commander.
JOHN B. CONWAY..........Clerk.
Will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
G. H. GHRIEST & CO.,
mh21 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR FORT BENTON DIRECT.
SATURDAY, March 25—4 P. M. POSITIVELY.
The new and elegant passenger steamer
NELLIE PECK,
GRANT MARSH..........Commander.
A. D. RODOFER..........Clerk.
Built expressly for the Missouri River trade, and offering superior inducements to Shippers and Emigrants, will go through without reshipping.
For Freight or Passage, apply on board. mh20

CUMBERLAND RIVER.

FOR EVANSVILLE and NASHVILLE.
SATURDAY, March 25, 4 P. M.
The splendid passenger steamer
BRILL,
Capt. M. A. COX..........Commander.
Will leave as announced above.
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UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

THROUGH WITHOUT RESHIPPING.
For Keokuk, Galena, Dubuque and St. Paul.
SATURDAY, March 25.
The splendid passenger steamer
BELLE VERNON,
Capt. J. J. DARRAGH..........Master.
THOS. J. DARRAGH..........Clerk.
Will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage, apply on board, or to
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FOR ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK, DAVENPORT, DUBUQUE AND ST. PAUL.
SATURDAY, March 25.
The steamer
LORENA,
S. SHUMAN..........Commander.
Will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
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FOR ST. LOUIS, DUBUQUE AND ST. PAUL.
SATURDAY, March 25.
The powerful Towboat
COMET,
AND BARGES
Glendale, Sarah and Duke,
JOHN M. HARE..........Master.
mh20 Will leave as above.

CINCINNATI PACKET.

CINCINNATI WEEKLY PACKET.
LEAVES THURSDAY—4 P. M.
The new and splendid Sidewheel Packet
JUNIATA,
C. L. BRENNAN..........Commander.
Will leave as announced.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
JAMES COLLINS, or
de21 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

MUSKINGUM RIVER.

FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA AND ZANESVILLE.
Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY SATURDAY, 4 P. M.
Leaves Zanesville EVERY TUESDAY, 8 A. M.
The New and Splendid Passenger Steamer
CARRIE BROOKS.
H. DARLINGTON..........Commander.
GEO. L. REPPART..........Clerk.
Will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
ja20 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

PORTSMOUTH PACKET.

FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA, PARKERSBURG, POMEROY, IRONTON AND PORTSMOUTH.
Leaves Pittsburgh Every Monday, 4 P. M.
Leaves Portsmouth Every Thursday, 8 A. M.
The new and splendid Passenger Steamer,
R. W. Skillenger,
Capt. F. M. FLESHER,
Will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
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CARPETS.
Spring Stock,
LARGE ASSORTMENT
Finest Styles,
LOW PRICES.
Our stock of Tapestry and Body Brussels, best Two and Three Ply is especially attractive.
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NEW
SPRING GOODS!
Still Lower Prices!
NEW CARPETS,
NEW OIL CLOTHS,
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Arriving Daily!
Make your selections while the stock is fresh is fresh and unbroken and before the Spring rush begins.
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HAVE JUST OPENED FOR
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ja19:161-MWF

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fe25:z8 W. McCANDLESS, Asst. Cashier

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de1:s82

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no30:a1

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Safe! Profitable! Permanent!
JAY COOKE & CO. offer for sale at Par and Accrued interest the First Mortgage Land Grant Gold Bonds of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company.
These bonds are secured, *first*, by a First Mortgage on the Railroad itself, its rolling stock, and all equipments; *second*, by a First Mortgage on its entire Land Grant, being more than Twenty-two Thousand Acres of Land to each mile of Road.
The bonds are free from United States Tax; the Principal and interest are payable in Gold—the Principal at the end of Twenty years, and the Interest Semi-annually, at the rate of SEVEN AND THREE-TENTHS PER CENT. per annum.
They are issued in denominations of $100, $500, $1,000, $5,000 and $10,000.
The Trustees under the Mortgage are Messrs, Jay Cooke, of Philadelphia, and J. Edgar Thompson, President of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company.
These Northern Pacific 7-30 Bonds will at all times before maturity, be receivable at TEN PER CENT. PREMIUM (or 1.10), in exchange for the Company's lands at their lowest cash price.
In addition to their absolute safety, these Bonds yield an income larger, we believe, than any other first-class security. Persons holding United States 5-20's can by converting them into Northern Pacifics, increase their yearly income *one-third* and still have a perfectly reliable investment.
HOW TO GET THEM.—Your nearest Bank or Banker will supply these Bonds in any desired amount, and of any needed denomination. Persons wishing to exchange stocks or other bonds for these, can do so with any of our Agents, who will allow the highest current price for ALL MARKETABLE SECURITIES.
Those living in localities remote from Banks, may send money, or other bonds, directly to us by express, and we will send back Northern Pacific Bonds at our own risk, and without cost to the investor.
For further information, pamphlets, maps, etc., call on or address the undersigned, or any of the Banks or Bankers employed to sell this Loan.
For sale by the following Agents:
"After thorough investigation we have accepted an Agency for the sale of these popularly approved Bonds, and confidently recommend them to our customers and investors generally."
JAS. T. BRADY & CO., corner Fourth avenue and Wood street.
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MASONIC SAVINGS BANK, 131 Smithfield street.
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GENERAL AGENTS.
ja7:18-MWF

WINE OF LIFE.—The great Blood Purifier and Delicious Drink, WARNER'S VINUM VITÆ, OR WINE OF LIFE, is free from any poisonous drugs or impurities, being prepared for those who require a stimulant. It is a splendid appetizer and tonic, and the finest thing in the world for purifying the blood. It is the most pleasant and delicious article ever offered to the public, far superior to brandy, whisky, wine bitters, or any other article. It is more healthy and cheaper. Both male and female, young or old, can take the Wine of Life. It is in fact, a life preserver. Those who wish to enjoy good health and a free flow of lively spirits, will do well to take the Wine of Life. It is different from anything ever before in use. It is sold by druggists; also at all respectable saloon. Price $1.00, in quart bottles.
my9:MWFT

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GRAIN, FLOUR AND FEED,
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ESTABLISHED BY A. & T. GORMLY, 1812.
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(Directly opposite Eagle Hotel,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.

FRESH ARRIVAL
NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES
AND
New Orleans Sugar.
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de20 172 and 174 Wood Street.

NEW SUGAR CURED HAMS!
NEW SUGAR-CURED SHOULDERS,
NEW SUGAR-CURED B BACON.
SHOULDERS,
SIDES,
LARD, in Tierces, Kegs and Buckets.
LARD OIL.
For sale at reduced prices.
DALZELLS & TOWNSEND,
de30 247 Liberty Street.

L. J. BLANCHARD
Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
No. 396 PENN STREET.
ap1:x89

John Porterfield & Co.,
FAMILY GROCERS,
And dealers in Best Brands of ST. LOUIS FLOUR.
No. 15 MARKET STREET,
no14:b20 corner of First Avenue.

W. C. Armstrong,
(Successor to Fetzer & Armstrong,)
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,
ap18:x89 No. 25 MARKET STREET.

JOHN SHIPTON..........A. WALLACE
SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh.

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY
AND
Pipe Works.
Corner Carroll and Smallman Sreets,
(NINTH WARD,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.

WM. SMITH,
MANUFACTURER OF
Cast Iron Bowl Pipe,
FOR
GAS AND WATER WORKS.
My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general
Castings for Gas and Water Works
I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

WEST POINT FOUNDRY,
L. H. Smith & Co.,
Corner Duquesne Way and Water Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Manufacturers of the celebrated
ANCHOR SAD IRON,
which is PLANED, not GROUND, and therefore superior in finish to any other.
☞ Send for Price List. au10:b71

ROLLS
SUPERIOR
CHILLED
ROLLS
SAND
ROLLS
AND
PINIONS
CAST AND FINISHED TO ORDER
AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES
BOLLMAN & BAGALEY
PITTSBURGH PA

DICKSON, MARSHALL & CO.
IRON CITY FOUNDRY,
Manufacturers of
Bridge, Rolling Mill, Blast Furnace and Machinery Castings,
Corner Liberty and Twenty-Third Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. nov4:g46

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,
Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS
WASHINGTON WORKS,
FOUNDERS & MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions, Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.
Office No. 12, corner First and Smithfield streets.
Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. jal1:r52

THOS. CARLIN & CO.,
Fourth Ward Foundry & Machine Works.
SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
Manufacturers of Stationary and Portable Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Built to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes

Gibson & Riddle,
Manufacturers of
STOVES, GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c., ENGINE AND MACHINE CASTINGS, PULLEYS, SASH WEIGHTS, &c.
Office and Foundry—LACOCK STREET, one square east of Federal, Allegheny Pa. no22:h73

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

Schmidt & Friday,
IMPORTERS OF
WINES, BRANDIES, GINS, &c.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PURE RYE WHISKIES.
Nos. 384 and 386 Penn,
Cor. of ELEVENTH ST., formerly Canal.

SKATES!
SKATES!
I have one of the finest assortment of SKATES in this market, consisting of Ladies', Gentlemen's and Boys'
Rink, New York Club, and Wood Top Skates.
I have the BARNEY & BERRY RINK and CLUB SKATES, silver and nickel plated, and they are really a beautiful Skate, just the article for a nice Christmas or New Year's present. The above Skates will be sold at the very lowest prices. Call and examine Prices before purchasing and be convinced of the above assertion, at
JAMES BOWN'S,
fe17 136 WOOD STREET.

IRON AND STEEL.

Kensington Iron Works.
LLOYD & BLACK,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BEST COMMON,
Refined and Refined Charcoal
IRON.
ALSO,
Special Irons for Agricultural Implements
Flat Bar, Round, Square, Band,
Hoop, Sheet, Horseshoe, Wagon Box,
Angle and T Iron,
Cylinder, Guard and Finger Iron,
Drag and Dropper Bars,
Coal Screen Iron,
Flat Rail, Counter Sunk and Punched.
T Rail, 15, 16, 20 and 30 Pounds To the Yard.
Wrought Chairs and Spikes for same.

BOILER PLATE IRON.
OFFICE AND WORKS,
Greenough Street,
Adjoining City Gas Works,
mh23:n54 PITTSBURGH, PA.

LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
MERCHANT IRON.
And Heavy Hardware.
Carriage, Plow, Machine, Square Head Bridge and Skein Bolts,
NUTS, WASHERS, and COACH SCREWS, HARROW TEETH, PLOW HANDLE EXTENSION RODS, &c.
BOLTS, SPIKES and WROUGHT IRON SHAPES for Bridges, Dams, Piers, Breakwater and other permanent structures made promptly at a small advance in price of iron.
FOUNDATION BOLTS FOR DAMS, with ends slit by machinery, HOOK and EYE SCREW and SCREW and STRAP HINGES. Originators and Patentees of their new line of
Wagon Hardware,
Comprising Patent Wagon Box, Strap Bolts and Wrought Iron Bolster Plates, Large Head Wagon Rivets, Neck Yoke Eyes, King Bolts, Box Rods, Ruber Plates, Axle Bolts, Queen Bolts, Tongue Cap, Sand Band, Single Tree and other labor saving odd shapes of iron. Send for prices to
LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,
91 and 93 Water St., and 114 and 116 First avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DUQUESNE WORKS.
Coleman, Rahm & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
IRON, NAILS, STEEL,
Axels and Springs.
DUQUESNE, L X AND JUNIATA
FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG AND DROPPER BARS, FLANGES, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON, T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads, CROWBARS WEDGES and HARROW TEETH SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS, cut to pattern, STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A B STEEL, COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and AXLES, CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.
All Goods First Class and Warranted.
OFFICES AND WORKS—16th street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water street, Pittsburgh.
mh9

Etna Iron Works,
SPANG, CHALFANT & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Iron, Nails, Boiler Plate
AND
WROUGHT IRON TUBES.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
Cor. of Sandusky St. and West Penna. and P., Ft. W. & C. R. R's, Allegheny City.
Postoffice address, PITTSBURGH, PA. no4:g40

Pittsburgh Steel Works.
ESTABLISHED IN 1845.
ANDERSON & WOODS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Best Refined Cast Steel
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. ALSO.
Best Refined German Plow & Spring Steel.
CORNER ROSS AND FIRST AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa. de2:n41

New York, 30 Gold St. Chicago, 88 Mich. ave Boston, 137 and 139 Federal St.
Hussey, Wells & Co.,
Manufacturers of all descriptions of
CAST STEEL.
Office and Works—PENN and SEVENTEENTH STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa. fe10:m55

PITTSBURGH
Novelty Works.
FOUNDED A. D. 1833.
MOORHEAD, ADAMS & CO.,
Manufacturers of KEYSTONE STANDARD (Fairbank's Patent) PLATFORM AND COUNTER
SCALES.
Janus Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches, Paint and Coffee Mills, &c.
Corner of FIRST AVENUE and GRANT STS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sheffield Steel Works.
SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Manufacturers of every description of
Cast and German Steel,
RAILWAY SPRINGS,
ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c.
WAREHOUSE—83 Water and 100 First streets.

BLACK DIAMOND
STEEL WORKS.
PARK, BROTHER & CO.,
Manufacturers of all Descriptions of
STEEL.
OFFICE and WAREHOUSE—30th 31st and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh.

CRESCENT STEEL WOKKS.
MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,
OFFICE: No. 339 Liberty Street,
my28:x46 PITTSBURGH, PA.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

FORT PITT
Boiler, Still and Tank
WORKS.
CARROLL & SNYDER,
MANUFACTURERS OF
TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS.
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS.
SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS.
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES,
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
Cor. Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. de2:161

O'HARA BOILER WORKS
F. REPHAN & CO.,
Manufacturers of STEAM BOILERS, OIL TANKS, STILLS, AGITATORS, SALT PANS, GASOMETERS, SETTLING PANS, PRISON DOORS, CHIMNEYS, BRICHEN FIRE BEDS, &c.,
Cor. of Second Avenue and Liberty Street.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Repairing done promptly. Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

LOCOMOTIVES, &c.
THE PITTSBURGH LOCOMOTIVE AND CAR WORKS manufacture all descriptions of LOCOMOTIVES, BOILERS AND TANKS.
D. A. STEWART, President; WILSON MILLER Secretary and Treasurer; J. AUG. DURGIN, Supt. Office, No. 10 SIXTH ST., Pittsburgh. no16:h30

Samson Boiler Works,
BRENNEMAN & WARD.
Manufacturers of STEAM BOILERS, TANKS, OIL STILLS AND SHEET IRON WORK, Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 PENN STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. Particular attention paid to repairing. se15:d54

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.—After Dec. 4th, 1870, Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

EASTWARD Through Trains Leave Union Depot.		WESTWARD Through Trains Arrive at Union Depot.	
Pacific Ex	2:20 am	Mail Train	1:00 am
Southern Ex	4:20 am	Fast Line	1:20 am
Mail Train	8:10 am	Cincinnati Ex	9:30 pm
Cincin'ti Ex	12:50 pm	Pittsb'gh Ex	3:05 pm
Phila. Express	5:20 pm	Pacific Ex	10:40 am
Fast Line	8:00 pm	Way Passn'r	10:20 pm
LOCAL.			
Wall's No. 1	6:30 am	Wall's No. 1	6:20 am
Brinta Ac No1	10:20 am	Brin'n Ac No.1	7:50 am
Wall's No. 2	11:51 am	Wall's No. 2	8:50 am
Wall's No. 4	6:05 pm	Johnstown Ac.	9:50 am
Johnstown Ac.	4:05 pm	Wall's No. 3	9:20 pm
Wall's No3	3:05 pm	Braddocks Ac No. 1	7:15 pm
Wall's No. 5	11:00 pm	Brin'n Ac No. 2	1:20 pm
Wilkinsb'g Ac.	8:50 pm	Wall's No. 4	5:50 pm
Braddocks Ac. No. 1	4:50 pm	Wilkinsb'g Ac.	10:00 am

Cincinnati Express and Southern Express leave daily
Pacific Express leaves daily except Monday.
All other trains daily, except Sunday.
The Church Trains leaves Walls Station every Sunday at 9:02 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 9:50 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 1:05 p. m. and arrives at Walls Station at 2:25 p. m. Sunday Brinton Accommodation leaves Pittsburgh a 8:50 p. m.; arrives at Brinton at 9:50 p. m.
For further information apply to
W. B. STORRY, Agent.
The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding that amount in value will be at the risk of the owner unless taken by special contract.
A. J. CASSATT,
de8 General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

WESTERN Pennsylvania Railroad.
On and after DECEMBER 19, 1870, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City as follows:
(CITY TIME.)

ARRIVE.		DEPART.	
Springd'e No. 1	6:40 a m	Mail	7:00 a m
Freeport No. 1	8:20 a m	Freeport No. 1	9:20 a m
Express	10:20 a m	Claremont Ac.	11:00 am
Claremont Ac	12:53 p m	Express	2:45 p m
Freeport No. 2	3:40 p m	Springd'e No. 1	3:10 p m
Mail	[illegible]	Freeport No. 2	4:40 p m
Springd'e No. 2	6:00 p m	Springd'e No. 2	6:15 p m

Above trains run daily except Sunday.
The Church Train leaves Freeport every Sunday at 8:10 A. M., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 A. M. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 12:30 P. M. and arrives at Freeport at 2:50 P. M.
For further particulars apply to
JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent.
Federal Street Depot.
Local Tickets to all important Stations on the main line of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad.
A. J. CASSATT,
General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa
ROBERT NEILSON,
de17 Superintendent, Pittsburgh

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.
From December 4, 1870, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	1:48 a m	Fast Line	2:08 a m
Cl. & Wh'g M'l	6:38 a m	Wheeling Ex.	10:48 a m
Erie & Ygn Ex.	7:13 a m	Pacific Ex.	12:23 p m
Chicago Mail	7:23 a m	Chicago Mail	3:58 p m
Chicago Ex.	11:08 a m	Cleveland Ex.	4:13 p m
Cl. & Wh'g Ex.	3:33 p m	C. & St. L. Ex.	4:33 p m
Pacific Ex	3:33 p m	Erie & Yg'n Ex	5:43 p m
W'ellsville Ex.	4:38 p m	Cl. & Wh'g Ex.	7:18 p m
Erie Express	4:48 p m	Erie Express	11:18 p m
DEPART FROM ALLEG'Y.		ARRIVE IN ALLEGHENY	
Bea'r Falls Ac.	8:38 a m	Leetsdale Ac.	6:53 a m
Leetsdale "	10:23 a m	Bea'r Falls "	8:08 a m
"	11:53 a m	Enon "	8:58 a m
New Castle "	2:13 p m	New Castle "	10:23 a m
Enon "	3:58 p m	Leetsdale "	12:43 p m
Leetsdale "	5:13 p m	Bea'r Falls "	2:23 p m
Bea'r Falls "	6:23 p m	Leetsdale "	4:33 p m
Leetsdale "	10:43 p m	"	7:33 p m
Fair Oaks Sunday Church	1:13 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday Church	9:58 a m

☞ Chicago Express leaves daily.
☞ Pacific Express arrives daily.
☞ Fast Line leaves daily, Mondays excepted.
☞ Fast Line arrives daily, Mondays excepted.
☞ All other trains will leave and arrive daily Sundays excepted.
F. R. MYERS, Genl. Pas. & Ticket Agent. J. N. McCULLOUGH, Genl. Manager.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY PAN HANDLE ROUTE.
On and after SUNDAY, Nov. 20, 1870, trains will leave and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, city time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	1:43 a. m.	Southern Express	3:58 a.m.
Denniston Accom'n	7:13 a. m	McDonald Ac	8:03 a.m.
Pacific Ex.	11:03 a. m	Steubenville Accom'n	9:58 a.m.
M'Donald Accommod'n	11:28 a. m.	Cincinnati Express	12:28 a. m.
Southern Express	3:28 p. m.	McDonald Accommod'n	4:13 p.m.
Steubenville Accommod.	3:53 p. m.	Denniston Accom'n	6:43 p.m.
McDonald Accommod'n	5:13 p. m	Fast Line	7:38 p.m.
Sunday Ch'h Train	12:58 p.m.	Sunday Ch'h Train	9:58 a.m.

The 11:03 A. M. Pacific Express will leave daily. The 12:28 Cincinnati Express will arrive daily. All other trains will arrive daily, except Sundays. Trains on Chartiers road will leave Mansfield on the arrival of Denniston Accommodation, leaving Pittsburgh at 7:13 A. M. on Steubenville Accommodation, leaving Pittsburgh at 3:53 P. M.; returning, will connect at Mansfield with trains due at Pittsburgh at 9:58 A. M. and 4:13 P. M.
W. L. O'BRIEN, General Ticket Agent, Columbus, O.
W. W. CARD, Sup't., Dennison Ohio. de3

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
NEW LINE TO BUFFALO THROUGH THE OIL REGIONS.
On and after MONDAY, Dec. 5th, 1870, 3 through Trains daily (except Sunday) will leave and arrive at Union Depot for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

	LEAVE PITTSBURGH.	ARRIVE PITTSBURGH.
Day Express	7:20 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
Night Express	8:40 P. M.	6:25 A. M.
Way Passenger	9:35 A. M.	
Mail Train		5:50 P. M.
Brady's Bend Acc'n	3:30 P. M.	10:20 A. M.
Soda Works	6:10 P. M.	8:22 A. M.
1st Hulton	6:35 P. M.	6:50 A. M.
2d Hulton	4:45 P. M.	9:05 A. M.
3d Hulton	11:00 P. M.	1:00 P. M.
Parnassus	11:40 A. M.	2:30 P. M.

Church train to and from Hulton (Sunday) arrives at 10:10 A. M., and leaves at 1:00 P. M.
Express trains stop only at principal points. Accommodation trains stop at all stations.
Pullman's Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Night Express Trains, both ways between Pittsburgh and Corry.
Through Coaches on Day Express Trains between Pittsburgh and Brocter's.
J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen'l Supt.
de5 JAMES H. BRAY, Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.—CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after SUNDAY, Dec. 4th, 1870, Trains will arrive at and depart from Depot, corner of Grant and Water streets, Pittsburgh, as follows—city time:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Mail Train	6:50 A. M.	1st McKeesport Ac.	6:40 A. M.
Way Passeng'r	9:15 A. M.	West Newton Ac.	8:35 A. M.
1st McKeesport Ac.	11:00 A. M.	Express Tr'n	10:00 A. M.
Expr's Train	3:10 P. M.	2d McKeesport Ac.	11:45 A. M.
West Newton Ac.	4:30 P. M.	Way Passen'r	3:10 P. M.
Braddock's Ac.	5:30 P. M.	Mail Train	6:10 P. M.
2d McKeesport Ac.	6:30 P. M.	Braddock's Ac.	7:00 P. M.
3d McKeesport Ac.	10:40 P. M.	3d McKeesport Ac.	9:50 P. M.
West Newton Church Tr'n	12:45 P. M.	Church Tr'n	10:10 A. M.

Sundays only. All other trains daily except Sunday.
O. D. ANGELL,
de5 Master of Transportation.

HOTELS.

St. Cloud Hotel,
ARCH STREET, above Seventh,
PHILADELPHIA.
G. W. MULLIN. A. G. MULLIN.
The above Hotel (entirely new in all respects and newly and elegantly furnished throughout,) is now open for the reception of guests. The St. Cloud will be kept in all respects as a first-class hotel.
G. W. MULLIN & BRO., Proprietors.
☞ Terms, $3 per day. fe20:n17

MAHONING HOUSE
ORRSVILLE,
(Mouth of Mahoning,)
JOSEPH FREEMAN,
Proprietor.
GOOD BEDS and GOOD BOARD. Accommodations for fishing and hunting parties. no2:g16

ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL,
ED. BARKER, Proprietor,
Cor. Penn St. and 11th, formerly old Canal.

COAL AND COKE.

Charles H. Armstrong,
DEALER IN
Youghiogheny and Connellsville Coal,
And Manufacturer of
COAL, SLACK AND DESULPHURIZED COKE.
OFFICE AND YARD, corner Butler and Morton streets, Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth ward; also, Second street, Eighth ward, and at foot of Ross street, P. & C. R. R. Depot, Second ward.
Orders left at either of the above offices, or addressed to me through Pittsburgh P. O., will receive prompt attention.
Refer to whom I am supplying: Hussey, Wells & Co., Wm. Smith, Union Iron Mills, S. S. Fowler & Co., Mitchell, Stevenson & Co., Bissell & Co., Graff & Hugus, Alex. Bradley, Park, Bro. & Co., Park, McCurdy & Co., Reese, Graff & Dull, Wm. M. Faber & Co., J. B. Lyon & Co., James Marshall & Co., Allen, McKee & Co., Union Depot Hotel, Connellsville R. R., Pennsylvania R. R., Allegheny Valley R. R.

Oscar F. Lamm & Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CONNELLSVILLE COKE,
DEALERS IN
Youghiogheny and Anthracite Coal
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
OFFICE: ROOM No. 5, Gazette Building.
☞ Orders respectfully solicited. de1:v14

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

C. D. ARNSTHAL..........L. G. ARNSTHAL.
ARNSTHAL & SON,
Virginia and Louisville
Tobacco Agency,
SEGARS
Fine Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos,
72 SMITHFIELD STREET Pittsburgh.
my17:25

LIVERY & SALE STABLES

JOHN H. STEWART..........ROBT. H. PATTERSON
Robt. H. Patterson & Co.,
LIVERY, SALE AND
Commission Stables,
COR. 7TH AVENUE AND LIBERTY ST.,
ap28 [illegible]SBURGH, PA.

HOME NEWS.

X—Notes scarce.

XX—Still scarcer.

Snow last evening.

Snow and hail last night.

Thick—Candidates for office.

In Fashion—Kites and base ball.

Gloomy—The weather yesterday.

Financial Amusement—Kite flying.

Progressing—Public improvements.

Base Bawl—In some of our churches.

XXXX—Miss Kennedy's high soprano.

Passed—The Allegheny County Fee Bill

XXX—Highest note reached by Nilsson.

Dangerous—Trapeze or political tumbling.

A Nuisance—Corner brigades of street loafers.

Finished—The stone work of the new City Hall.

Need Improvement—A good many of our streets.

A Good Time Coming—For animals, when the new society is organized.

Pittsburgh Councils will hold a regular meeting on Monday afternoon.

Dangerous—The condition Sixth avenue is left in at night by workmen laying the water pipes.

For Sale.—One ten foot desk. Would be an elegant desk for a telegraph office. Enquire at GAZETTE office.

Letters Retained for Postage Yesterday.—Emerson, Miss Lenora A., Trenton, N. J., 3. Lee, Wm., Fitz-Henry, Pa., 3.

See in "To Let" column the advertisement of an excellent stand for a drug store, at the thriving village of Beaver Falls, by Samuel Kroesen.

We understand the friends of Mr. Gibson, of *The Paper*, have decided to buy in that journal at the sale next week, and revive it on a smaller scale.

The Dollar Savings Bank and First National Bank we understand will each give a grand Banquet, on their entree to their new and handsome homes, next week.

Two Michaels at Loggerheads.—Michael Rice ordinarily a civil and well disposed person of the Tenth ward yesterday appeared before Alderman Donaldson and entered two suits charging Michael Tolle with assault and battery and surety of the peace. Held for a hearing.

Military.—John Cowley, late First Lieutenant First Company, was last night elected Captain of the Fourth Company Duquesne Greys vice A. G. Beeson, resigned.

Mr. John T. Pilson, late of the Fifth Maryland Volunteers, First Sergeant of the same company.

Mules and Horses.—Another lot of those fine heavy draft mules for which the firm has become so favorably known, has been received by S. B. Smith, 38, Corry st., Allegheny. Also draft and driving horses for sale. Those wanting good horses and mules should give him a call.

Triple Charge.—Three informations were filed yesterday before Alderman O'Donnell by Clara Stewart, charging Georgie Reynolds, first with aggravated assault and battery in striking complainant over the head with a fire poker; with maintaining an improper house; and lastly with selling liquor without license. A partial hearing was had in each of the cases and the defendant put under bonds for a further hearing on Saturday next.

Maternal Love.—An information was made before Alderman Bolster, of Allegheny, yesterday, by Mrs. Emma Coslow, charging Mrs. Catharine Weaver with assault and battery. The parties occupy a house in common in the Third ward, Allegheny, and the child of the defendant, going into the room of complainant, did something that excited her, when she put it out with some violence. The mother observing this, "went" for her—hence this suit. A warrant was issued.

Embezzlement.—A complaint was made before Alderman McMaster by W. D. Huntley yesterday, charging R. Baumgarten with embezzlement. Mr. Huntley is the general agent in Pennsylvania for the Atlantic & Mutual Life Insurance Company of Albany, New York. He states that the defendant, who has been a sub-agent, has collected some $778 85 for policies issued and appropriated the same to his own use. A warrant has been placed in the hands of an officer for his arrest.

About a Coal Shed.—Julia Cochran, a colored lady, made an information before Alderman Thomas yesterday evening, charging Eliza Carpenter and Mrs. Schaffer with assault and battery. Eliza states that one of the parties above named put a padlock on the coal house, which is used in common by the tenants of the court in which she lives, and when requested refused to take it off, and when the prosecutrix approached for that purpose, assaulted and beat her, nearly tearing her clothes off. A warrant was issued.

Suit and Cross Suit.—William Dawson made oath before Alderman O'Donnell yesterday charging Charles Brennan with assault and battery. He alleged that the defendant struck him over the head with a water bucket, and then kicked him in the abdomen.

The defendant, when arrested, perhaps through a desire to get "even," preferred a charge of assault against the former prosecutor, alleging that the latter struck at him with his fist. Both were bound over for a hearing on Saturday.

EDITORS GAZETTE: An article in your local column, evidently dictated by the Acting President of the Oakland Railway Company, giving his version of the difficulty between the two companies, is incorrect in each and every particular. The management of the Central Company does not wish to put the public using the Oakland line to any inconvenience, but they do seriously object to furnishing the patrons of the Oakland Company conveniences, which they pay said company for, but are all furnished at the expense of the Central Company.

CENTRAL PASSENGER R. W. CO.

Out Without Leave.

Last Monday one "Wash" Colville was sent to the workhouse for sixty days; not liking his quarters, he made his escape after a short sojourn. On reaching the city he went to Alderman O'Donnell and made a complaint against the officer who arrested him, on a charge of assault and battery, ignoring the fact that his services were due at the workhouse, he loafed about the city till arrested again yesterday morning on sight; by Officer Moore. He was taken to the lock up protesting loudly and when at 10 o'clock he was removed to his Claremont residence, he struggled against a pair of bracelets with which the officers sought to decorate him, but his efforts were vain. The police twain put on the chain, and he went up lamenting.

False Pretenses and Conspiracy.

A hearing was has before Alderman Donaldson yesterday, in the case of F. M. Rumbaugh, of Parkers' Landing, charged on oath of Wm. H. Mechling, with obtaining goods under false pretenses and with conspiracy. Before the defendant left the office, T. C. Jenkins appeared and lodged another information against him for false pretenses. Mr. Jenkins alleges that the accused came to his place of business in December last, and represented that he had recently bought a hotel at Parkers's Landing, and being short of funds, asked to be allowed to buy a lot of flour on time. The man being of respectable appearance, his request was granted, and he was permitted to run a bill to the amount of $128. His assertions, however, on investigation, with regard to the proprietorship of a hotel, proved to be without foundation. Bailed for a hearing.

The Recent Triple Drowning Case.

Col. J. H. Stewart, Postmaster, yesterday morning received a letter from Mrs. Nieman, of Danville, N. Y., making enquiry as to the recent triple drowning case in this city. She had seen a paper in which an account of the melancholy affair had been given and her son, James Nieman, having left her to seek employment at Oil City, in this State, she was under the apprehension that he had been drowned. Col. Stewart at once wrote to her giving the facts of the case, and we hope her anxiety has, ere this, been relieved.

In this connection we might add that news reached Mr. McKelvey yesterday morning that a baggage master on the Fort Wayne road reported that bodies of the young man Joseph Neiman and the twins were found at Seven Mile Run. As the river has been high, and the current strong, we think this more than likely. Mr. Thomas Galbraith, father of the twins, proceeded thither yesterday for the purpose of identifying them.

Blockaded.

A blockade occurred on the Citizens Passenger Railway yesterday afternoon by which some cars were detained about fifteen minutes. The detention was occasioned by a pair of horses attached to the wagon of a dairyman whose name we were unable to learn, falling into an excavation being made opposite the Independence engine house for an attachment to the water main. Rope and tackle, and men to work them were promptly furnished by the members of the Independence engine company, and the unfortunate horses rescued from their painful situation. The wonder to us was how two full grown horses could possibly lie in so small a space, as the dimensions of the hole were not greater than three feet by four. The animals were so bruised by the fall however, as to be unable to draw their load, consequently the wagon, loaded with "grain," was left standing by the curbstone. This is the second accident of the kind that we have witnessed within a very short time, and we would ask if there could not be some means devised in making these water attachments, by which one side only of the railway track would be left open. Is there no guard that could be put up to protect skittish horses? We think the Street Commissioner could answer.

Amusements.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.—It gives us great pleasure to announce that the benefit last night for the doorkeepers and ushers was a decided success, the house having been more than "comfortably filled." To-night Miss Georgia Dickson, the sprightly and versatile *comedienne*, takes a benefit, the bill for the occasion being "Caste," "Jenny Lind" and the "Little Chap in the Big Boots." Miss Dickson has been most assiduous in her exertions to please, and we expect that the occasion will be embraced by the patrons of the drama to give her such a house as will be commensurate with her deserts.

OPERA HOUSE.—The new pantomime was most favorably received last night by a large and appreciative audience. "The Clown's Tricks" will be repeated by the Maffit and Bartholemew troupe to-night and a first-rate Olio performance will be given by the regular company.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.—There seems to be no diminution whatever the attraction elsewhere, in the crowds that nightly throng to see the graceful and beautiful dancing of the Brunettes and Blondes, Mesdemoiselles Galletti and Ronzati, who, with their eighteen colleagues, have taken everything and everybody by storm.

FRENCH RELIEF.

The Tetedoux Concert Last Evening—Full Attendance—Handsome Sum Realized.

Pittsburgh people are slow to move in charitable matters. It is quite hard to "work them up" to the giving point, and yet we should be guilty of gross libel should we assert that they are more parsimonious than ordinary genteel folks. They are only slow because one waits upon the other to take the initiative step towards doing good—perhaps from a sense of modesty, or again perhaps from a preference to give rather than to ask. At all events, we may flatter ourselves that when our people do enter into good work, they are in earnest. When an appeal to their charity is made, their purse-strings are found loosely tied, and their hearts wide open. We have built asylums, and schools for the helpless; during the war which entailed poverty and distress on so many households, and left so many widows and orphans to be cared for, which caused so much physical suffering in the army camps and hospitals, our people acted with a liberality second to that of those of no other city in the Union. We fed the hundreds of thousands of travel-fatigued soldiers who passed through our city in those exciting days; we loaded the trains going to the front with all the dainties, the comforts and the necessaries which the wants of the brave soldiers—friends or foes—demanded. Our charity, though slow, has ever been warm. When there came across the broad ocean the appeal for aid wafted from the sore-distressed, impoverished and war-blighted people of France, our people hardly knew how to act. In sentiment during the sanguinary struggle between Germany and France their sympathies were almost universally lent to the former country. There were reasons for this partiality; but when victory crowned the Emperor William an starving France called piteously for aid, the boundary lines of nations were forgotten and common humanity filled the vision. We regret to say we have not yet done our full share in the work of mercy presented. Our farmers were appealed to to send their mite in the way of seeds, in order that a famine in the future for the peasantry and yeomanry of France might be spared, but there was not a single response—not a grain of wheat, and ear of corn, a blade of grass, came in response from the richly stored barns of our husbandmen whom Providence has blessed and made happy and prosperous. Our wealthier people were appealed to to give out of their abundance, but only a few gave of their dollars to the needy and distressed of the foreign land. But last night partial atonement was made in the large, liberal and generous attendance at the concert given in aid of the suffering French by a number of German and American local amateur artists under the direction of Prof. Tetedoux, a true hearted French American citizen. Library Hall was well filled, and inasmuch as all the unoccupied seats were sold, we might add crowded. We were glad to see this glorious outpouring, for it was not only an evidence of the well-directed charity of our people, but like-wise an earnest recognition of the merits and claims of the accomplished ladies and gentlemen who had volunteered their services to contribute to the musical success of the occasion. The programme, a very choice one, opened with a brilliant trio by Messrs. P. Boehme, W. B. Edwards and Dr. J. H. McCandless, and was spiritedly rendered. Miss Annie Houston next rendered, in her usually expressive and acceptable manner, the sweet song, "There's a path by the river," and in response to a hearty encore, sang in a very good style, "When nobody's nigh." We think Miss Houston should confine herself strictly to popular music. She owes much of her success to the art she possesses of appealing directly to the heart through the *words* as well as the melody of the song, for her articulation is perfect and her musical finish loses none of its freshness and beauty from the fact. A piano offeratory from Weber, by Dr. G. Stegeman was next rendered in exquisite manner. This gentleman manipulates the ivory keys with grace, ease and brilliancy, and we truly believe for delicacy of expression and power of execution has few superiors in professional life. A delicious flute solo followed by that master of the instrument, Prof. Wm. Guenther. It was heartily encored, and another offering equally acceptable followed. Next came Mr. Paul Zimmerman in a vocal gem, "Good bye, sweetheart." We have so frequently expressed our admiration of the vocal abilities of this gentleman that adjectives on this occasion almost fail us. Those who heard the puffed up Brignoli, the artist of reputation who accompanied Nilsson—and who, on the occasion of his last appearance here, so far presumed on his past glory as to grossly distort the words of a song he sang in a foreign tongue as to make it pure school-girl gibberish and then to boast how he had sold a Pittsburgh audience on the Italian—were glad last night to realize that we possess in one of our local singers a voice that surpasses any foreign one, his not excepted, that has ever appeared before our concert foot-lights. Of course, Mr. Zimmerman was encored and he graciously responded, singing a very sweet melody which received unbounded applause. "The Photograph," a comic duet, was next rendered in fun-provoking style by Mrs. Leazure and Mr. Edward Rinehart. An encore awarded in a most vociferous way called from these two very accomplished performers a matrimonial quarrel which seemed to tickle the married folks, but which told too much truth for those contemplating the awful knot. The "Lark Song" by Mrs. C. C. Mellor, was a beautiful gem of vocalization which won a rapturous encore. "Robin, robin, red breast" was the next offering of the lady and it was equally well received. Mrs. Mellor has a rich, sweet, melodious powerful voice and under such cultivation and control as to elicit the admiration of the keenest critic. Her name on a programme is always sure to prove an incentive to attend the concert. The golden offering to the musical world left by the immortal Stephen C. Foster, the gem which English critics proclaim the only genuine musical contribution America has written in the album of true melody, "Come where my love lies dreaming" was sweetly and artistically rendered by Messrs. Breed, Edwards, Diehl and Zimmerman, and concluded part first of the programme.

Part second opened with a double quartette from Abt, all the glory and enthusiasm of the German language, rendered by Messrs. A. Oestreich and P. Sylla, A. W. and T. F. Straub, L. J. Brecht and A. W. Kredel, P. Boehme, Wm. Leffler and Koch. This was one of the most pleasing offerings of the evening. The singers all sent their hearts out in sympathy with Prussia while the cannon roared and the fate of battle impended: but when peace came, when the guns were silenced and the Fatherland was bathed in the sunlight of glorious victory and its hearthstones made glad with peace, they did not shut their eyes to the dire distress, the fearful famine which war had carried into the land of the vanquished. They heard the cry for aid and with a magnanimity pleasing to man and acceptable to God, they forgot the prejudices of race and volunteered their services to the common cause of charity. We need not say that the audience was forcibly struck with this exhibition of true nobility on their part. They proved themselves capable of exercising mercy, of rising in the name of Charity above the plane of enmity, higher than the level of hatred and prejudice. The double quartette was exceedingly well rendered, and reflected high credit to all the interpreters. "The rose," a solo, was next rendered by Miss Kate Northan, a lady that deservedly holds front seat among our amateur artists, one possessed with an extraordinary voice, full of emotion and expression. She sings naturally. There is no evidence that she strains a point to secure a measure, but all is even, secure and fine. The last time we heard this singer, who has always been a favorite with us, she labored under a severe cold, and sang to poor advantage. Last night, not so. She sang well and perfectly, and when the last sweet note faded away there arose a hearty encore which made the stout hall rock from foundation to dome. In response to a hearty encore, she sang with much grace and beauty "Call me thy own," which we did, although perhaps not agreeable to herself, if taken outside of the musical sense.

The "Goat Bells" was next offered by Mrs. M. A. Woodward, which was rendered in her usually artistic manner, and which pleased the inexorable and appreciative audience so much as to demand a repetition. Next the "Veil," a quartette of considerable merit, composed by our fellow townsman, Prof. Ebert, and then was introduced the bright, particular star of the evening. Miss Inez Kennedy, daughter of James W. Kennedy, Esq. She sang Millard's "Waiting," with an improvised scale to develope her extraordinary voice. Miss Kennedy is a care-worn child, one that has been kept too closely applied to study. She is pretty. Innocence lends the best charm to her beauty. We pitied her as she came to the foot-lights. She had been so liberally advertised, and the audience expected *so much*! One little girl out of a thousand could hardly have faced the music under such circumstances. She did not. We forgave the pale and death-like color which drove the ruddy red from her cheeks. We forgave the trembling and nervousness, for little Inez was a heroine no matter to what disadvantage she appeared. The piano sounded the notes and the sweet little songstress commenced. She filled the hall with her voice. Death-like stillness prevailed. Every note was caught and measured by the critical. The *high* was attained: that point in vocalization which no other woman on earth can reach, and the audience, those who knew and who did not know the grandeur of her voice, applauded wildly and in earnest. The little artiste again tripped forth and in an encore song surpassed her good beginning. Her success was complete. Now let us hope to hear this young lady few times in public. She has wealth in her voice. Let it not be drawn upon too often. Others as brilliant in childhood by a too early application of power have been exhausted and broken down. Miss Kennedy, if she lives, if those who have her in charge do not fall into the common error that the voice of childhood can be carried into womanhood, even so that great tax be levied upon it from early development, *is destined to prove the greatest vocal artiste America ever produced.* Metropolitan journalists may laugh at the prophecy, but we know whereof we speak.

Following Miss Kennedy, Miss Annie Miller, in a feeling contralto voice which reached the common heart, rendered the ballad, "Lady of the Sea," and in response to a hearty encore, sang the celebrated "Storm" legendary song. The "A, B, C" duet by Miss Anna Houston and Mr. Wm. Rowe followed and was vociferously, but to no purpose, encored. The Cantata "Peace," an original, and decidedly good original composition by Professor Ebert, closed the pleasant evening's entertainment.

ORDERED TO DIXMONT.

An Insane Case Disposed of in Court.

Yesterday morning in the Court of Quarter Sessions a hearing was had on the petition of Mr. Robert Steen, praying that David Steen his son be committed to Dixmont. The petition set forth that the young man had been mentally unsound for some time past and that recently his actions became so violent that it was feared that he might do bodily harm to those by whom he was surrounded; they felt afraid to keep him longer, and were not able to maintain him as a private patient at the Western Pennsylvania Hospital, at Dixmont. The petitioner further expressed his inability to make such provision for the man as was necessary. Hence it was petitioned that he, as a resident of the Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, and within the jurisdiction of the Guardians of the Poor, be taken in charge by them and sent to Dixmont.

The court, after hearing the evidence in the case, ordered that the prayer of the petitioner be granted. The patient was accordingly taken in charge by Mr. Fortune and sent to Dixmont yesterday afternoon.

The Recent Kerosene Accident.

At noon yesterday Mrs. Catharine Folmer one of the victims in the recent fearful Kerosene explosion in the twenty-second ward, was very low and her life was despaired of. Dr. Clark whom we met on his way to visit her, stated that yesterday was the turning point in the case, and that if she passed it safely, there was hope of her ultimate recovery.

Her daughter Emma, we are glad to state, although still very low is out of danger.

RETRIBUTION.

Execution of the Williamsport Colored Murderer—He Confesses his Crime—Last Scenes and Incidents.

Lloyd Britton was executed Wednesday at Williamsport, for the murder of Jacob Bay, a German, on the evening of the 16th of November last.

HOW IT WAS DONE.

Between eight and nine o'clock on the evening mentioned above, just outside of the corporate limits, Bay and another German met at a low drinking house, where they had some talk about the arrest of one Bardhard Thompson, for alleged theft. Bay decided to inform him of his danger, and started to find him. He was gone about twenty minutes, when he returned. After the lapse of several minutes Britton came in, having in his hands a chisel, screw-driver, and a small frame for holding stereoscopic pictures. Bay and Britton at once recognized each other, and were for a long time engaged in a familiar and confidential conversation, after which the former treated the latter to a glass of cider. Britton soon left the house, taking the tools with him. Bay also left in a short time, but returned in a few minutes, bleeding profusely from a wound in the abdomen, and exclaiming: "I am stab'ed in the belly; I am dying—I cannot live," &c. He stated that he had been stabbed with a chisel in the hands of Britton, who had suddenly assaulted him and then jumped over a fence and disappeared, and begged that those in the house should go in pursuit of him. The wounded man was at once taken in and medical aid summoned.

The governing motive which led to the commission of the crime seems to have been jealousy. Near the tavern of Haas, where the parties met, lived a married mulatto whose virtue was not above suspicion. This woman had, it appears, been receiving visits from both the white and the colored man—Bay and Britton. On several occasions Britton had been heard to remark that he "would kill any d——d white man he saw coming out of there."

On the evening of the stabbing Bay was in her house, and soon after leaving Britton came to the door and asked for the tools already alluded to, which were handed to him by the woman. On receiving them be remarked to her, "I saw that man that just left here; I know who he is; that's the last of him." He then proceeded to the tavern, where he met Bay, and entered into conversation with him, partook of his hospitality, and then left before him, evidently with the intention of waylaying and murdering him.

It appears that Bay, after leaving the tavern had gone back to the residence of this woman, and it was just after leaving the house that he was so suddenly confronted by Britton, who stabbed him with the chisel. The stabbing occurred near the house, and from the rays of a lamp, which was burning brightly in the window, Bay was enabled to distinguish and recognize his assailant. Had it not been for the rays of the lamp it is probable that the murderer would have escaped, as there would have been no means of identifying him.

On the following day Britton was arrested on the charge of stabbing Bay. He was found by the officers with his brother-in-law, engaged in digging a well about two and a half miles from the city. A few minutes previous to their arrival he was informed by a friend that he would be arrested for the stabbing, and advised to leave. To this he replied that he had not stabbed him, and did not intend to run away. He evidently believed that the crimes could not be fastened on him, on account of the darkness of the night.

When this conversation occurred the well-diggers were eating their dinner, and it was observed that Britton ate no more afterwards. He arose and walked back and forth and a tear was observed to trickle down his black and hardened cheek. He then remarked that he had a notion to go down to the tavern and see about it, when a comrade remarked, "If you are innocent, why need you bother yourself going to see about it!" He replied,

"Well, they might stick a fellow for it anyhow." He then proposed to go to work, it being his turn to descend into the well. Soon after reaching the bottom, the officers were seen approaching. Britton was informed of of the fact, when he exclaimed, "O pshaw! are they far enough off for me to get out and get away?" His comrade replied, "If you are innocent stand your ground." They came and informed him of the nature of their business. He asked to be drawn up, and when told of the charge preferred against him, remarked "that he had no cause to stab anybody." He was at once taken into custody. He had a hearing the same day before City Recorder Dietrich, when he was committed to jail to await trial.

The same day of Britton's arrest the District Attorney and others visited the wounded man, who made a statement *in extremis*, charging the colored man with having cut him with the chisel. The prisoner was brought before him the same afternoon. The moment he perceived him he exclaimed "You are the man who stabbed me." After this positive identification Britton was removed to the jail to await the result of the injuries he inflicted.

Just one week (almost to the hour) from receiving his injuries, Bay expired. A *post mortem* examination revealed the fact that his death was caused by a wound in the abdomen, which had penetrated the peritoneum. The internal wound was found to be one inch in breadth and was located five inches from the hip bone. The outward cut extended obliquely upward three and a half inches, terminating abruptly. The physicians were decided in their opinion that death was caused by the wound and that it could have been made by a chisel.

Bay was a stout, healthy German, a stone mason by trade and about 49 years of age. He leaves a wife and a large family of children.

The prisoner was brought up for trial on the second of December, 1870, before His Honor James Gamble, President Judge. The trial was quite exciting, lasting five days. The District Attorney was assisted by able counsel in the prosecution of the case, and distinguished legal ability was engaged to defend the prisoner. On being arraigned he pleaded not guilty. After a careful and exhaustive trial, he was found guilty of murder. His counsel immediately moved for a new trial and in arrest of judgment. The Court granted a mutual rule for taking depositions, and appointed a commissioner for that purpose. The depositions were filed and the motion for a new trial argued on the 21st of December. On the 9th of January the Court delivered an elaborate opinion, overruling the motion, and immediately pronounced sentence of death on the prisoner. He received his sentence with apparently stolid indifference, when he was remanded to prison.

Lloyd Britton, according to his own statement, would have been fifty years old on the 10th of October, 1871. In appearance he is a man below the medium height, stout built, and perfectly black. He seems to possess less of the characteristics of the race than are usually found in full-blooded negroes. He has rather a mild appearance, and would never, on first sight, be taken for a man capable of committing murder, or one engaged in so many acts of crime as his history will show.

Quite an excitement was manifested among the citizens from an early hour in the morning. Large numbers of people including many colored people who had been acquainted with the condemned man, gathered around the county jail within whose walls the hanging was to take place. The family of the doomed man took leave of him last evening, when his spiritual advisers appeared and remained several hours. He retired at one o'clock and slept soundly until five o'clock in the morning, when he arose and partook of breakfast and set about preparing for death with great coolness. He even joked with visitors about the Sheriff going to put a rope around his neck. As the hour appointed for the execution approached crowds of people assembled in front of the jail and the Sheriff was overwhelmed with applications to witness the sickening spectacle. About one hundred and fifty persons were admitted into the jail yard, including the members of the press. Britton partook of dinner and then smoked his pipe leisurely. At 12:35 the Sheriff came to his cell and informed him that he was ready; Britton signified that he was also ready.

His arms were then pinioned and he walked to the scaffold assisted by two white ministers of the Methodist church, who ascended it with him. The sun was shining brilliantly and the criminal cast a last and hurried look around him. Prayers were then offered and the noose was adjusted. He was asked if he had anything to say, when he replied, "I did kill him." Within three minutes of one o'clock the drop fell, when the spirit of the criminal fled and was with its God. His neck was not broken, but in less than ten minutes he was dead.

ALLEGHENY FIRE MATTERS.

New Engine Ordered—The Firemen to be Uniformed.

Last evening the Committee on Fire Engines of Allegheny Councils held a meeting, at which there was a full attendance, Chairman Dalzell presiding.

The matter of the purchase of a new engine for the city was under consideration. It will be remembered that Councils, at a recent meeting, authorized the purchase of the engine, provided the cost did not exceed $4,500. The Committe, acting under under these instructions, decided to make a contract with the Amoskeag Company of New England for the construction of a new engine, to be of the kind known as second-class. The steamer will be similar to the "Friendship," which is considered one of the best in the city for all practical purposes. There will be several slight modifications, which it is thought will be improvements. Among these will be a change in the framework, by which the front wheels will be so arranged that they can be turned under the carriage—an advantage which is apparent. The engine will be well finished and in all respects equal to the "Friendship." The cost will be within a fraction of the amount stated—$4,500.

The Committee further had before them a communication from Chief Engineer Crow in reference to uniforming the firemen after the style adopted in Pittsburgh. They discussed the subject at some length, and seemed rather favorable to the proposition, but took no decided action. It is quite likely, however, this change will be made, provided Councils so approve at their next meeting.

The New Steamboat Esperanza.

This is the name of a very fine new Steamboat built under the supervision of her popular commander, Capt. J. P. Dunlevy, by H. B. Cock & Co., at Brownsville. She has been planned and built in special adaptation to the Missouri river trade, and we suppose that for that trade no better boat is afloat. In the structure of the Esperanza throughout, in all her departments of Hull, Engine, Decks, Cabins, &c., the purpose of the Captain and the skill of the contractors are conspicuous; her dimensions are, length 179 feet; beam, thirty-three feet; hold, five feet. She has forty-four inches shear. Main kelson, fourteen by five and a half inches; bilge kelson, ten by five inches, floor streaks, nine by three inches; plank on bottom, four inches. She is extra fastened throughout and will pass A No. 1 of her class. Boilers, breeching, chimneys and blacksmithing by Douglass & English. She has three boilers thirty-six inches in diameter, twenty-four feet long with double flues, main chains one and three-quarter inches; relief chain, one and one-fourth inches; ship, one inch. Machinery by James P. Rees; cylinders fifteen inches in diameter, five feet stroke, doctor pumps &c., complete. Bedding by Holtzman & Weiderhold; table-ware by O'Leary; painting by Boggs & Murphy; copper work and kitchen outfit by James Kincaid & Sons, spars, derricks, trucks &c., by Billy Evans; brass work and bell by A. Fulton's Son & Co; yawl and sounding boats by Stephen Rodgers; carpets by Bovard, Rose & Co., furniture by T. B. Young. The cabins are well adapted for the trade, and built by Cromlow & Coon, of Brownsville. It has sixteen large state rooms well furnished.

The personnel of this fine boat will consist of Captain Dunlevy over all, forward, aft, amidships, athwartships, stem, stern, cabin and hold. Only in the office are the honors divided with the chief clerk, Captain J. B. Conway, an experienced and accomplished officer and gentleman, with whom it is a pleasure to transact business or accompany on a trip to the mountains, whither the boat is bound, expecting to complete her cargo and be off this week. May her career be as safe and prosperous as her prospects are bright and promising.

A good advertisement is a good Sign.

DESTROYED BY FIRE.

Extensive Conflagration in Allegheny—A Saw Mill and Paper Manufacturing Establishment Destroyed—Rapid Spread of the Flames—The Buildings a Total Loss—Estimated Loss $100,000.

Last evening Allegheny was visited by one of the most disastrous conflagrations which has marked its history for a long time.

The scene of the conflagration was the extensive paper mill of Mr. James Howard, located between Beaver avenue and the river, just below the new school house, and half way between Ohio avenue and Rebecca street. The mill was a large three story brick building, consisting of two wings joined together at right angles; one of them fronted and extended along the bank of the river about one hundred and twenty feet and the other joined to it, ran about the same length toward Beaver avenue, forming on L shaped structure. It had been constructed in 1857, and was filled with a complete stock of machinery, consisting in part of eight rag mills, three engines, &c., capable of turning out as much paper each day as any mill of the kind in this section. Mr. Howard was engaged exclusively in the manufacture of wrapping roofing, and wall paper, and at the time of the fire had about $10,000 worth of manufactured goods on hand. The mill was kept running daily, and it was contemplated to increase the force and run "double turn" through the night, after next week.

The men had been working in the mill all day, and at six o'clock shut down to go home. Mr. Howard's son who was in charge of the works, had in company with several employes, just reached Beaver avenue, about three hundred yards from the place, when one of the men called his attention to smoke and flame issuing from the "rag picking" room located in the center and lower floor of the building which fronted on the river. They all ran back, but had not reached the place before the flames burst out apparently from all parts of the structure. It seemed to have spread quick as a flash of gunpowder and in a very few moments the mill was enveloped in flames. So fast did it spread that though the men were on hand in less than five minutes they could save nothing, and indeed were prevented by the heat from approaching very near the building.

An alarm was sounded as soon as possible to which the Fire Department responded promptly, but their efforts were of no avail. In less than twenty minutes after the first alarm, the interior of the paper mill had been burned out and the walls commenced to fall in. There was a large crowd gathered about the place, but fortunately the dangerous condition of the walls was observed in time, and the lookers-on all managed to keep at a safe distance away—a wise precaution which prevents us having any accident to record.

By the falling of the walls the heat was made more intense, as the breeze fanned the burning wood and increased the flame, and this was the cause of the destruction of other property.

Located parallel with a part of the paper mill, and extending from the river one hundred and forty feet toward Beaver avenue, was the extensive saw mill of Messrs. D. L. Patterson & Co. The mill was a story frame building and was surrounded by dry lumber upon all sides besides containing a quantity of finished stuff. There was a space of about seventy-five feet in width between the burning building and the saw mill. The flames, fanned by the wind, shot across this space and set fire to the mill, which burned like tinder. The men were still working in it, but they managed to get out—and that was all. Nothing was saved, and in a few moments throughout its entire length the saw mill was a sheet of flame. This added to the heat and the firemen were compelled to move back a short distance, when finding it impossible to save either of the burning buildings they turned their attention to the surrounding property and succeeded in thus preventing the spread of the conflagration. By their efforts the fire was confined to the two buildings designated.

Though the buildings practically were destroyed in less than twenty minutes, the fire from the burning embers continued for two or three hours, emitting dense volumes of smoke and occasional flashes of flame, which at a distance seemed greatly to magnify the extent of the conflagration.

It was somewhat difficult to state the losses in the confusion, but from the figures received, it is estimated at near $100,000, although we think that is rather a high estimation.

Mr. Howard estimates his loss at nearly $75,000. The building with its machinery in 1857 cost nearly $70,000; twenty years, however of service had racked it somewhat, and we think less than that figure would replace machinery and all at present. He lost, however, about $10,000 on stock. From fifty to sixty thousand, we think, would cover his entire loss. Upon this there is an insurance of $25,000, principally in foreign companies. The only home companies which suffer are the Cash and Western, which have each $2,500. This is the third time Mr. Howard has been burnt out. As in former occasions, so in this case, he has not lost "pluck" and he proposes to rebuild immediately.

Messrs. Patterson & Co. estimate their loss at from $20,000 to $25,000. This was principally in machinery and lumber which was destroyed. They have an insurance of $5,000, divided among the National, of Allegheny, Pennsylvania and Western.

The fire will not interfere with their business, as they have another mill on the same lot, which will be kept going. They will rebuild immediately.

The origin of the fire is a mystery. It is said there was no fire in the room where it broke out. Mr. Howard says he can only account for it from the heating of the journals in the rag mills. Evidently it started from among the rags, and that a spark from the friction of the journals set them on fire seems reasonable, as they had been running at full speed. The matter, however, will be investigated by Fire Marshal Butler to-day.

THE COURTS.

District Court—Judge Hampton.

THURSDAY, March 23.—The case of Schleiper vs. Pulpress, action on note, reported yesterday, was concluded this morning. Jury out.

The next case taken up was that of Smith vs. Kuebler, action on boot account. Verdict for plaintiff in sum of $264.72.

The case of the Superior Press Brick Co. vs. Bracken was the next taken up. This is an action on a book account. On trial.

TRIAL LIST FOR THURSDAY.

171. Frazier, et al. vs. Montgomery.
84. Wesson vs. Kerr.
11. McGaw et al. vs. Standard Oil Company.
14. Dicken for use vs. Wiedman.
16. Mulholland vs. Heffron et al.
26. Johnston vs. Schiffhaner.
29. Cubbage vs. Stephenson et al.
56. Cubbage vs. Stephenson.

Criminal Court—Judge Collier.

THURSDAY, March 23.—The jury in the case of John Doyle, charged with assault and battery with attempt to commit a rape on Sophie Lawrence, after being out since yesterday afternoon, this morning returned a verdict of guilty, but recommended the prisoner to the mercy of the Court. Sentence was deferred.

The jury in the case of James Scott, tried yesterday on an indictment charging him with assault and battery, with attempt to commit a rape on Sarah Normine, returned a verdict of not guilty, and ordered the prosecutrix to pay two-thirds the costs and the defendant one-third.

The case of "Doctor" Brooks was the first case taken up this morning. The defendant, it will be remembered, is charged with attempting to procure an abortion on the person of Miss Nixon, a young woman living in Greene county, who had been entrapped in the wiles of a young man named Preston, at whose instigation she visited "Dr." Brooks for the purpose named. Miss Nixon was sworn and testified that the defendant had made the attempt alleged. After the case had proceeded for some time, two or three jurors, who had been out all night, complained of drowsiness, and in consideration of this fact the court postponed further trial of the case until to-morrow morning at half past nine o'clock, in order to allow the wearied jurymen rest.

The circumstances in this case are peculiar and involve in addition to the indictment against Brooks, a murder case which will soon come up in the Courts of Washington county. It seems that after the parents of Miss Nixon became acquainted with her condition, information was made against Preston, who was arrested, but subsequently escaped. He came back to the town some time in January last, and the officers went to arrest him. They found their man at Clarksville, near Washington, and took him into custody. While being taken back he shot one of the officers named Craft in the abdomen, causing a wound which soon produced death. He is now in the jail at Little Washington awaiting trial.

We published the particulars of the case in full at the time, which must be still fresh in the minds of our readers.

William Woodward was then placed on trial on an indictment charging him with committing an assault and battery on a boy named Cullinen. The case is still on trial.

TRIAL LIST FOR SATURDAY.

Com. vs. Thos Kees.
Com. vs. Chas. Harbough.
Com. vs. Richard Hancox.
Com. vs. Abraham Skirball.
Com. vs. John Schleiter.
Com. vs. Anna Brann.
Com. vs. Wm. Rebbrin.
Com. vs. Daniel Kelersher, 2 cases.
Com. vs. Park Bradley.
Com. vs. John Kelly and C. Steuart.
Com. vs. John Doyle.

Common Pleas—Judge Sterrett.

THURSDAY, March 23.—The jury in the case of W. S. Bissell vs. Dr. Vandevort, et al., action for rent, tried yesterday morning, returned a verdict for the defendant.

The case of Lawrence Purcell vs. Delaware Mutual Insurance Company. This was an action to recover $4,000 insurance for damages sustained by a fire which occurred at plaintiff's saloon on Liberty street, in May, 1867. There was at the time but little damage by the fire, but the plaintiff claims that his stock was considerably des'royed by water and a great deal of it lost by "spilling out" when the barrels were moved. He made out his claim of damages for $4,000, which was rejected by the Company. They suggested that two appraisers be put on to assess the damages—one to be appointed by each party according to law. Purcell refused this, and the Company put on the appraisers, who fixed the damage at $17. He of course refused this, and a lawsuit was the result, in which however, he took a non-suit. The present action is a revival of the old claim. Case still on trial.

All parties on the surety of peace, desertion and abandonment cases should be in court promptly at 9½ o'clock, A. M., in order that the cases may be disposed of promptly.

TRIAL LIST FOR FRIDAY.

268. Dalzell et al. vs. Kurtz et al.
18. Woolfolk vs. Miller et al.
87. Robidson vs. Dedrick.
90. Dickson vs. Claney.
97. Armstrong vs. Hill.
102. Walters vs. Kaizer.

Violations of Revenue Law.

Yesterday morning W. S. and Joseph Head, wholesale liquor dealers, were charged by Revenue Officer R. M. Cready, before United States Commissioner Gamble, with violation of the Revenue Law, in failing to pay their April tax, and neglecting to keep the books required by law. They gave bail in the sum of $8,000 to appear for trial at the May term of Court.

Patrick Griffin, of Canonsburg, Washington county, was charged by Officer Gillespie with a violation of law in not paying the special tax on his business as retail dealer. Also with having whisky barrels, the stamps on which had not been canceled. He was committed in default of bail.

Bauer & Zimmerman were also held in $500 bail for the May term of Court, for failing to pay the April tax as retail liquor dealers.

An information was also made against Ignatz Raber, of Birmingham, tobacco dealer, for selling tobacco in packages not stamped, and non-entry of the details, required by law, in proper books.

Still at the old business—John L. Dawes has never quit the painting.

Buchanan.

The following uncalled for letters remain at the Buchanan Postoffice, March 23, 1871. Please ask for advertised letters, giving the date of the list.

Aigo Mrs Wm
Biglo Mrs Kate
Boyle Annie
Brenneman C
Bott Wm L
Briggs M
Bale Sarah J
Brown James
Brown Alex
Brown John
Brannen Wm F
Buron Michael
Beatty Ruth
Burns Mrs A
Barr Mrs John
Beech Leonard
Carson Jas H
Camp Thomas
Chalton Mrs M
Charlton Jos
Charlton Geo H
Corbett D H
Coles John
Connar W J
Campbell Mrs M J
Campbell Alex
Carter W Jr
Doyle Henry
Davis Geo
Davis John P
Dowen E
Dunham Marg't
Donahue Mary
Evans Mary E
Falk Jos C
Fipler David
Fenton Jas
Falkenstein J
Farrel Patrick
Gardner Mary
Griffin Marg't
Gillespie Carnet
Hartz J F
Harrow Lizzie
Hepton James
Hammond B
Hein Vilma
Hinkle W C
Humphreys S
Hugh John H
Henry Rev J C
Herold Mary A
Irwin Aggie
Jones Jas L
Jamison Mary A
Keans Jno
Kramer W F
Kistler Kate
King Miss S B
Kress Carrie
Lewis Jas
Lynch John
Levy August T
Morgan Mary
Morgan Edwin
Morley Kate
Mullen John
Myers M
Moss Mary
Martin Jno L
Martin Mrs W Y
Murray Mary
Muler David
McElroy Mary
McCready Robt
McCaslin Jas
McFadden Jno
McMahon Lizzie
McCormick Jno
McCarey Mrs J
Naysmith Geo
Pritchard E B
Pedley Wm F
Park Mrs A
Park Mrs John
Pratt John
Rowe Joseph
Rees John D
Rose Henry
Ramsey J K
Reed Jesse
Reilly M S
Smith Laura
Smith Bella
Smith Geo W
Smith James
Shaff Louis
Shannon Annie
Schuler Herman
Stevenson Sarah
Stewart G
Stewart S J
Snyder Chas
Schlicker Nora
Sitsman Nick
Shellman Eliza
Slocum Benj
Saunders Wm
Stanley Robt
Storer Louise
Storer Thos
Thomas John
Thomas John
Ward Thos
Williams G E
Williams Frank
Wilson Robt
Wilson John
Walker Geo
Walker Mary E
Walker Michael
Weyner John
Watkins Ric'd
Young Wm
R G M G

P. HOERR, P. M.

Stone Sewer Pipe.

Sewer contractors and plumbers will please notice the advertisement of the "Hill & Adams' Sewer Pipe Co.," in another column. This company was established in 1848, being the oldest and most extensive Sewer Pipe Manufactory in America. They have agencies in the most prominent cities of the East, West, North and South. Their agencies in Pittsburgh and Allegheny have been established a number of years, and have furnished most, if not all, the large pipe used by both cities in constructing their sewers. Stone pipe is recommended by the City Engineers and Councils of all cities wherever it has been used. Allegheny and Pittsburgh have both adopted the Stone Sewer Pipe for all sewerage purposes. Their pipe is made from 1 to 24 inches calibre, highly vitrified, made with ring or socket, and warranted to make a perfect joint. Elbows, branches, curves and traps for each size of pipe are always in stock. Mr. C. G. McMillen, the present agent, would be glad to have all parties wanting the best pipes for draining and sewerage purposes, to call and examine the pipe made by the above company. They have also for sale at the warehouse chimney tops, hydraulic cements, flues, fire brick, fire clay, &c., which will be sold at wholesale and retail at the very lowest prices. Please call or send for price list. We assure our friends and readers that the Hill & Adams' P. P. Co. are reliable, and will fill all orders promptly. Office and warehouse Nos. 65 and 67 Sandusky street, Allegheny.

Correction.

EDITORS GAZETTE:—In your notice of a mishap to a gentleman while crossing Fifth avenue, you have been misled by your informant in relation to the speed of the horses. The driver is very careful, and we were not going rapidly at the time. The gentleman was crossing. He stopped as though he was waiting for the carriage to pass, and this confused the driver, and he did not know that the gentleman intended to cross until the carriage passed, hence the accident; and, as the gentleman said to me, no one could blame the driver. I do not think any one could say that the horses were going faster than a very slow trot, but all, however, should be very careful.

R.

To the Public.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH, 164 Fourth avenue, Mar. 11, 1871.

As our city is liable a visitation of that terrible disease, *small pox*, (it being now very prevalent in some of the Eastern cities), we would urge upon our citizens the importance of immediate vaccination. The Physician of the Board of Health will be in attendance at the office of the Board, No. 164 Fourth avenue, on Monday of each week, from 2 to 3 P. M., for the purpose of gratuitous vaccination, and all persons are urged to avail themselves of the opportunity.

By order of the Board of Health,
ood:lm. CROSBY GRAY, Health Officer.

The best advertisement you can have is your Store painted.

MONEY TO LOAN.—Bonds Stock and Mortgages bought and sold by George B. Hill, corner of Wood street and Third avenue. tf.

For house or sign painting go to John L. Dawes & Bro., 98 Third avenue.

GENERALITIES.

THE first trailing arbutus of the season is announced.

CARGOES of oysters are now shipped from New York to London, for seed.

THE *Revue Des Deux Mondes*, the leading magazine of the world, is offered for sale.

KING JOHN of Saxony is translating Spencer's Faerie Queen into German verse.

A PROFESSOR of the Irish language is to be found at Notre Dame University in Indiana.

PAULINE LUCCA has announced in Berlin that she positively is coming to America the ensuing autumn.

THE New York *Sun* wants the Democrats to take Charles Sumner for candidate for President in 1872.

THE New York *Republican* has appeared, it is in all proabiliay another of those journals which are born to die

GEN. BURNSIDE is to deliver a lecture in Bristol, R. I., on "Paris During the Seige, and an interview with Bismarck."

A LITTLE boy, two and a half years old, lunched on friction matches in Elmira, a few days ago, and was buried on Sunday.

BRIGHAM YOUNG keeps a bit of crape on his hat all the time for his mothers-in-law, of whom he has lost twenty seven in the past five years.

RUMOR says Mr. Bancroft has resigned his position as Minister to Russia, and only awaits the arrival of a successor before going to Italy.

DURING the year 1870 Roman Catholic churches and institutions in New York received from the municipal government the sum of $730,782 34.

SENATOR SUMNER is said to spend all of his surplus income upon engravings. He paid his chairmanship of the Committee on Foreign Relations for a few cuts.

SPECIAL cars for the negroes have to be provided on the street railroads of Savannah, and it is said that not a dollar income per day is derived from this obligatory custom.

THE Chicago *Times* remarks that last Friday the body of a man was seen floating in the river at Milwaukee, but as the clothes did not seem to contain any valuables, no efforts were made to recover it.

AN eccentric woman, Mrs. Mary Gaines, who had been unfortunate in two marriages, recently took a third husband without legs, for the reason, as she alleged, that he could not run away from her.

THE new ship Jean Ingelow is now ready for sea at Portsmouth, N. H., and on Monday a photograph of her was taken as she lies at the wharf, to be sent to the charming English poetess for whom she is named.

A YOUNG lady, aged 27, of London, England, has recently sued an old man of 75 for breach of promise of marriage. The venerable defendant is a widower, whose youngest child is more than 40 years old.

THE Duke Ernest of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha will be accompanied during his trip to the United States and Mexico, on which he will set out at the beginning of June, by Dr. Augustus Peterman and Frederick Gerstnecker.

W. K. DAVIS, believed to be an American, fell or leaped from the top of the Pyramids lately and broke his neck. His conduct had been so strange for some days that the probability is that he intended to commit suicide.

IN London, every eight minutes, night and day, somebody dies; every five minutes a child is born. This great city contains as many people as the whole of Scotland, twice as many Denmark, and three times as many as Greece.

BERTHOLD AUERBACH writes from Strasburg to a friend in Dresden: "Believe me, my friend, under German rule, Strasburg will, in less than five years, be more populous and prosperous than it ever was whiie it belonged to France."

A LITTLE negro child, about seven years of age, was burned to death in an old field near Mobile about a week since, by the grass taking fire and overtaking her before she could make her escape. When the body was found the flesh was entirely crisped.

A PET GOAT belonging to an Irishman in Macon, Ga., ate up seventy dollars in greenbacks, which he found in an open trunk in his master's room. The Irishman gave the goat a sound beating and dosed him with castor oil, but didn't get back his money.

ON Rowland Hill's idea of not letting the d—l monopolize all the good tunes, a Sunday school superintendent has introduced a new sacred song, the refrain of which reads: "Take, now, this Bible—this Bible—this Bible; take, now, this Bible of your sire."

IN New England the girls give Copenhagen parties and the young men pay to get in. The money thus raised is given to some charity, previously announced. This is very benevolent, but it is not refinement. Clarified kisses are now bought and sold for church purposes.

IN a town not far distant from Atlanta, an offender against the municipal laws was sentenced to imprisonment in the jail. A young man who was indebted to him offered to pay the debt by taking his place in the calaboose, but the Mayor wouldn't accept the substitute.

THE mean man has now gone to Providence, R. I. One of his servants receives many letters from her friends in Ireland, and he suggested that as they came through his box, she ought to pay her share toward the rental of the box. And he deducted the amount from her wages.

THE DARK BLUE is the name of an English Magazine which one would think ought to have a large circulation, as a few of its regular contributors are Thomas Hughes, Arthur Helps, Swinburne, Historicus, Charles Reade, Frank Buckland, Tom Hood, Wm. Morris and Samuel Smiles.

THE New York *World* of Wednesday says: A nest of five cases of small-pox—two adults and three children—was discovered on Forty-eighth street, near Eighth avenue, Brooklyn yesterday. The physician, a German, said he was treating his patients for measles. He was taken before Justice Walsh and fined fifty dollars.

THE Columbus, Ohio, *State Journal* remarks: "In politics it is not the emotion of friendship to each other that draws men together—it is a feeling of common dislike for somebody else. Sumner and Thurman turned loose on a desert island would hate each other. Add Grant, and Sumner and Thurman would become friends."

THE Louisville *Courier Journal* says: The very large reward that is offered for the capture of Bill Forrester the supposed Nathan murderer, is creating quite an excitement in police circles everywhere. If he should escape with his life, it is, we believe, the intention of Mr. Forrester, as soon as the affair blows over, to enter the lecture field

THE Boston *Post* says: "What in Pennsylvania or Massachusetts is mildly called a row, is magnified in the South into an insurrection." Now the idea of a Boston paper deliberately speaking of Massachussetts and Pennsylvania in the same breath and on equal terms is so new as to take us completely by surprise Such condescension from the *Post* should be gratefully received.

ON the trip of Drs. Howe and Wheelwright to the interior of San Domingo, the Alcalde of a little village called on them, and seeing a traveling flask in Dr. Wheelwright's pocket, invited them to come and take a drink with him. Arrived at his house, he produced glasses and water, and tapping the doctor on the pocket, softly murmured—"Rum, rum." And so the party took a drink with the Alcalde.

THE Princess Dagmar is the probable ruler of Russia. She is a woman of remarkable strength of character, and her husband, the heir presumptive of the Russian throne, who is little better than an imbecile, is entirely under her control. This being the state of affairs, it is interesting to remember that the woman with so much prospective power, has brought with her from Denmark, the most intense hatred for Prussia.

AARON B. CAMPFIELD, sixty-two years of age, and an old citizen of Newark, committed suicide at the United States Hotel, Morristown, by shooting himself He was missed from the breakfast table, and upon the proprietor of the hotel entering his room, he was found lying upon his face, still breathing. He died in a few moments, having almost blown his brains out. The act was premeditated, as he had borrowed the pistol the previous evening and had spent the night in writing letters to a number of friends. He was unmarried.

THE growth of the new German city on Long Island, called Breslau, astonishes almost everybody. It was incorporated eighteen months ago, and covers 3,000 acres of land It is now quite as large and its buildings quite as handsome as any of the villages on the Island. It has churches, hotels, stores, manufactories, and all that goes to constitute a country village. On Easter Monday 3,000 Germans will hold a peace jubilee, the new Catholic church will be dedicated, an oration will be delivered in the afternoon, and a ball given in the evening.

MADAME SEEBACH, while in Washington, was robbed of some $2,700 worth of diamonds and jewelry. The most important item in her loss was an elegant watch presented to her by the Queen of Holland, which, apart from the value of historic associations, had an intrinsic worth of about $1,600. It was in the form of a beetle, thickly incrusted with diamonds and rubies. Touching one spring caused its wings to open, revealing the dial of the watch, and another spring opened to the view of the donor, with a highly complimentary inscription.

BARON GEROLT, the Prussian Minister, and his wife, will return to Prussia in May, after a residence in America for nearly thirty years. Thetr departure, sad enough after so long a residence, will be rendered the harder to them, as they will leave both their daughters in Washington The elder daughter will be married to Rangabee, the Charge d'Affairs of Greece, on the 17th of April. The younger, it is said, proposes entering the convent at Georgetown. Both these ladies are natives of the United States and have never known any other home. Sir Edward Thornton will succeed Baron Gerolt as Dean of the Diplomatic Corps.

THERE is a tree planted in the capitol square in Richmond which is a real curiosity. One must not judge of it by its appearance, for it consists of but a stem and two branches, the whole in shape like a pitchfork, and is an ugly-looking product of the forest. Its bark is rusty, crisp and curly like a nigger's wool. This tree is a wonderful production of the forest, nevertheless. It was brought to Richmond from Montana Territory, and in the summer time throws out leaves of extraordinary size, and bears fruit not unlike an egg in shape, but as large almost as a man's head. It is wonderfully odoriferous and throws out a sweet perfume for a large space around.

DIED:

MALONEY—On Wednesday evening, the 22d inst. at 9 o'clock, Mrs. CATHARINE MALONEY, in the 40th year of her age.

The funeral will take place on FRIDAY MORNING, the 24th inst., at 9 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 619 Liberty street, to proceed to St. Patrick's Church. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

WILCOX—On Thursday morning, March 23d, at 2 o'clock, MINNIE FRANCIS, only child of Geo. N. and Emma Wilcox, aged six years and three months.

Another flower has faded,
Another birdling flown,
Our hearts are crushed and bleeding,
For Minnie dear is gone.

Funeral on FRIDAY EVENING, at 3 o'clock, from No. 172 Juniata street, Allegheny City. Friends and acquaintances of the family are invited to attend.

(Cleveland *Leader* and Wheeling papers please copy.)

BENNETT—On Wednesday evening, March 22, 1871, EMMA, only daughter of the late Samuel Bennett, in the eighteenth year of her age.

The funeral will take place from the residence Henry Pratt, No. 107 Federal street, Allegheny City, FRIDAY AFTERNOON at 2 o'clock.

☞ALEXANDER AIKEN, Undertaker, No. 166 FOURTH AVENUE. Coffins of all kinds, Shrouds, Crape, Gloves, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Agent for Raymond & Co.'s Patent Metallic Burial Cases. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

☞WILLIAM J. DICK & CO., Undertakers, 118 GRANT STREET. Every variety of Coffins constantly on hand, and every description of funeral furnishing goods at lower prices than they can be had elsewhere. The best carriages and hearse in the cities furnished. Agents for Raymond & Co., Patent Metallic Burial Cases.

Humphrey's Homepathic MEDICINES.

A complete line constantly on hand. Also, a full line of

Patent Medicines, Sponges, Soaps and Toilet Articles.

☞Prescriptions carefully compounded at

ROSENBACH'S Drug and Prescription Store,
140 SMITHFIELD STREET.

Great Western Gun Works.
RIFLES, SHOT GUNS, REVOLVERS.

Caps, Powder, Shot, Wads, Bullets, Game Bags, Shot Belts, Powder Flasks, Gun Material and Sporting Goods of every description at very low prices. I deal exclusively in Fire Arms and Gun Material and have the only full assortment in the city, and sell at lower prices than can be had anywhere in the country. Call and see or send for a price list before purchasing elsewhere. Fire Arms neatly and promptly repaired. Guns for hire. Cents for sale. Army Rifles, Carbines and Revolvers bought or traded for.

J. H. JOHNSTON,
Great Western Gun Works,
ja21:180 179 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Med--Bach--Londinensis
Dr. GRIFFITH, from London.

Treats all diseases (Acute or Chronic) of Children and Adults, on the most approved principles at his office,

No 145 FIFTH AVENUE, corner of Wylie.

Furnishes his own remedies. Consultation free. Terms reasonable. Credentials, first-class.

Office hours, 8 to 12 A. M., 2 to 5 and 7 to 9 P. M., Pittsburgh, Pa. mh11:c5

IF YOU WANT A LARGE COOKING RANGE for a fine house, get BISSELL & CO.'S PITTSBURGH RANGE. It is the finest finished and best range made in Pittsburgh.

235 LIBERTY STREET.

HOMINY.—25 bbls Pure Pearl Flint Hominy, for sale by J. B. CANFIELD, 141 First avenue.

Victoria's Married Daughters.

Her Royal Highness Louisa Carolina Alberta, sixth child of the Queen, was born March 18, 1848, and was twenty-three years and three days of age at the time of her marriage. On the 20th ult. a bill granting an annuity to the princess passed its third reading, and thus she will have £30,000, or $150,000, per annum to live on. It is said that she will reside in Edinburgh; again that she will go to Halifax (it is to be hoped not, in a certain sense). The match being with a subject, and not with some German prince, is said to excite the displeasure of the new Emperor of Germany. The other princesses of the royal family were "settled in life" as follows:

Her Royal Highness Victoria Adelaide Mary Louisa, born November 21, 1840, was married to His Royal Highness the Crown Prince of Prussia, January 25, 1858, and has issue two sons and a daughter.

Her Royal Highness Alice Maud Mary, born April 25, 1843, married, in the 19th year of her age, His Royal Highness Prince Frederick Louis of Hesse July 14, 1862, and has issue two girls and a boy.

Her Royal Highness Helena Augusta Victoria, born May 25, 1846, married His Royal Highness Prince Frederick Christian Charles Augustus, of Schleswig Holstein Landerburg Augustenburg, July 5, 1866, and has issue a son, born April, 1857.

The sixth child is the Princess who was married this week.

Her Royal Highness Beatrice Mary Victoria Feodore is the last girl of the Royal family, and was born April 14, 1857; but, as her sister Louisa was married to a Scotch nobleman, it is not unlikely Beatrice will be wedded to an Irish sprig of nobility.

FEW eminent Frenchmen have done more to involve France in a war with Germany, and suffered more severely in consequence, than Emile de Girardin. For calling upon the commander of Paris to let loose upon the German soldiers the wild beasts of Jardin des Plantes, and calling William the First a fool, bloodthirsty monster, and the modern Attila, Girardin has been indicted in Baden, and his beautiful villa at Baden-Baden has been seized by the authorities. His three houses in the suburbs of Paris were destroyed during the seige, and the circulation of his paper—*La Liberte*—has dwindled down to a few thousand copies.

Live Stock.

BUFFALO, March 23.—Cattle market active this morning, yesterday's advance sustained. Receipts 230 cars against 247 same day last week and sales were as follows; 132 head Canada steers ranging from 977 to 1,471 lbs., $6,00@7,50; 61 Canada stockers 800 and 813 lbs., $5.25@5.40; 121 Ohio steers, 1,353 to 1,431 lbs., $7,62½@7,80; 34 Illinois, 1,333 lbs., $7,87½; 18 New York, 1,150 lbs., at $6,50 and 14 state bulls, 1,253 lbs, at $6,25. Milch cows dull and the supply exceeds the demand, common to good selling at $38,00. Sheep, prices are a shade off, but all offerings disposed of; sales made of 363 head Ohio averaging 90 lbs. at 7c; 186 head do at $6,30; 188 head do averaging 78 lbs. at 6c; 415 head do averaging 55 lbs. at $4,50. 449 Missouri averaging 90 lbs. at 7c; 170 head Ohio at $4,33 per head. Hogs drooping with sales of 200 head at $6,75@7,50 for stall fed and stocked pigs.

BALTIMORE, March 23.—The cattle market yesterday was active; 550 head sold at a slight advance on last week's prices, a few cattle remaining unsold; first quality 5¾@6¾c, medium 4¾@5¾c, inferior to ordinary 4@4¾c; receipts 895, sales 793 head. Hogs: demand moderate towards the close; receipts small; prices higher, though the market closes weak under the prospect of an improved supply; quoted at 10@10½c net; receipts 2,572. Sheep: supply light and good are in demand; fair to good 6@7c, good to extra 7@8c, fair to good sheared 5@6c, good to extra $6@6¼c; receipts 1,224 head.

—At Morris, Illinois, on Friday, Caesar Cowles attempted to murder his divorced wife by shooting her with a revolver. He fired four shots, only one of which took effect, penetrating her skull. Mrs. C. is still alive, and there are hopes of her recovery. Cowles jumped into the rear part of the wagon in which Mrs. Cowles was riding with a gentleman with whom she was staying, and commenced firing, and continued until he was knocked out by the gentleman.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

IRON CITY NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, March 17, 1871.

☞AT A MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS of this Bank held on the 16th inst. GEO. R. DUNCAN was elected Assistant Cashier.

mh18:59 J. MAGOFFIN, Cashier.

☞AN ELECTION for PRESIDENT and SIX DIRECTORS of the MANCHESTER SAVINGS BANK, will be held at the Banking House, on SATURDAY, the 25th day of March, 1871, between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock P. M.

mh15:c30 THOS. B. UPDIKE, Cashier.

☞OFFICE OF THE MONONGAHELA BRIDGE CO.—The Directors have this day declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS a share, payable to the Stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 8th inst., at the Banking House of N. Holmes & Son.

JOHN G. HOLMES, Treasurer.
PITTSBURGH March 3, 1871. mh7:n72-d&T

☞OFFICERS, SOLDIERS, SAILORS AND MARINES who want the 160 ACRES OF CHOICE LAND, or full particulars respecting the same, should purchase "HOMES IN THE WEST," a neat book of over 100 pages, published by B. F. BROWN, Pittsburgh, Pa. It contains something of interest to all who served in the army or navy ninety days or upward; gives a description of Kansas, Minnesota, Nebraska and other leading cities of the West; all the preemption laws, &c., &c. Price 50 cents. For sale at Room No. 4, New GAZETTE Building, or sent to any address on receipt of price and stamp.

Adpress B. F. BROWN, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

Drs. Jordan & Davieson,

Principals of the Institution of Anatomy 807 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Lecturers on Anatomy, Physiology and Science, inform their friends and patients that they have opened a Branch Office for the practice of their profession at 198 PENN ST., Pittsburgh, Pa., where one of the firm may be confidentially consulted for a limited period more especially in all those cases of diseases and debility, for the treatment of which they are so justly celebrated. It is too well known that hundreds, nay thousands, suffer from the effects of early indiscretion, and seek in vain for relief. For none but the educated Physician, who has made these subjects a specialty is likely to succeed in restoring the patient to health and strength.

To all such, Drs. JORDAN and DAVIESON offer certain and speedy relief, and undertake no cases but those in which they are able to guarantee a safe, certain, and permanent cure. Their important Medical Work may be had from their office, 198 Penn street, on receipt of 25c.; and also as usual from their head establishment, 1625 Filbert street, Philadelphia. Hours of consultation, from 10 A. M. till 2 P. M., and from 5 P. M. till 8 P. M.

Every case is strictly confidential. no30:147

MERCHANT TAILORS.

R. B. NORRIS,
Merchant Tailor,
No. 279 PENN AVENUE,
Pittsburgh,
mh18:c51 Five doors above Ninth street

NEW SPRING GOODS.

A splendid new stock of

Cloths, Cassimeres, &c.,

Just received by HENRY MEYER,
mh6:n36 Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield St.

GLASS, QUEENSWARE &c.

RICHARD E. BREED.........JOHN J. HENDERSON

R. E. Breed & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
CHINA,
Glass and Earthenware,
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Silver Plated Ware,
TABLE CUTLERY.
No. 100 Wood St.
ESTABLISHED 1828.

HENRY HIGBY...ALBERT HIGBY...ROBT. M. CUST

HIGBY, CUST & CO.,
No. 189 Liberty St.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers and Jobbers in CHINA, QUEENSWARE, GLASS and SILVER-PLATED WARE.

The attention of all requiring goods in the above line is directed to our Stock, imported directly from the best European markets, and we are now receiving a fresh and desirable lot of the above goods. ap1:v43

LACOCK, HAWTHORN & CO.,

TIN ROOFERS and Manufacturers of all kinds of Galvanized Iron Cornices, Window Caps, Brackets, Ventilators, &c. Contracts taken in any part of the country for Roofing Cornice work Tin, Copper or Sheet Iron work. No. 28 Ohio St, Allegheny City, Pa.

HOME AMUSEMENTS FREE TO ALL!

THE HOLIDAY JOURNAL, containing a Splendid Story, Plays for all Seasons, Magic Tricks, Curious Quirks, Experiments, Engravings, &c., 48 pages. SENT FREE on receipt of one stamp for postage. ADAMS & CO., ja24-TF-T Publishers, Boston.

AUCTION SALES.

SUBURBAN RESIDENCE AT AUCTION.

Will be sold on the premises on SATURDAY, March 25th, at 3 o'clock P. M., the elegant Residence and Grounds now occupied by R. T. Kennedy, Esq., near Verner Station, P., Ft. W. and C. R. R. There is about Eleven Acres of Ground, the greater part of it in a very high state of cultivation, and the balance a beautiful natural Grove of Forest—Oak and other Trees. A portion of the Grounds are planted with the most the best variety of Fruit, such as Apple, Pear, Peach, Plum, Cherry and Quince, all in full bearing; and also a great variety of small fruits, such as Grapes, Raspberry, Gooseberry, Currants, Strawberries, &c., &c. There is a fine cold Grapery and a great variety of Flower Roots.

The improvements are a first-class Frame House; on first floor there is a long Parlor, Library, Dining Room, Bed Chamber and Kitchen, with Range and Hot and Cold Water. There is also a Summer Kitchen with Cooking Room, &c., &c. On the second floor is Six Bed Chambers, Bath Room and Reservoir supplied from a well of as pure cold water as there is in the county, by a very ingenious little piece of machinery, connected with a Water-wheel, which is run by the water in a little ravine that runs through the property.

There is also a good Tenant House, Stable, Carriage House, and all necessary outbuildings.

The House is supplied with Gas from Allegheny City.

This Property is in a good neighborhood, lays up well, having a splendid view of the whole surrounding country, and is only about eight minutes' walk from Verner Station, and only a short drive from the city by the New Brighton Road, and is worthy the attention of all looking for an opportunity for investment or Desirable Country Residence.

Terms made known on day of sale.

Persons wishing to attend this sale will leave the Allegheny station on the 2:13 P. M. train, and will be supplied with Tickets by calling on

C. H. LOVE.
REAL ESTATE AGENT, 58 FOURTH AVE.
mh21:679

OFFICIAL.

PROPOSALS.—Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of the Pittsburgh Water Works up to March 29th, 1871, for furnishing all FERRULES required from April 1st, 1871, to April 1st, 1872. For further particulars inquire at the office of the Water Works or to

mh9: JOSEPH FRENCH, Superintendent.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER, ALLEGHENY, March 23, 1871.

NOTICE.—The assessment for the construction of a BOARD WALK on Perrysville Plank Road, from Jefferson street to head of steps opposite Beaver street is now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until MONDAY, April 3d, 1871, when it will be returned to the City Controller, to serve notices for the payment of the same.

CHAS. DAVIS,
mh23:47 City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER, ALLEGHENY, March 23, 1871.

NOTICE.—The assessment for the construction of the Sewer on Webster street from North avenue to Jackson street is now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, March 29th, 1871, when it will be returned to the City Controller, to serve notices for the payment of the same.

CHAS. DAVIS,
mh23:46 City Engineer.

OPENING WEBSTER STREET, PITTSBURGH.—NOTICE.—The assessments made by the viewers on the opening of Webster street are now in my hands for collection. Persons on whom assessments were made are required to pay the same within thirty days from this date, after which time the unpaid assessments will be filed as liens against the properties assessed, with interest, cost and fees.

J. F. SLAGLE, City Attorney.
MARCH 14, 1871. mh15:65

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, March 23, 1871.

To Sewer Contractors.

The Sewerage Commission of the City of Allegheny are prepared to receive proposals for the construction of the following Sewers, with their appurtenances, (inlets, manholes, &c.):

Contract No. 1.

Comprising about 700 feet of 6½ feet, and about 1300 feet of 5½ feet, and about 100 feet of 3 feet Circular Brick Sewer, from present terminus of main sewer along P., Ft. W. & C. R. R. to the west side of Preble street, in the Sixth ward.

Contract No. 2.

Comprising about 350 feet of 3 feet Circular Brick Sewer on Sandusky street, from the North line of Park Way, to connect with the Canal Sewer.

Contract No. 3.

Comprising about 650 feet of 3 feet Circular Brick Sewer on Ravine street, in the Eighth ward, from Main street to Butler Plank Road.

Contract No. 4.

Comprising about 675 feet of 18-inch Circular Pipe Sewer on Beech street, from Allegheny avenue, to connect with the Grant avenue sewer.

Drawings and specifications can be seen and full information obtained at this office.

Bids must be endorsed "Sewer Proposals," Contract No. 1 (or 2 as the case may be,) and delivered on or before 3 P. M. MONDAY, March 27, 1871.

Forms of Proposals, on which forms alone bids will be received, will be furnished at this office.

The Commission reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Commission.

CHAS. DAVIS,
mh23:60 CITY ENGINEER.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

NOTICE.—The Co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm of

Z. Gillespie & Co.,

is hereby dissolved by mutual consent, Zacharias Gillespie and Joseph Kilch having this day purchased all the interest of William M. McCallin therein.

The business of the late firm will be continued under the same firm name by the remaining partners, Z. GILLESPIE and JOSEPH KILCH, who are alone authorized to use the name of the late firm in the settlement of the business, and to whom all debts due to said firm are to be paid and all claims presented for settlement.

Z. GILLESPIE,
WM. M. McCALLEN,
JOSEPH KILCH.
PITTSBURGH, February 21, 1871.

Having sold my entire interest in the business of the above firm to my late partners Z. Gillespie and Joseph Kilch, I cheerfully recommend them to our former friends and patrons, and solicit for them a continuance of their patronage.

mh18:062 W. M. McCALLIN.

DISSOLUTION.—The Co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of B. STUEBNER & CO. was dissolved on the 17th of March by mutual consent. HENRY KNOEBEL only is authorized to receive all debts due the firm.

HENRY KNOEBEL,
B. STUEBNER.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned, successors to B. STUEBNER & CO., will continue the business of decorating China and dealing in China, Glass, Queensware, &c, at the old place of business, 169 Smithfield street, under the name of McLAIN, STUEBNER & CO.

WILL McLAIN,
THOS. S. MAPLE,
BERNHARD STUEBNER.

I take great pleasure in recommending the new firm to my former patrons.

mh20:071 HENRY KNOEBEL.

NOTICE—DISSOLUTION.—The Co-Partnership heretofore existing between W. H. HOPE and SAMUEL McAFEE, under the name of

Hope & McAfee,

in the House and Sign Painting business, has been this day dissolved by the withdrawal of Samuel McAfee.

All persons indebted to the firm will make payment to the undersigned, and all having claims will present them to him.

W. H. HOPE.
PITTSBURGH, March 15, 1871.
mh17:c52

DISSOLUTION.—The Partnership heretofore existing under the style of KIER, FOSTER & KIER, Was dissolved on the 21st day of January, 1871, JAS. M. KIER disposing of his interest in the firm to the remaining partners, who will carry on the business as usual under the firm name of KIER & FOSTER.

S. M. KIER,
JOHN FOSTER,
mh11:04 JAS. M. KIER.

GRAY'S IRON LINE.

For St. Louis, Davenport, Dubuque and St. Paul.

THE STEAMER

IRONSIDES,

W. C. GRAY.....Commander,
Leaves as above on SATURDAY, 25th inst.

THE STEAMER

ROVER,

THOMAS GREENLEE.....Commander.
Leaves on SATURDAY, April 1st.

For Freights, at lowest rates, apply to
G. H. GHRIEST & CO., Agents, or to
mh15:034 K. C. GRAY, 91 Water street.

NOTICE.—In accordance with the Act of Incorporation, Books for subscription to the Capital Stock of "a Company to erect a Bridge over the Ohio River, from West Pittsburgh and Temperanceville, at or near the mouth of Saw Mill Run, Allegheny County, to the City of Allegheny," will be opened as follows, to-wit:

At the office of Roberts, Martin & Co., in Temperanceville, on Monday and Tuesday, the 24th and 25th days of April, 1871.

At the office of D. L. Patterson & Co., No. 74 Beaver avenue, Allegheny, on Wednesday, the 26th day of April, 1871.

At the office of R. H. & H. E. Davis, No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny, on Thursday and Friday, the 27th and 28th days of April 1871.

At the office of Phelps, Parke & Co., No. 10 Sixth street, Pittsburgh, on Saturday, the 29th day of April, 1871.

The books will be open from 10 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock, P. M. on each of said days.

By order of the Commissioners,
mh23:059 JOHN E. PARKE, Secretary.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.

BELL AND BRASS FOUNDERS.

Engine, Locomotive and Rolling Mill Brasses made promptly to order. Office—852 PENN STREET. Foundry—Corner 17th and RAILROAD STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

GLASS-MAKERS' MATERIALS.

100 Tons Common Soda Ash.
100 Tons Refined High Test Ash.
200 Bags Nitrate of Soda.
25 Bbl's best Manganese.
10 Casks Black Lead.
10 Kegs Garland Arsenic.

For sale by J. B. CANFIELD,
mh21 141 First avenue.

PLASTERERS' MATERIALS.

100 Bbls Frenche's Selected Calcined Plaster.
100 Bbls Sloan & Harris' do. do.
100 Bbls Fremont White Lime.
200 Bbls Cleveland White Lime.
200 Bbls Eastern White Lime.
200 Bbls Louisville Cement.

For sale by J. B. CANFIELD,
mh21 141 First avenue.

IF YOU WANT A SMALL COOKING RANGE, not high in price and economical on fuel, and warranted to operate well, get BISSELL & CO.'S SMALL IMPROVED RANGE—for its cost, it excels any small range extant.

235 LIBERTY STREET.

NOTICE.

JOHN ZINSER,
Tavern, West Pittsburgh.

The License Board will hear the above application on APRIL 1st, at 10 o'clock A. M.

mh21:080 JOSEPH BROWNE, Clerk.

AMUSEMENTS.

☞PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.

Manager.....M. W. CANNING.

FRIDAY EVENING, March 24,
Benefit of the favorite actress,
MISS GEORGIE DICKSON,

And last night but one of YOUNG AMERICUS. The performance will commence with Robertson's celebrated comedy of

CASTE.

After which YOUNG AMERICUS, with Solos on his Baby Violin. To be followed by the Musical farce of

JENNY LIND.

To conclude with the farce of the LITTLE CHAP IN THE BIG BOOTS.

Saturday evening—Benefit of Palmer and Crosby. Americus and Uncle Tom Matinee on Saturday.

☞OPERA HOUSE.

V. E. BEAMER.....Lessee and Manager.

THURSDAY, March 23. CARNIVAL OF FUN. Entire New Bill. Best Entertainment in the City.

MAFFITT AND BARTHOLEMEW

In the Comic Pantomime entitled THE CLOWN'S FROLICS, abounding in Tricks and Comic Incidents.

LAZELLE and MILLSON and the Star Company in new and novel features.

Matinee Saturday afternoon.

☞TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.

FRED. AIMS.....Manager.

To-night, greatest new bill yet. Glorious success of the beautiful sensations, the Grand Alhambra Brunette and Blonde Ballet Troupe of 18 lovely young lady artistes, their first visit to this city, led by the great reigning favorites of the dance, M'lle Galleti and M'lle Renzati in the grand Black Crook Demon Ballet. Also Charley Howard, J. S. Berry, Harrigan and Hart, and 30 other artists, with the new comic piece. Saturday, 2 30 Popular Matinee.

☞LIBRARY HALL.

GRAND CONCERT
For the French Relief Fund,
THURSDAY, March 23d.

The most talented American and German amateurs of Pittsburgh have generously offered their services for this occasion.

The Programme, with the exception of a German Double Quartette, will be composed exclusively of English pieces.

Admission, $1. No extra charge for secured seats. The sale of secured seats will open on Wednesday morning, at 9 o'clock, at the Music Store of Mellor & Hoene, 53 Fifth ave mh18

INSURANCE.

Western Insurance Co.
Of Pittsburgh.

ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
CAPT. GEO. NEELD, General Agent.

Office 92 Water street, Spang & Co.'s Warehouse up stairs, Pittsburgh.

Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home Institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

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Phillip Reymer,
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oc21

CHARTER 1829 PERPETUAL.
FRANKLIN FIRE INSUR. CO
OF PHILADELPHIA.

OFFICE 435 AND 437 CHESTNUT STREET.

Assets on August 1st, 1870, $3,009,888 24. Capital, $400,000 00. Accrued Surplus and Premiums $2,609,888 24. Losses paid since 1829, over $5,500,000. Perpetual and Temporary Policies on Liberal Terms. The Company also issues policies upon the Rents of all kinds of Buildings, Ground Rents and Mortgages.

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Jas. W. McAllister, Secretary.
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se13 Cor. Third Avenue and Wood St.

CITY INSURANCE CO.
OF THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH,
Office, No. 64 Fourth Ave.
CAPITAL.....$100,000.

FIRE AND MARINE RISKS.

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CASH INSURANCE COMPANY,
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ap2:g37

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO.
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OFFICE, NO. 67 FOURTH AVENUE.

Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

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Franklin Savings Bank,
No. 43 OHIO STREET, Allegheny,
CAPITAL.....$100,000.

Stockholders individually liable.
Interest paid on time deposits.

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GEO. R. RIDDLE, President.
JAS. H. RIDDLE, Cashier. no12:b

Federal Insurance Co.
OF ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

OFFICE: Cor. Federal and Lacock Streets.

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J. Kohen,
S. H. Hartman,
Samuel Dyer,
Wm. Roseburg,
Joseph Kirkpatrick,

ja11:y73 F. M. LOVE, General Agent.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMP'Y.

COR. FEDERAL ST. AND DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY.

Office, in the SECOND NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

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Robert Lea,
George Gerst,
Jno. Thompson
Jos. Myers,
C. C. Boyle,
Jacob Kopp,
J. McNaugher.

ap6

LEGAL.

GAZZAM & CO., Attorneys, 96 FIFTH AVENUE.

Letters of administration on the estate of FLORENCE O'SULLIVAN, late of the 14th ward, city of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, dec'd, have been granted to William H. Lowe, residing in said city, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will present the same, duly probated, without delay.

WILLIAM H. LOWE, Administrator.
PITTSBURGH, March 17, 1871. mh18:061

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

JOHN SPKIN, a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, Notice is hereby given, to all Creditors who have proved their debts and other persons interested to appear on the 22d day of MARCH, 1871, at 11 o'clock A. M., before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., at his office, No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny, to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt.

S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.
mh3: 45-F

RESERVE (formerly Ross) TOWNSHIP, March 16, 1870.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary, &c., on Estate of WILLIAM HASLETT, late of Reserve (formerly Ross) Township, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the Estate are requested to make payment, and persons having claims against said Estate will present the same, duly authenticated, to Robert Aiken, one of the Executors, at his residence in Reserve Township, adjoining the homestead of the deceased.

ROBERT AIKEN,
DAVID GREGG, } Executors.
HENRY STEWART }
mh17:c50-F

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the account of WM. R. NEGLEY, Trustee of the estate of JOHN R. NEGLEY (now deceased) was this day exhibited to the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, and filed in the office of the Prothonotary of said Court, at No. 146, June Term, 1871, which will be allowed by said Court on the first day of April next, unless cause be shown why the same should not be.

JOSEPH ROSS, Prothonotary.
MARCH 18th, 1871. mh20:c59-MF

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION on the estate of ISAIAH BRINK, late of the Borough of West Elizabeth, Allegheny county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present the same duly authenticated to

ELLEN REILAY, Administratrix.
Lobb's Run, two miles above West Elizabeth.
fe24:29-F

STONE.

WEST COMMON MACHINE STONE WORKS.

Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.

FREDERICK ATVATER & CO.,

Have on hand or prepare on short notice, Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.

Orders promptly executed on reasonable terms
de17:136

PAINTING, GRAINING, &c

JOHN T. GRAY,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
GRAINER AND GLAZIER
No. 54 NINTH STREET.
fe4:t7 (Late Hand street,) Pittsburgh, Pa.

OLD JAVA COFFEE.—

Just received a lot of choice old Java Coffee in mats for family use, also hand-picked Rio, Costa Rica, Old Mocha and White Laguayra. For sale by the bag or at retail at the Family Grocery Store of

JNO. A. RENSHAW & CO.,
mh14 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.